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(((+)))

SUMERIAN CUNEIFORM

ENGLISH DICTIONARY

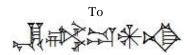
ED. PETER & TARA HOGAN

CO-ED. [YOUR NAME, UNIVERSITY]

12013CT



"Selfishness lasts a day Civilization endures forever" - Unknown Sumerian Scribe c.7000CT



Enheduanna 7715-7750CT The earliest known author and poet was female (and most likely black) "Something has been created that no one has created before."

eBook Description

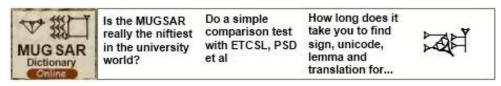
The niftiest 'Sumerian Cuneiform English Dictionary' in the university world:

The unique "MUGSAR 4-Way"

1. unicode 2. sign 3. lemma 4. translation

All on one screen. At elite university sites it's all over the place. None give unicodes and their translations are superficial / computer generated.

The real nifty part, the "MUGSAR QuickFinder Index"



Specially designed for small 'tablet' screens that may not be able to display cuneiform fonts.

The first great civilization (fl c. 6600CT - 8000CT) were the Sumerians - "ki.en.gi", who were black ('saĝ gig.ga') to boot! For the enlightened Sumer is aptly termed the 'cradle of civilization'.

Much has been plagiarized from them without due attribution, not just the wheel, writing, law, but even true etymologies - the real origins of so many English words like 'abzu' = abyss, not to mention 'shekel', the Hebrew term for money -- some would have us believe that everything starts with the Greeks and Romans, world champion plagiarizers themselves. Our libraries may as well forget the non-fiction / history section - just put it all under fiction. How some can relegate this great civilization to what's conjured by terms like "ancient" and "BC". It's not going backwards, they come first at about 6600CT.



The Greeks were closer to Sumer than Sydney to Perth or New York to Los Angeles ... and they (and others) didn't pick up anything over 3000 years?!



Inspiration for all this came out of not being able to find a Sumerian cuneiform sign list with unicode, lemma and translation. There are some amazing dedicated websites and books produced by some amazing academes {missing fragment} ...from the experience of living in Japan and studying *kan-ji*, it became obvious that you have to have the logogram, reading and translation all together. Just reading and translation is useless. And now of course linking everything is the unicode – see our unique 'MUGSAR 4-Way', an example:

Inana and the Seven Cosmic Powers of her Loincloth				
u₄-/ba nin-ĝu ₁₀ an\ mu-un-niĝin₂-na-ta				
Once, my dear lady heaven roamed around,				
cpd	cpd	1222C	1202D	cpd closeup
4	₽₫	Þ∰ ₹	₩	金益重已多史
ud-ba	nin	- ĝu ₁₀	an\	/mu-un-niĝin ₂ -na-ta\
Once	lady,	'dear	heaven	roamed around
12313	mistress	one'		1222C MU name + 12326 UN
UD	122A9	Determ.		(KALAM = Sumer) + 121B8
day +	MUG +	/ honor.		niĝin ₂ encircle + 1223E NA
12040	12306			incense + 122EB TA much
BA	TUG_2			
open	garment			
halve				

Some well funded universities like Oxford's Faculty of Oriental Studies, ETCSL et al have everything separated, don't give unicodes at all, and for the sign they link off to PSD (University of Pennsylvania) where it is often not clear which is the relevant one. And their translations are superficial, probably computer generated. When you work with the actual cuneiform signs, rather than just impotent readings using our boring English phonetic script, you start to see that the scribes were not just telling a story, but literally painting the scene.

When we start going deeper than such misleading translations it becomes very revealing. It's not just that to the chagrin of some, that the Sumerians keep referring to themselves as black, there's a sign in particular that clearly tells us that the very first professors, scholars, experts, master craftsman, the ones who could write and teach, were black...



 $1222A = MI / gig_2 = black$

...and 'um-mi-a' is not just of a more recent period of only 4000 years ago (Ur III) it goes way back to over 5000 years ago (ED IIIb) [a good 2000 years before the Greeks et al]:

expert, master	craftsman N	, Old Akkadian, U ot just the Sume nemselves black, rofessors are BL	rians calling the first
7000CT/5000ya	7500CT/4500ya	8000CT/4000ya	
14	110	18	PSD

diĝir [DEITY] (1837x: ED IIIb, Old Akkadian, Lagash II, Ur III "deity, god, goddess" **The gods are black too!**

••

	anj, Boa, Boaacoo	The gous are black too:
[1]	*	diĝir (dingir)
[2]	HANN FAR	dim3-me-er (ES)
[3]	HANN A	dim ₃ -me ₈ -er (ES)
[4]		• dim ₃ -mi-ir (ES)
[5]		di-me ₂ -er (ES) PSD

••

Gilgamesh, the hero of oldest written epic is also black

(Sumerian: Bilgamesh [cf. Billjim!]; Akkad.: Gilgamesh) [1224B BIL₂ burnt + 120B5 GA young (bull) + 12229

And not only were the first scholars black, the earliest known author and poet was female (and most likely black), Enheduanna.

It's even more bewildering when you see someone like Jeremy Black (1951-2004) founder of ETCSL, publish *Literature of Ancient Sumer* but leaves out the actual cuneiform. Starting with the Introduction (see Google Books) he adeptly covers the nuances using the awesome 9x6cm tablet containing 16 lines of *Nertal's Axe* story, encouraging the reader to begin to feel how enchanting Sumerian cuneiform is. Yet he sticks solely to what he calls "our Latin alphabet" (didn't it come west via the Phoenicians [Lebanon], as in the phonetic alphabet!) in giving Sumerian readings and transliteration. Straight off he could have shown he was going to be totally faithful. Why not show us the beautiful picture of the magical axe, which when we go hunting for it on his own ETCSL baby (c573.4) we

find find (hazin, see 12154). What a shame. Jeremy must have known the signs intimately, and could have told us so much about his personal findings on their evolution and little things to look for in the pictures. Likewise with *The Oxford Handbook of Cuneiform Culture* – with a title that highlights the word cuneiform, yet way less than 1% actually shows signs. Really there should have been at least a chapter about the 300 most common Sumerian cuneiform. Nope, just some 800 pages of English phonetic script. And incredibly expensive. Yet you can find much of it around the Net (see Google Books for starters) and some fair dinkum cuneophiles share their contributions for free, like Frans van Koppen's Chapter 7 *The Scribe of the Flood Story and His Circle* at academia.com (a backup of the MUGSAR is there too).

The scribes who invented writing 5000 years ago clearly had no inhibitions about the basis for the design of their cuneiform, nor should we bowdlerize [etym.: Thomas Bowdler expurgated William Shakespeare (aka Edward de Vere) '1822] for hypocritical luddites / puritans who are still happy to plagiarize the technology revolution started by the Sumerians, and it may well have been the inspiration for the whole style ~ cunei.form = cuneus writing.



Scratching and dragging a pointed stylus would not have been near as effective and enduring for us to be able to read now. And it can be no coincidence that the Sumerian apotheosis of 'woman' through the cuneus -shaped \mathbf{v} sign has come down to us as the first letter of vagina, a fundamental example of our *True Etymology* campaign.

To top it off, at long last, for the many frustrated cuneophiles out there, comes the nifty MUGSAR QuickFinder Index. Can you find an elite university that nifty?

Oh, and if any nuts were looking for evidence that these first great civilizations got some help from aliens ...well, your first glance at the arrangement of many signs sure reminds one of spaceships,

docking modules, rocket thruster exhausts – take a look at 12217 LUGAL King he's in a spaceship man! As you would expect for the King of the Sumerians / "Kings of the Earthlings".

Seriously though, enduring Sumerian picture script on tablets offers us a lot more than say Greek phonetic writing on papyrus (much of it disintegrated almost immediately). One might first say that for starters the Greeks were much more intellectual. But how much of the basics were plagiarized from the Sumerians.

With the tablets we have a conduit, like electrons through a main circuit travelling at the speed of light straight back 5000 years ago. Analogous to astronomers and their powerful telescopes peering back into the evolution of galaxies (now there's an aptly interesting *True Etymology* – see 120F2 GAL big) and the universe. The pictures the scribes have transmitted on those tablets impress a profound insight into exactly how the people of the first civilization were thinking. Even with only a basic familiarity with the meanings of the logograms, it can be like watching timeshifted live video. Much more fascinating than the most expensive Steven Speilberg blockbuster but then what's a movie without a scriptwriter, and we're talking about the very first writers ever, who put down the motifs of Gilgamesh and Inana.

Stop a moment and think about it. Put the huge amount of time in perspective. In that time many cultures did not develop writing at all, some had it and lost it. When plagio-religio somehow began to dominate the Romans the West was plunged into the Dark Ages, ironically only a bunch of monks were allowed to rehash one group of stories with a flood story, etc., plagiarized from guess where. Writing has really only started to make a comeback in the last few hundred years after the Renaissance / Enlightenment (even Guillem Shaksper's Stratford daughter couldn't write). That's less than 10% of the timeline back to the Sumerians.

So at the next party you can say "I like movies" or "I'm studying a second language, French..." or

you can say, "I'm a collaborator on the MUGSAR ... a nifty little Tablet (they had it a bit before Steve Jobs!) we are developing so anyone can watch the Sumerians walking around 5000 years ago..."



WANTED: Home School / University

To be the official school / university home for MUGSAR, the niftiest Cuneiform Dictionary in the world, and show up the shortcomings of University of Oxford et al. Every elite educational institution needs to be able to show prospective students, and their parents, that they have something special to offer, not just in general social sciences, but the oldest written language. A semester introductory course to Sumerian cuneiform revolving around our MUGSAR would kick things off.

For proof of 'niftiest', compare the others, see which one gives the quickest introductory grasp and familiarity with the actual Sumerian cuneiform.

Oxford has theirs under 'Faculty of Oriental Studies'. A bit degrading since the West plagiarized so much from the Sumerians. We would designate ours, 'Faculty of True Origins' which would not only update the MUGSAR with more 4-Way translations but would also be the official publisher of the world's first True Etymology Dictionary tracing word roots back 2000+ years beyond Greek and Latin to Sumerian. All very prestigious indeed.

It would be nice if MUGSAR's home could be our local University of NSW, with affiliation to a high school where Tara might be going ('2015-Year 7) like Sydney Girls or Randwick Girls. But it if they don't see the potential international prestige, who knows maybe Melbourne, or even in in another country.

Foundation / Benefactors – assigned a cuneiform sign in our Main Listings forever

At some point it would probably be a good idea to set up a Foundation. Such a not-for-profit entity with a university appointed board of trustees would ensure development in perpetuity. Funding is also important. Apparently PSD ran out of funding in '2006, then development seemed to come to a halt. In particular it lacks unicodes put in place by 'ICE' not long after. Many altruistic endeavours seek straight out donations from benefactors, who get no significant recognition in return. What we could do is assign a Sumerian cuneiform sign in our Main Listings to a benefactor – a label would appear in the entry indicating, "The Xxxxx Family MUGSAR Benefactors 12014CT". Thus that family would effectively achieve a degree of immortality, as long as there is Civilization Time. Something like what apparently happens in some areas of astronomy where a newly discovered star is named after a benefactor. Obviously signs would have different values, depending on how old they are, number of attestations, etc. High value ones would be particularly prestigious, for example,

12000 A vowel; water... { The Xxxxxx Family 12014CT } [The icon used is nigul, an everlasting possession;120FB nig2 possession + 1230C ul distant time]

Signs could be offered to benefactors in blocks, depending on funding required. Compound entries could also be assigned, as well as special sections of MUGSAR, particularly Major Lemma and QuickFinder. These could be made available at a fixed value or auctioned off at a special fundraising / promotional MUGSAR Convention, perhaps held annually.

Heck, even dispossessed families like ours could be assigned some immortality pixels somewhere, including obscure variants that may still become more valuable for compound-making; and even turning graphics like the cover into a 10x10 pixel mosaic with each plot also offered for family immortality.

Oldest Education Proverb (c. 7000CT / 5000 ya)				
dub-sar eme-gi nu-mu-un-zu-a a-na-am ₃ nam-dub-sar				
What	kind of a st	udent is a student wh	o does not k	now Sumerian?
cpd	cpd	cpd closeup	cpd	cpd
道禁口	A TAN	₹ ● ● ● = = = = = = = = = = = = =	ĭ₩\$ÞT¥¥	金 [型] [1] [1] [2]
dub-sar	eme-gi	nu-mu-un-zu-a	a-na-am ₃	nam-dub-sar-ra-ni
scribe	Sumerian	not know	what	scribe's craft
1207E	language	(in all of Sumer)	12000 A	12246 NAM
DUB	12174	12261 NU not	bemoan	determined order;
tablet +	EME	+ 1222C MU name	+ 1223E	destiny
122AC	language	+ 12326 UN	NA aux.	+ cpd DUBSAR
SAR	+ 12100	(KALAM / Sumer)	+ 1202D	scribe +
write	GI reed /	+ 1236A ZU know	AN invoke	1228F RA (rah ₂)
	write	+ 12000 A bemoan	the gods	[verb aux.] +
				1224C NI come
				to pass

Of course, the shame is not on the student, we all know where the social responsibility lies when we are talking about the oldest written language – the first schools, the founders of education. So we can just as easily substitute, "What kind of teacher / professor / dean / principal / chancellor / school / university / education department director / culture..."

See full details of the what's being bundled into the deal here



How to use

The Main Listings follow same order as the standard cuneiform unicode (alpha-numeric) column after column (why didn't the powers that be just keep the codes sequentially all numeric?!). If you only have the sign try Major Lemma, then the QuickFinder Index.

First lemma (reading / syllable) after grapheme is usually the 'sign name', sometimes the Sumerian name as well, as are any other readings / aliases after that.

Gradually adding compounds.

Cuneiform fonts have been replaced with jpg graphics because some tablets do not display them. Clearer shots of logograms will come eventually, for now use ScriptSource (click on first result for even bigger size) or Google Images (e.g. "unicode 120F6").

And the MUGSAR is proudly, and primarily, a Sumerian dictionary of the first writers, not Akkadian, Babylonian nor Hittite ones. So we pretty much are only interested in lemma that go back to at least Ur III (8000CT / 4000ya). Nor lemma that have 0x attestations. Again there are some great lexicons around but they include a big chunk of this latter stuff, when plagiarizing the Sumerians was in full swing. And don't even show attestations, nor you know what... it's bad enough that there are no signs, but to think that much is not even Sterling-Sumerian, or rarely used, well.

You may notice with sign evolution, that it goes from the proto drawings to the cool Sumerian cuneiform, and then about 1000 years after them the fanastic pictures are lost through over simplification and the move to bland phonetic script. Who wants to look at that kind of dictionary.

Some may say the first writers are lacking more intellectual concepts. But maybe those can still come. There's two ways for them to still make it into MUGSAR one day: 1) such cuneiform may eventually be unearthed 2) as we take in so many awesome signs gathered together on one $*QF^*$ screen (not java programmed all over the place – will PSD be as easy as the MUGSAR to pass on to future generations via the Internet Archive?!) the more familiar we get with the way Sumerian (not Akkadian, Greek, Roman et al) scribes were thinking 4-5000 years ago, then you know what we could be capable of? If we can start thinking like a scribe, why shouldn't we be able to pick up the stylus, and carry on their work, by fusing any missing intellectual cuneiform, including rendering of new technology terms.

And so, that's why we are proudly snobs of MUGSAR!

Copy Peter & Tara Hogan 12013CT

It's all part of the unearthing process, Civilization Time, belongs to all of us, especially when the subject matter is the displaced first one - can you just see that black Kiengi designing that first tablet some 5400 years ago.

Our WIP Word file 'Sumerian Cuneiform English Dictionary 12013CT [mm-dd].docx' is now being uploaded regularly – copy and modify as much as you like. If you make substantial additions / improvements add your name (and university) as a co-editor on the cover and title page, making a note of such in the end matter, with a link to your website. Then you too as a collaborator could become immortal like the original scribes.

Suggestions, contributions, corrections welcome at the homepage / blog.

Oh, and don't forget the all important step 1... Write your name in cuneiform! This is ours:



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MUGSAR file format convert tips

Kindle (Paperwhite) is our favoured eReader (trying to get away from couch potato game-tempting, bright screened, hotter, heavier, battery-sucking tablets was part of the inspiration for MUGSAR). Just send (to your *username*@kindle.com) our Word .docx file (you can find the latest upload here) 'as is' [Do NOT add "convert" to the subject line, it stuffs it up] straight to your Kindle – it comes up just perfect. Kindle now uses .kf8 (aka .azw3) cf. the old .azw / .mobi

PDF - Though still very common for now, has many limitations, esp as a source format for conversion – Calibre FAQs say it's a crap format: "In order of decreasing preference: LIT, MOBI, AZW, EPUB, AZW3 (aka KF8), FB2, DOCX, HTML, PRC, ODT, RTF, PDB, TXT, PDF".

ePUB - The most common eReader format is ePUB, and even better, it's 'open source'. MUGSAR ePUB version is now available from the Internet Archive.

Free Convert Software - The most popular seems to be Calibre. Though some say that you can't use .docx as a source format, it now does | calibre-ebook.com/download | manual.calibre-ebook.com/conversion | browsingrhino.com...calibres-great-conversion-docx | *Main steps:* 1. Add books [select .docx file] 2. Convert books [Some important selections] Output format: EPUB [or pref.] Page Setup: Default Output Profile [or pref.] 3. On job completion (how long does Calibre take to convert? time varies 10-30 mins+ [may appear to be stuck on all that micro\$oft crap at 47 or 67%]) Right click - save to disk single file - then select EPUB only. Then that ePUB is your best source for other formats. But first load it in, right click and use the Editor to fix up any bugs. As for converting to mobi, found Calibre far superior to Kindlegen (or Kindle for PC) – Kindlegen doubled the file size to over 16mb, bloated the graphics, some now not fitting the screen; and lost the TOC and cover. Calibre came up great, and actually reduced the file size.

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Online Convert: 2epub.com/

HTML and all the MUGSAR sign jpg graphics ZIP – now at the Internet Archive here

Note: The un-zipped htm file may still be compressed to around 260 Kb just moving it to another folder will un-compress (to about 1700Kb; jpg items 6.9Mb unzipped)

Internet Archive Downloads



The MUGSAR is backed up for all time at the awesome Internet Archive – you may well find download is faster and easier, especially for ePUB

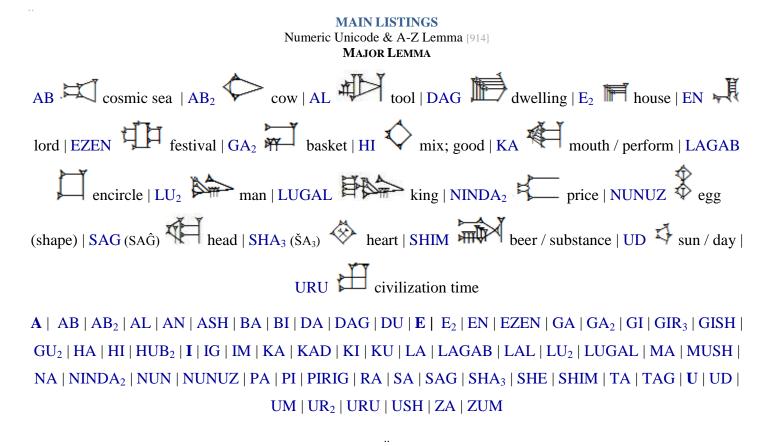
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ETCSL	
List of determinatives	
CDP – closeups of actual signs on tablets	
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LAK (proto list)	
TRUE ETYMOLOGY	
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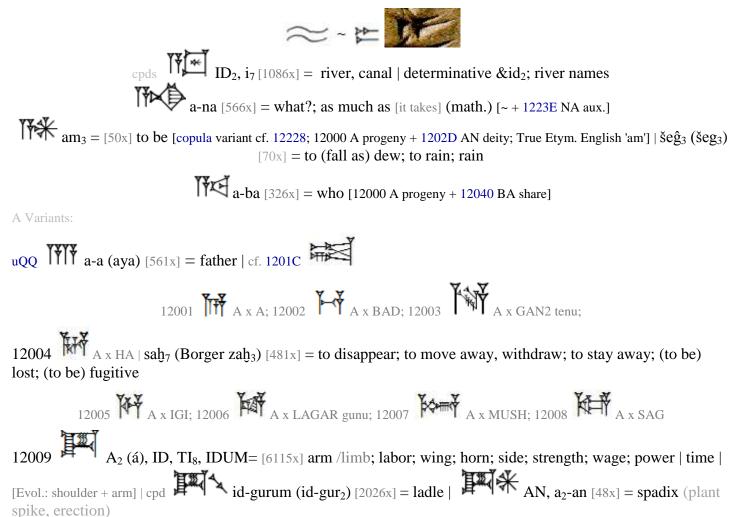


 $\textbf{A} \mid \textbf{BA} \mid \textbf{DA} \mid \textbf{E} \mid \textbf{GA} \mid \textbf{HA} \mid \textbf{I} \mid \textbf{KA} \mid \textbf{LA} \mid \textbf{MA} \mid \textbf{NA} \mid \textbf{PA} \mid \textbf{RA} \mid \textbf{SA} \mid \textbf{TA} \mid \textbf{U} \mid \textbf{ZA}$

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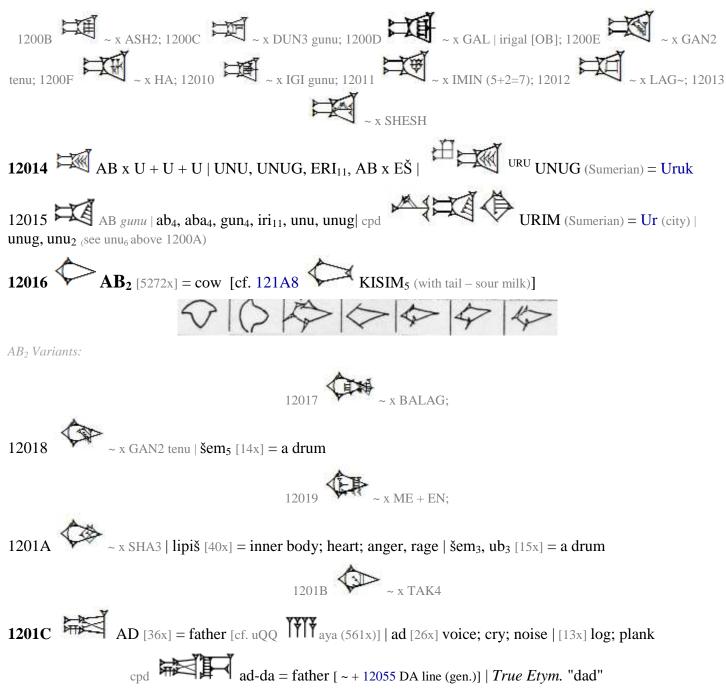
12000 If **A** [vowel; 2329x] = water (plural only) | (mû) (most often complimented with MEŠ) | semen, progeny, heir; [110x] a cry of woe, bemoan, (sigh of) wonder, groan (aya) | dur₅, duru₅ [227x] = (to be) soft; (to be) wet, moist, damp; irrigated; fresh | { Figure 1 (Complete Complete Complete



1200A $(m_5 | = \text{cosmic sea}, \text{window} | \text{ ab (abba) } [107x] = \text{old (person); elder; ancestor; father; witness}$ $| \text{cpd} ABZU = \text{abyss } [~ + 1236A ZU \text{ know}] - \text{Sumerian mythology: the world / earth was a disc and under was the abzu -$ *True Etym*.

$$_{cpd}$$
 UNU, unu₆ [1511x] = banquet; dining hall; the most sacred part of a temple; seat, throne; dwelling, domicile, abode; temple

AB Variants:



1201D \longrightarrow **AK** (ag) [3643x] = to **do**; to make; to act, perform; to proceed, proceeding (math.) cpd im-ak-a-bi = revenge [1214E IM anger + 1201D AK to do + 12000 A bemoan + 12049 BI open] MU-AK = do (cooking) [1222C MU name, cook + 1201D AK do]1201E AK x ERIN2 | me₃ [243x] = battle, combat 1201F AK x SHITA + GISH **12020 AL** [744x] = hoe / hoeing, pickax [tool; CVNE = compound verb nominal element] AL Variants: 12021 12021 12022 12023 12023 12023 12023 12024 12024 12025 KAD3; 12026 - x KI; 12027 - x SHE; 12028 - x USH 12029 ALAN, ALAM [399x] = statue, icon, form | (GUD/GUD).NA₂| cf. 1223F Nu₂ lay, bed 1202A \Leftrightarrow ALEPH [reconstructed (first) sign => "A" ??; cf. HI \diamondsuit sweet/good; ox (head)] Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | top 1202B AMAR [2771x] = young, youngster, son, descendant; calf / young bull, chick | zur | cpd amar-utu = MARDUK (bull calf of the sun god utu – northern hemisphere 12 day winter solstice celebration of his birthday, later plagarized by various cultures) [$\sim + 12313$ utu sun] 1202C AMAR x SHE (ŠE) = sacrifice, ritual 1202D ** AN, DIĜIR (dingir) [1837x] = sky, god, goddess, deity, cosmic; heaven; upper; crown (of a tree)

determinative divine names &d; | plant spadix (spike) erection - see 12009

1202F AN x 3 | AN/AN.AN, mul [129x] = star; to shine, radiate (light); arrow; to radiate (branches) [Tara! (also in *sanskrit*)] | determinative ^{&mul;} stars / planets

cpd
$$*$$
 mul-an [33x] = cosmic star [1202F MUL star + 1202D AN cosmic]
12030 $*$ AN + NAGA OPP. AN + NAGA; 12031 AN + NAGA sq

12032 ANSHE / anše = [2957x] donkey, equid (hoofed mammals) | DUR₃, DUSU₂ | ANŠE+NUN+NA = mule | ANŠE+KUR+RA = horse | determinative donkey/horse names & ance; 12033 APIN, ^{GIŠ}apin (uru₄) [741x] = (seed) plow | uru₄ [359x] = sow, cultivate | ^{LÚ}engar = farmer | àbsin = furrow (long shallow trench) 12034 ARAD, ÌR (ir₃), níta, nitah = [269x] slave, servant 12035 ARAD₂ (ir₁₁) x KUR = [3028x] slave, servant [from the hinterland / mountain tribes] [PLM] ARAD₂ (ir₁₁) x KUR = [3028x] slave, servant [from the hinterland / mountain tribes] [PLM] ARKAB | arkab₂ = [0x!] bird or bat | argab (GAR-IB)

12037 ASAL₂ | asal_x = [0x!] poplar tree [PSD aliases: asar₂ ašar₂ (A.TU.GABA.LIŠ)]

12038 \longrightarrow ASH / AŠ [191x] = 1 ("1" one numeric) | dili [227x] = (to be) single, unique, sole; (to be) alone

12039 🔨 ASH ZIDA tenu; 1203A 🕞 ASH KABA tenu



1203C ASHx3, ESH / $\mathbf{E}\mathbf{\check{S}} = \mathbf{3}$ ("3" three numeric)

1203D ASH/~/~ +-ing ~/~/~ | KASH / kaš₂ (kas) = beer, alcohol [1344x] cf 12049

1203E ASH₂ (út), $a\check{s}_2 = curse$ [51x]

 $1205E - ASTI_2 (ut), as_2 - curse [51x]$

1203F ASHGAB / AŠGAB [631x] = leather-worker

12040 BA = [839x] split; to divide into shares, share, halve, to allot; porridge; [26x] animal, marine creature; [11x] open, thresh | [19x] tool (cpd reed stylus)

PLM] **A Central line demarcating the gluteal cleft of the buttocks [True Etym. bum, butt-ocks], with the line extending below as a tail, to make its position on the anatomy clear cf. Inana L116 [Jaritz #5]**

 $_{cpd}$ su₈-ba (ES) [25x] = shepherd

ba-ni-in-su-ub-ba = kissing [12040 BA thresh about + 1224C NI quiver+ 12154 IN = abuse, rape + 122E2 SU submerge, flesh + 12312 UB praise, ruin]

12041 \bowtie BAD, BE | [109x] (to be) remote; to open, undo | SUMUN, SUN = LÚ+BAD = lord | MUNUS+BAD = lady | ÚŠ = death, destruction | reed stylus ?? cf. 12357 \rightarrowtail uš₂ = die, kill; blood | cf. 12300 \bowtie TIL

12042 BAG₃ ?? = qqq [numeric ??; ba-ga ?? | pag, bag, bak, pak, HU, 12137]

12043 BAHAR₂ [315x] = potter

12044 BAL, GIŠ, ^{geš}balak (^{geš}balak, ^{geš}bala, ^{geš}bala) [31x] = spindle cf. 121B0 NUMUN seed

cpd balbale (bal-bal-e) [34x] = literary subscript [~x2 + 1208A e speak]

12046 BALAG [154x], $DUB_2 = harp$, large drum (instrument)

12047 \square BAR [2579x] = outside, (other) side; behind; outer form, outer; fleece; outsider, strange; back, shoulder; liver; because of; to set aside; to cut open, slit, split | HALF; LÚ+MÁŠDA = poor man |

MAŠD+TAB+BA = TWIN cf 12226 ►

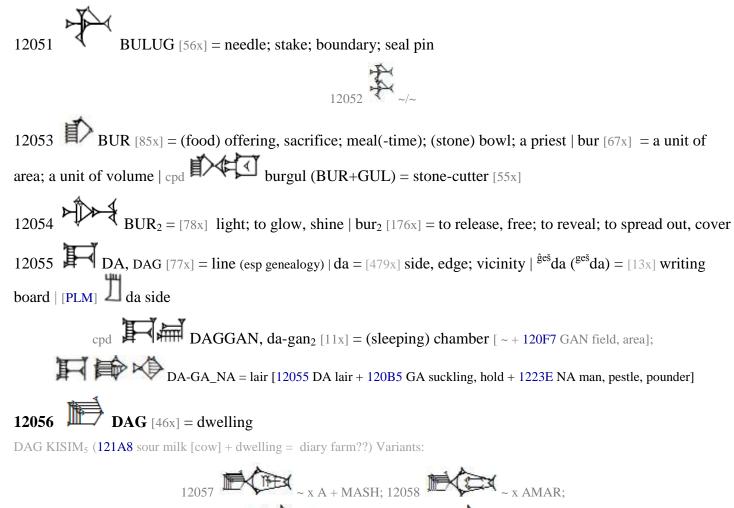
12048 BARA₂, barag = [423x] ruler, king; dais, seat; [52x] sack; a part of an animal's body; [7x] mix

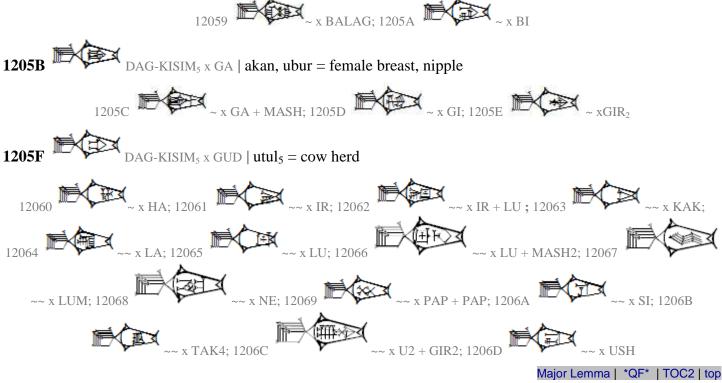
12049 BI / PI, KASH / kaš [13889x] = beer; alcoholic drink | determinative $^{\&kac}$; alcohol | (* *True Etym. bi* => *beer*); open [also 1203D]

1204B $\sim x \text{ GAR} | \text{bappir}_3 [385x] = \text{an ingredient in beer-making}$

1204D H **BU**, GID₂ = [2252x] long, length | bur₁₂ (bu) = to tear [189x; verb]

1204E







cpd e_3 (UD-DU) [1850x] = to leave, to go out; to thread, hang on a string; to remove, take away; to bring out; to enter; to bring in; to raise, rear (a child); to sow; to rave; to winnow; to measure (grain) roughly (with a stick); to rent [12313 UD sun + ~]



 e_2 -dub-ba-a = scribe school [1208D e₂ school, house + 1207E DUB tablet + 12040 BA allot, share + 12000 water, progeny]



12080 DUB_2 [186x] = to tremble, make tremble; to push away, down; to smash, abolish

12081 DUG [3196x] dug_x(BI), BI x A = (clay) pot; a unit of liquid capacity | determinative vessels & dug;

12082 4 DUGUD [124x] = heavy, important

12083 DUH [556x] / DUH, DU, du₈ [2369x] = bake, to release, loose, loosen, undo, strip off; to spread out mud to make bricks; to caulk (filler, seal) TUH, DU₈, GAB | GABA = breast | cf. 120EE same sign GABA = copy; equal

cpd $H = 120 \text{EE} (/12083) \text{ du}_8 (\text{GABA}) \text{ x2 strip off; spread; breast; equal [NB double emphasis on strip / ravage]]}$

4 _

12085 \square DUN3, GIN₂, TUN₃ = cover | cpd saĝ-DUN₃ [447x] = land recorder; du₅-mu = apprentice (ES) [after 12309 dumu]

12086 DUN3 gunu | $gi\hat{g}_4$ (gin_2) [18136x] = unit of weight, shekel (see 122BA 'SHE'); a unit of area; a unit of volume | gel / kel, aga₃

cpd $aga_3-kar_2 [5x] = conqueror [~ + uQQ kar_2 insult, blow up, light]$

12087 DUN₃ gunu gunu

12088 \square DUN₄, DUL₄, ŠUDUN₃, ŠUDUL₃, UR *gunû šešig*, MIR*šešig* = yoke | mir (mer) [347x] = north wind; north; storm



1208A $\stackrel{\text{def}}{\mapsto}$ **E** [vowel; 399x] = to speak | perfect plural and imperfect stem of 'dug'; princely | interjection marker; fear, aura

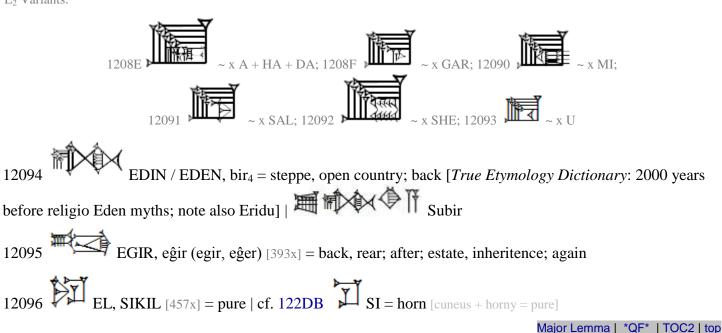


1208C E/E NUN/NUN

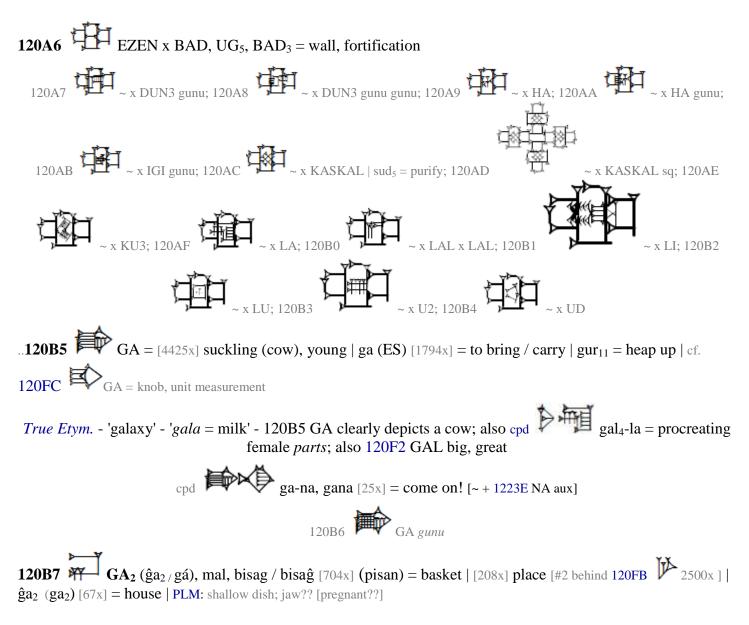
1208D \mathbf{E}_2 [13124x] = house, household; temple; station (of the moon)?; room; house-lot; estate | determinative &e₂; buildings / rooms names

cpd \dot{E} .GAL = palace [~+ 120F2 GAL big] e-a-ni = temple [~+ aux a-ni: "12000 A wonder + 1224C NI timelessness"]

E₂ Variants:

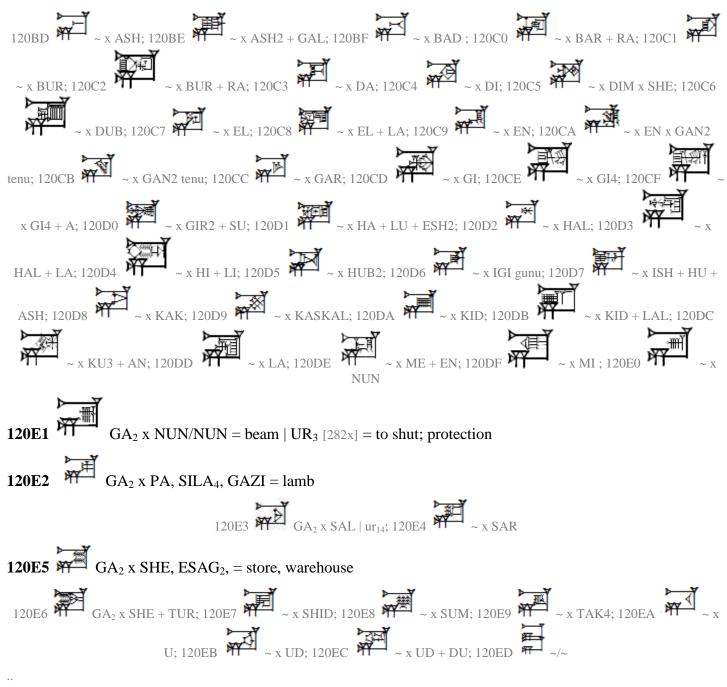


12097 EN [1480x] = lord / master / rulers of (abbrev. for) Sumer [7739x] = priest
major cpd H
Junior Juniori
E ₂ Variants:
12098 EN x GAN ₂ BURU ₁₄ , BAR ₈ , SULLIM buru ₁₄ , = [206x] harvest, summer
12099 EN x GAN2 tenu; 1209A EN x ME; 1209B EN +- <i>ing</i> EN;
1209C EN opp EN; 1209D EN sq
1209E EREN $[213x] = cedar$
1209F ERIN ₂ , erin ₂ (erem, eren ₂ , erim) [2722x] = people, troops ZALAG ₂ ; PIRIG GIŠ+ÉRIN = scales
120A0 ESH ₂ (EŠ ~ bà), gir ₁₅ [7x! little as used] = native, local cf. 1222A \hat{gi}_{6} [7223x] = black ~ giving ki.en.giSeems like some elites (incl those that control <i>Wakipedia</i> !) don't want to emphasize ki.en.gi = black Sumerians (are smarter because 'the reed stylus is mightier than the sword', see 12100 gi) they use instead non-Sumerian, little used (see notes), Babylonian 120A0 gir subscript number 15 no less, which is
really 'flour' 12365 μ zi ₃ [7223x!] which such types, incl. University of Pennsylvania's PSD relegates /
obscures in italics as
[12401] $\blacktriangleright \bullet \bullet$ eš ₆ = "3" [numeric list]
120A1 EZEN (EZEM) $[1136x]$ = festival; walled area?? IZIN, KEŠDA šir ₃ , sir ₃ $[150x]$ = sing, song, epic
EZEN Variants:

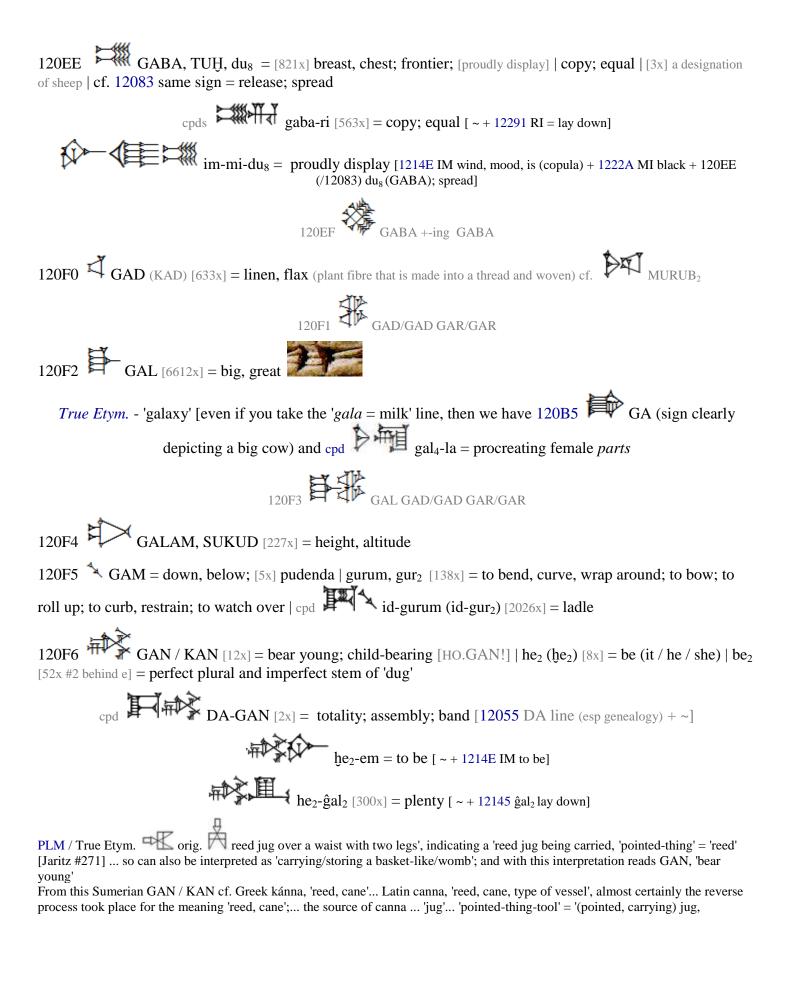


GA₂ Variants:





Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | top



amphora', seen in Greek kántharos, 'drinking cup' ... 'jug', seen clearly in Frankish cannada, 'jug' ... reeds were hollow, and could be used for jugs by merely cutting off a section sealed naturally at the bottom...

cpd u_{4} -he₂ [1x but 7000CT/3000plagio] = firmament, vault of the sky [12109 u_{4} early; terror + 120F6 he₂ open] 120F7 \overrightarrow{M} GAN2 / GAN₂, IKU = field, unit of area | determinative & kiku; surface measurement 120F8 u_{-} tenu | kar₂ [55x] = to insult, slander | u_{-} GAN2tenu- GAN2tenu, kar₂. kar₂ [52x] = to blow; to 120F9 u_{-} /--: 120FA u_{-} -+-ing ~ ... 120F8 u_{-} GAR, NINDA [11296x] = bread, pastry, baked, food – determinative & minda; bread / baked items | cf. 1ess common 12252 u_{-} NINDA₂ | $\hat{g}ar$ (gar) [2505x] = place, to put, lay down; to give in place of something, replace; to posit (math.) | nig₂, (nig₂) 1(641x] = thing, possesion; something | nindan (ninda) [149x] = pole; unit of length; 12 ?? | ŠA₂, | LIMMU = 4 | cf. 122E9 120FC u_{-} GAR₃ [31x] = knob; a unit of measurement cf 120B5 u_{-} young suckling 120FD u_{-} GESHTIN / $\hat{g}estin$ (gestin) [796x] = vine; wine | GIS+DIN; gis.gestin 120FF u_{-} x KUR

[various] GE | 1230B \checkmark ge₁₄; 12038 \rightarrowtail ge₁₅, saĝtak (santak); 12079 \checkmark ge₃, saĝtak₄ (santak₄); 1203A \checkmark ge₂₂, santak₂; 12039 \checkmark ge₂₃, santak₃ = stylus cuneus; (piece of) writing, copy, exemplar, written; blow; wound | 122B9 \bigcirc | *True Etym.:* tack, small nail [saĝ ~ = 12295 headed (tack)]

12100 GI (*ge*) = [4900x] reed (stylus), [place of reeds / reed stylus => writing => knowledge => power (KI-EN-GI / Sumer – Tigris Euphrates delta ...see note)], cane [see True Etym. note], tube | gin_6 (gi, gen_6) [924x] = (to be) permanent; to confirm, establish (in legal contexts), verify; (to be) true; a quality designation; medium quality | ke_2 | determinative reed names

Many historians and anthropologists provide strong circumstantial evidence to posit that Iraq's Ma'dān (Marshland) people share very strong links to the ancient Sumerians - the most ancient inhabitants of southern Iraq... [Wik]

Studies show that Marshland people have a high concentration of Haplogroup J1 [mainly North Africa] for males.

See Genetic footprints of Sumerians in Iraq Marshlands (pdf).

Also see lively discussion here.

IAE, the reed stylus did come from the Marshlands:



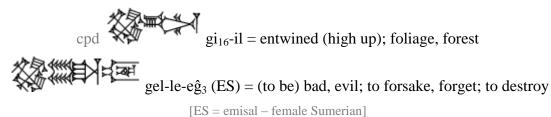
Major cpds

 $KI-EN-GI = Sumer [121A0 KI cosmic + 12097 EN lord + 12100 GI \{not gir_{15}! see notes\}]$ [ETCSL ex: Poem Išme-Dagan (c.2.5.4.01), line c25401.A.364]

eme-gi [23x cf ~gir₁₅ 9x] = Sumerian language [12174 EME language + 12100 GI reed / write]

gi-dub-ba = reed tablet stylus [12100 GI reed stem + 1207E DUB tablet + 12040 BA divide tool]

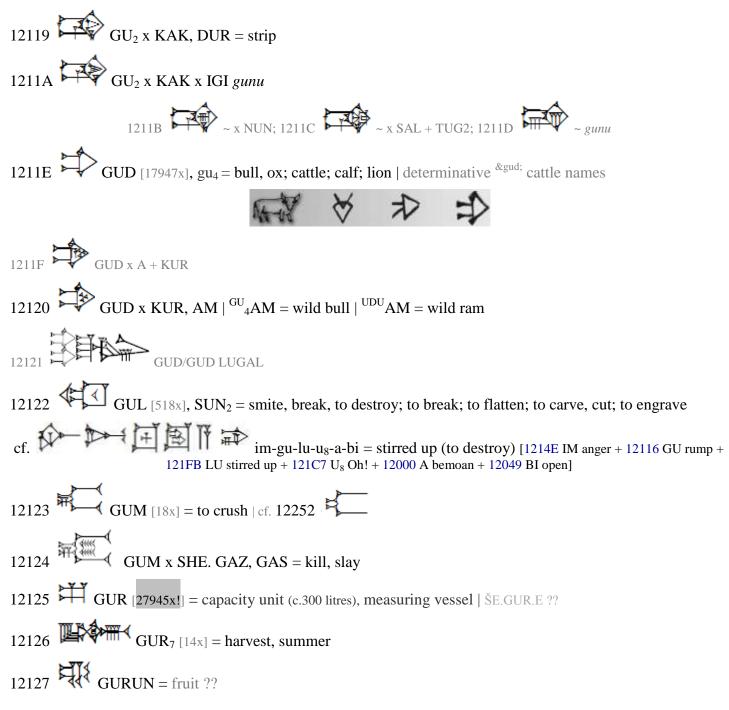
12103 $\sim +ing$ GI | GILIM, gi₁₆ = to lie across; to be entwined [together]; to entwine, twist; rope of twined reeds; to block; (to be) difficult to understand | gel / kel



12104 \mathbf{GI}_{4} [1485x] = to turn, return; to go around; to change status; to return (with claims in a legal case); to go back (on an agreement) im-ma-ši-in-gi₄ = return leering eye [1214E IM mud, storm + 12220 MA approach + 12146 IGI watch + 12154 IN abuse + 12104 gi₄ return] $i_4 = conversation (replies); jewellry; diviner (hidden knowledge)$ dear, name, son + 1223E NA pestle + 1224C NI comes to pass + 12141 IB oval + ~ x2; ETCSL c133.231] im-dab₆-gi₄-gi₄ = turning round and round [1214E IM mood, (copula) 1234F dab₆ go around, + 12104 gi₄ x2 turn, go around, return, change status; gi₄ x 2 therefore: 'turn round and round' ??] 12105 ~/~· 12106 ~ ~ +-ing ~ 12107 GIDIM [45x] = ghost 12108 GIR₂, GIŠ, GÍR [198x] = knife, dagger, razor, sword | UL₄.GAL = sword 12109 ~ gunu | ul₄ [39x] = to hasten, (be) quick; (to be) early | ul₄ [12x] = terror | \dot{at} =GÍR gunû [syll.] PLM \Leftrightarrow depicts a 'cocoon' => 'surround' [Jaritz #11] **GIR**₃, | $\hat{g}iri3$ (giri3) [10822x] = **foot**; path; via, by means of, under the authority of someone | huš (hush) [435x] = furious, angry; (to be) reddish, ruddy 1210B A + IGI; 1210C A + X GAN2 tenu; 1210D A - X IGI; 1210E - x LU + IGI; 1210F - x PA \exists GISAL | ^{ĝeš}ĝisal (^{geš}ĝisal) [19x] = rudder, oar; a roof part 12111 GISH, GIŠ, GEŠ = tree, wood | GIŠ.MI / GISSU = shade [^{giš} = determinative & jic; before wooden objects] 12112 *** ~ +-ing ~; 12113 # ~ x BAD 12114 A TAK4; 12115 A tenu Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | top \longrightarrow **GU** [1850x] = cord, net; unretted flax stalks; rump



 GU_2 , TIK | gun₂ (gu₂) / talent [5551x] = unit of weight (1 mina = 60 shekels. 1 talent = 60 mina); load; yield; rent, tax, tribute | [753x] = (river) bank; side; neck



12128 H GURUSH / ĝuruš (guruš) [9902x] = male, young adult male; able-bodied worker | cf. 12197

12129 **HA** / **HA** | $KU_6 = fish$

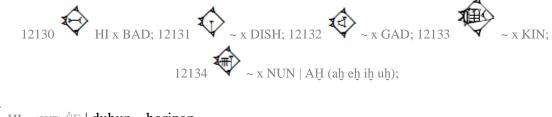
1212C \bigstar HAL = [55x] divide, deal out, distribute; to perform an extispicy [shaman fortune readings of organs of sacrificed animals]; to open; a secret; to pour away; to sieve; to slink, crawl away; a qualification of grain .. cpd HAL-HA ~ + 12129 fish | stick; disease; crotch

1212D
$$\checkmark$$
 HI [2735x] **bi** [**pron**. *throaty* **h**] **bi** (ha4), ti (di), **bi** (he) = mix | dug₃ (du₁₀) [1587x] = (to be) good,
good thing, goodness, sweet | dub₃ [55x] = knee | cf. \checkmark **bi** hul, hulu [13901x; uQQ] = bad
 cpd \checkmark $dug_3-ga = good [~+ 120B5 GA suckling, carry]$
 \checkmark **dub**₃-nir = ejaculate [1212D dub₃ knee + nir winnow]
bi (-iz)^{sar} [18x] = vegetable; lettuce [~+ 122AC ^{SAR determ.} garden; see Lettuce Song in Erotica section]

HI Variants:

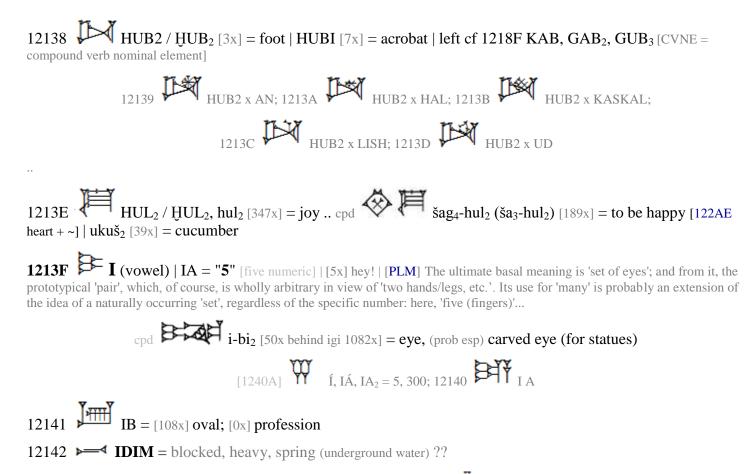
1212E 🔛 HI x ASH

1212F $\stackrel{\text{(HI x ASH2 (AŠ_2))}}{=}$ interest-bearing loan; debt; requital, favour | ur₅ [190x] = he; that, this same; maid, female slave; one; corresponding (to one another); like (one another) | AR₃, KÍN, MUR | HAR = ring | HUR = thick | HUR+SAG = mountain



12135 WHI X (SHE) ŠE | dubur = horizon

12137 HU (hu), mušen = bird | determinative hucen; after bird names | bird laying egg, \forall see 122DB



12143 -/~ BUR; 12144 -/~ sq

12145 IG [88x] door | $gal_2/\hat{g}al_2$ [3954x] = to be (there, at hand, available); to exist; to put, place [/class ?? cf. mi-iq-tum (miqtum, mi- $\hat{g}al_2$ -tum) = social class], lay down; to have cf. copula

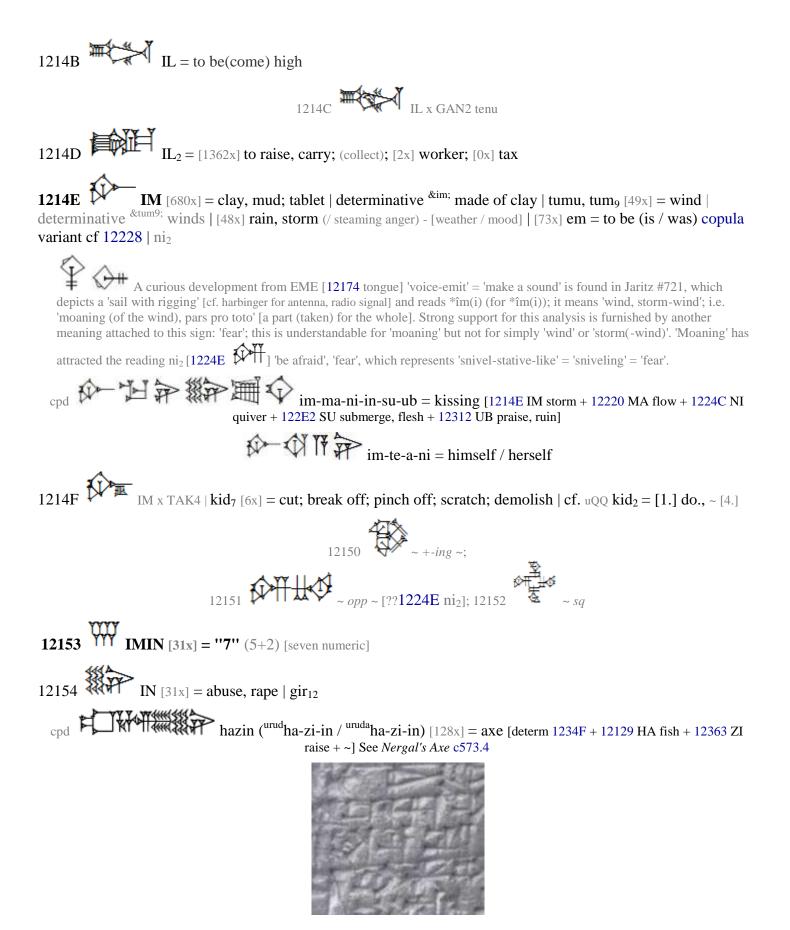
12146 IGI [1133x], ŠI, LIM = eye, vision, watch, notice; carved eye (for statues) | igi [3906x] = first, earlier; front; face | *True Etym.*: ig-no-re / ig-no-rant (not know/see) $\langle = ig(i) + 12261$ nu no .. IGI is an awesome cuneiform design by an unknown scribe (appearing on tablets over 5000 ya), one of our eReader Top 5, and the sound / reading too, obviously would have caught the eye of plariarists down the millennia; there's also something fishy about our "I" and "eye" (sound and arrangement of letters).

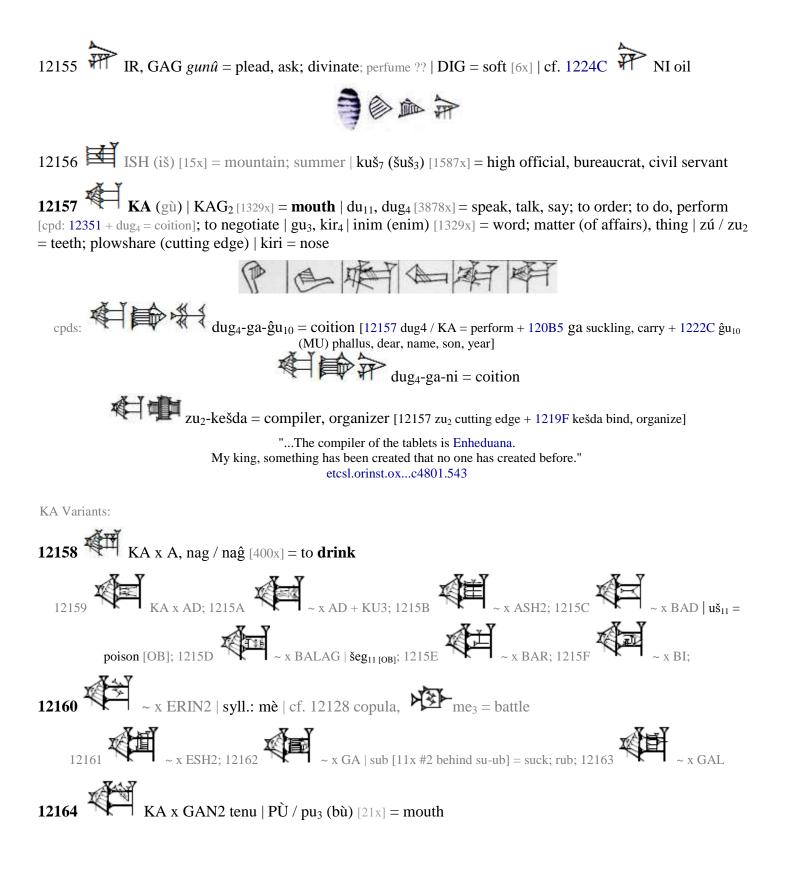
4 gurum₂ [726x] = inspection, provisions [~+ 1209F ERIN₂ people, troops] pad₃ (reveal) cpds 4 pad₃ [2313x] = to find, discover; to name, nominate [~ + 12292 RU fall; throw] mu-un-pad₃-da = revealed to the people [1222C MU name + 12326 UN (KALAM = Sumer) + ~ + 12055 DA writing board] thresh $+ cpd pad_3 reveal x2$] a ga-mu-ni-pad₃ = find (esp revenge) [120B5 GA carry + 1222C MU name + 1224C NI in the end + pad₃ find] nu-um-ma-ni-in-pad₃-de₃ = in all the lands could not find rapist (of Inana) [12261 NU not + 1231D UM approach, disease + 12220 MA land; approach + 1224C NI in time+ 12154 IN abuse, rape (rapist + pad₃ find + 12248 de₃ carry] $_{uQQ}$ HUL, HULU [13901x] = **bad**, to destroy; (to be) bad-smelling, maloderous; (to be) bad, evil; (to be) slight, lightweight; (to be) false; (to be) criminal, dishonest; enemy; to raid; to strike the eyes; blinker 12147 **IGI** DIB | U₃, \dot{U} [6341x] = and; but; also | LIBIR = sleep, dream cpd $lu_2-u_3 = other; man and [121FD lu_2 man / him + 12147 u_3 and]$ 12148 IGI RI | **ar [syll.]**; 12149 IGI $gun\hat{u}$, SIG₇ = 10000 ; [62x] class of worker; [48x] to pluck hair or wool; (to be) trimmed, 1214A 🖾

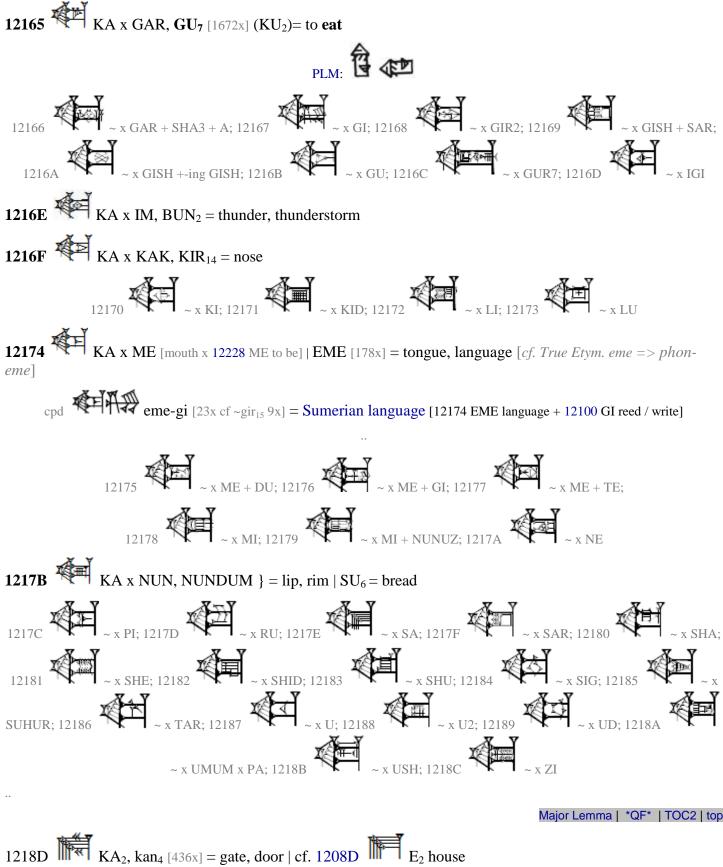
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Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | top









1218F KAB,
$$GAB_2$$
, GUB_3 , $HUB_2 = left | cf. 12138$

12190 kad₂ = qqq | "other letter" ?? | cf. 120FO KAD / GAD linen, flax; 122D9 išuš₂ cover

12191 kad₃ sed_x = qqq | "other letter" ?? |

12192 kad₄ = [1x!] fish; [9x] tie | peš₅ (pesh₅) [53x] = innards; to breathe; grandson; descendant; to give birth (to); (to be) pregnant; pregnancy; to gather; (to be) thick; (to be) wide | also uQQ peš [67x]

12193 KAD, kad₅ = [10x] to tie, gather; to itch, scratch; to weave a mat | banšur₃ (banshur) = table ??

	¶∰.	
12194	٩X3	KAD5/KAD5

12195 KAK, gag [126x] = arrowhead; peg, nail | DU, DU₃ [cpd 12351 + ~ = coition], RU₂ [7061x] | GAG (dù) = to build, make do, perform

cpd saĝ-kak [2x] = cuneus; triangle [12295 saĝ head +~]

12197 \bowtie KAL, kalag = [102x] (to be) strong, powerful, mighty; to reinforce; to provide for ... cpds kal-ga [2280x]; kal-la [11x] | kal [389x] = (to be) rare, valuable | cf. 12128 \bowtie young male

1219A KAM2, kám = prob. 'th' e.g. 15th day... [ordinal marker; can't find in PSD et al – see waste of time below – penalty for not following most important rule of 'Scribe School'] cf. "5" | change, desire ??

blood, semen, pus, blister and pustule A.1. diš na ta-at-ti-kám ša kàš gig | ^{gir}Nin-urta-kám Cuneiform Texts in the Metropolitan Museum of Art

and the third *nishu* of the balag gu₄-ud-nim (é)-kur-ra both have égi-re égi-re as the incipit. A tablet from Nineveh, K 9342 + 10861 (joined by R. Borger; for K 10861 see Black, "Sumerian *Balag* Compositions," p. 47, and Cohen, *CLAM* 2, p. 469) has preserved the rest of an eršemma and the following caption:

Reverse

- 1. [ér-šèm-ma din]girNin-urta-kám
- 2. [ér-šèm-ma n]ir-gal lú è-NE

Cuneiform Documents ed RH Sack:

62 WHM 1535

- 3 BÁN ŠE.BAR *ina* ŠUK.HI.A *šá* Id_{na-na-a-}KAM 1)
- [xx^{-]}LÚ [xx^{-]}[...] ..] ^{Id}AG-[[]ú-še-zib[]] 2)
- 3)
- 4) na-na-a xxxx
- Ina ŠUK.HI.A-šú^I ÈR-ia GIŠ 5)
- x ina ŠUK.HI.A-šú Idna-na-a-KAM GIŠ б)
- ITU.BÁR UD.15.KAM MU.^r8¹.KAM 7)
- dAG-NIG.DU-ŠEŠ LUGAL TIN. TIR.KI 8)

Translation

(Document concerning) eighteen qa of barley, from the food allotment of Nanâēriš, son of [...] Nabû-^rušēzib¹, Nanâ [...] Ardija has received from his food allotment (and) [...] (which) Nanâ-ēriš has received from his food allotment. Month of Nisanu, fifteenth day, ^[eighth] year of Nabû-kudurri-uşur, king of ^[Babylon.]

UD. 15 .KAM MU .[8].KAM

day. 15. ?? year .[8]. ??

15th day, [8th] year of

UD=day; MU = year

Therefore, all this bloody trouble just to find that KAM_2 is an ordinal marker (glyph/gloss) i.e. = 'th'!!!

KAM4 | zubi [6x] = watercourse, canal, irrigation 1219B $kar_2 [55x] = to insult, slander |$ GAN2tenu- GAN2tenu, $kar_2 kar_2 [52x] = to blow; to light up,$ [120F8] shine: to rise 1219C KASKAL [705x], KAS, RAŠ = way, road; journey, caravan | DANNA = mile [distance]

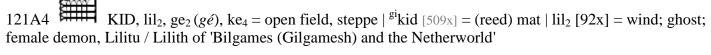
1219D X AGAB x U/LAGAB x U; 1219E X AGAB x U/LAGAB x U

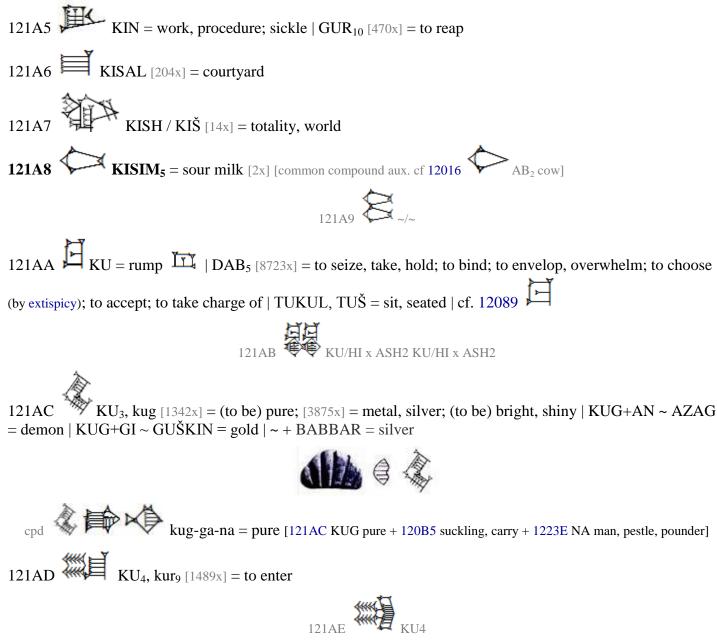
KESH2 / keš₂ (kešda) [853x] = to bind; gather; organize; assemble; compile => { computer tablet 5000 years later – and kesda looks like the first computer mainframe, brought by aliens of course!

 zu_2 -kešda = compiler, organizer [12157 zu_2 cutting edge + ~]

121A0 KI (gi_5) [32379xxx!] = cosmic (under)world (cf ABZU) earth, land, place, ground, toward, country, lower, down below | determinative ^{&ki;} after place names |







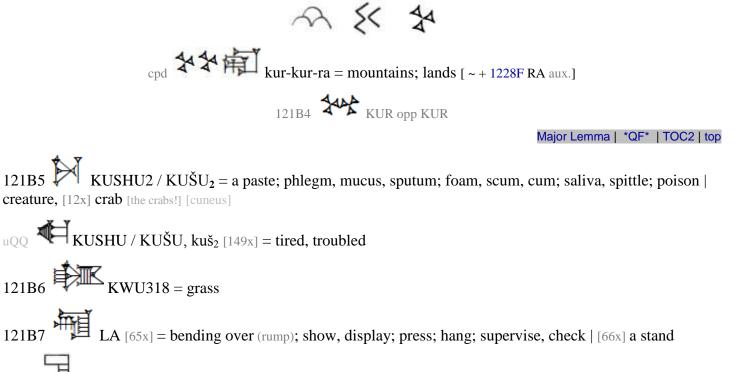
[122FB] \swarrow KUD, ku5 [1111x] = to break off, deduct; to separate, cut off; to cut; to incise; to decide; to make clear

[12129] $KU_6 = (\text{fresh}) \text{ fish } |_{6}^{ku} = \text{determinative }^{\text{\&ku6};} \text{ after names of fish}$

121AF \bowtie KU7 / KU₇ [65x] = (to be) good; (to be) (honey-)sweet | KUD 121B0 \bowtie KUL [59x] = to run | NUMUN [1219x] = seed cf. 12044 \bowtie BAL spindle cpd \bowtie sag4.bala (ša3-bal) [1016x] = procreate, to produce offspring [122AE šag4 heart + ~] 121B1 \blacksquare KUL gunu

121B2 KUN [225x] = tail; canal outlet

121B3 \star KUR [2494x] = mountain(s), land, country; underworld; east; easterner; east wind | determinative $^{\&kur}$; before mountains / countries



PLM bend, carry, press together, crease together, pinch [of buttocks]...practice pederasty, take advantage of a woman through anal intercourse cf. Sukaletuda's rape of Inana L118 [Jaritz #968]; also Proto-Sumerian Halloran.

cpd lalamu | cf. 121F2 la_2 | cpd gal_4 -la = cuneus (from behind)

121B8 LAGAB | niĝin₂ [214x] = encircle, go around | [116x] block, stump | GUR4 (KUR4) [133x] = thick, big, feel big | KILIB [256x] = total | LUGUD₂ = short, tight | gir₈ (kir₃) [2x!] = to break / pinch off | cpd mu-un-niĝin₂-na-ta = to roam around - see MUGSAR 4-Way – Inana112a

LAGAB Variants:

121B9 LAGAB x A | SUG, AMBAR = swamp, marsh (encircled water) i.e. NÍĜINxA = AMBAR | BUGIN, BUNIN

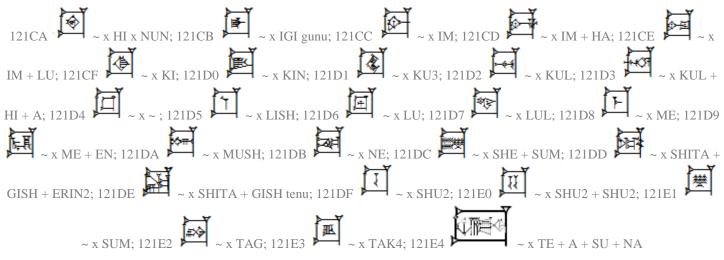
121BA
$$\swarrow$$
 x A + DA + HA; 121BB \bowtie x A + GAR; 121BC \bowtie x A + LAL;
121BD \bowtie x AL; 121BE \bigstar x AN; 121BF \checkmark x ASH ZIDA tenu

121C0 LAGAB x BAD, GIGIR = cart

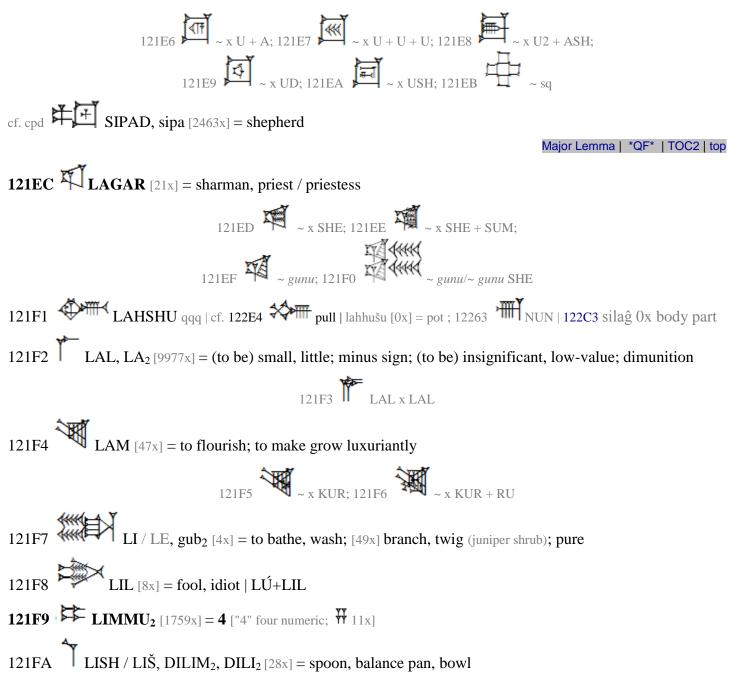
121C7 \swarrow ~ x GUD + GUD | u₈ [4425x] = sheep, ewe; Oh!, (a soothing expression) | cpd nu-u₈-gig = priestess, high status woman, goddess / Inana

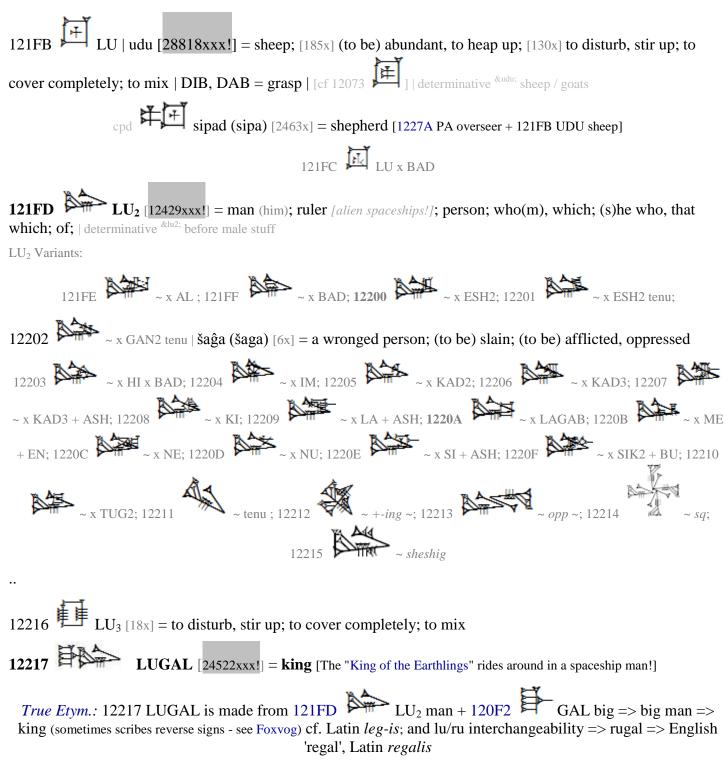


121C9 ~ x HAL | engur [45x] = (cosmic) waters [cf ABZU = abyss; Ur-Namma / Ur-Gur] Ur-Gur]

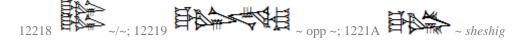


121E5 LAGAB x U | NÍĜINxBÙR (U) = pú (pu₂) [95x] = water well / hole, pit; depth (encircled area+hole) lower course, footing; cistern; fish pond; source (of river) | TÚL = source ?? | GÍGIR = wagon??





LUGAL Variants:



1221B \blacksquare LUH, LUH, LAH3, sukkal [3469x] = secretary, civil servant, bureaucrat, official - *True Etym.*: sukkal => civil | luh [164x] = to clean, wash

1221C LUL [133x] = false, criminal | NAR = song / musician ??

1221D LUM [107x] = (to be) full, replete, satisfied (with); (to be) grown (tall); to fruit; (to be) fructified; to shine

12220 MA = [169x] (come in to) land (like bird; fly in), approach; go, flow (phallus, come), fig tree, house [?? secondary in each]

12221 MA x TAK4 12222 MA, gunu / gunû, ḪAŠḪUR / HASHHUR = apple (tree) 12223 $MA2 / MA_2 [5559x] = ship, boat$ 12224 MAH / MAH [3271x] = to be great, exalted Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | top 12225 $H \longrightarrow MAR = [13x]$ smear - *True Etym.*: mar; [8x] louse, worm, parasite; [5x] winnow 12226 MASH / maš [726x] = goat | maš [1452x] = interest (on a loan); an irrigation tax | HALF; LÚ+MÁŠDA = poor man | MAŠ.EN.GAG = palace dependant | MAŠD+TAB+BA = twin cf. 12047 MASH₂ / maš₂ [10699xx] = goat; extispicy - sacrificial animal for omens | family, relative | 12227 $MA\check{S}_2+GAL = buck, billygoat$ 12228 ME, àm [2860x] = I am, to be (is / was) | [750x] being, divine properties enabling cosmic activity; rite; office [copula | *True Etymology*: i.men cf. I am | IŠIB = 100; set, take | uQQ MEŠ / mesh = plural marker [PLM] Jaritz #889 depicts a 'short vertical line abutting a longer horizontal line at its midpoint'. It means 'speak, call, tongue, middle, converse'. Graphic convention designed to bring out the idea of 'middle', the position associated in early thinking with the placement of the tongue in the mouth. Somewhat surprisingly, this simple element has been identified for PIE as *me, 'in the middle, into the middle'. *me is not regarded as meaning 'tongue'; that meaning has been taken by a derivation from it, eme (for *îmî) [12174 ^{**} $\mathbf{1}$ another reading of the same sign, which represents 'teeth-middle' = 'tongue'. This compound can be found in PIE with *empi-, 'mosquito', an animal that definitely deserves to be named for its tongue. uQQ $Har me_3$ [243x]= battle, combat cf. 12228 har copula

12229 MES, meš₃ [56x] black [Gilgamesh was black! nextdoor on list to 1222A MI / gig2 main black]; [29x] = hero; (to be) manly; young man cf. Enki and the world order c113.221, Ninurta's exploits c162.310, Samsu-iluna & Inana c2831.15 [NB computerized transl no ordinary 'tree' more like 'hero']) $|^{\hat{g}e\check{s}}mes(^{ge\check{s}}mes,^{\hat{g}e\check{s}}me\check{s}_3)[81x] = tree|ki\check{s}ib(-la_2)[36x] = cylinder seal, sealed tablet; ki\check{s}ib-rah_2 ... with aux. = to seal$

cf. 1231D [less vertical ge than 12229] UM reed (stylus?) stem + 4 var;

1207E The DUB tablet | $kišib_3 [17468x] = cylinder seal, sealed tablet$

cpd BIL.GA.MEŠ (Sumerian: Bilgamesh; Akkad.: Gilgamesh) black hero of oldest written epic (quest for immortality) [1224B BIL₂ burnt + 120B5 GA young (bull) + 12229 mes (meš₃) black hero (next on the sign list is the more common black sign 1222A ↓ MI); and 1207E dub able to write = power connotation)]

1222A MI [<=cun-sign | Sumerian=>] ge_6 , giggi (ge_6), gi_6 , gig_2 [941x] = to be black, night | ge/gi same as 12100 reed stylus => writing => knowledge => power = black | upper / high (class) cf. mi-iq-tum (miqtum, mi-gal₂-tum) = social class



cf. dome of night sky - cpd ul₄-he₂ firmament, vault of sky [12109 terror + 120F6 boundless]



Sumerians called themselves black people $\dot{\mu}$ \dot

BLACK!'

um-mi-a = scholar, expert, craftsman [scholar 1231D UM reed stem (stylus/writing symbol, 1207E tablet var) + 1222A MI black + 12000 progeny]

expert, master	craftsman N	, Old Akkadian, 1 ot just the Sume nemselves black, rofessors are BL	rians calling , the first
7000CT/5000ya	7500CT/4500ya	8000CT/4000ya	
14	110	18	PSD

diĝir [DEITY] (1837x: ED IIIb, Old Akkadian, Lagash II, Ur III "deity. god. goddess" The gods are black too!

	nij: Bodi Boddess	The gous are black too:	
[1]	*	diĝir (dingir)	
[2]	HANN PAR	dim ₃ -me-er (ES)	
[3]	HANN A	dim ₃ -me ₈ -er (ES)	
[4]		· dim ₃ -mi-ir (ES)	
[5]		di-me ₂ -er (ES) PSD	

And even Gilgamesh is black, see previous entry 12229

SUMERIAN					
earth	lord	black			
$\langle \rangle$	¥.				
ki	en	gi			
(kih	en	gih)			
121A0	12097	1222A			

cpd GIG = 1222A black + 1226D beads = gig [313x] = sick, troublesome | (nugig) nu-u8-gig = [black Sumerian woman =] priestess, high status woman, goddess / Inana

1222B \prod **MIN** [959x] = **2** ["2" two numeric; cf. horiz var **122F0** \rightrightarrows 0x as MIN 2, but as TAB 122F0 double, repeat, partner 740x]

1222C MU = [43667xxx!] year | mu = [2994x] name; line of text; son | MUHALDIM / muhaldim [2185x] = cook | mu (ES) = phallus | $\hat{g}u_{10}$ = 'dear one' suffix / honorific | determinative ^{μ} before words for items made of wood (Emesal)

cpd zag-mu [180x] = new year; beginning of cycle [12360 ZAG boundary + ~]

1222D MU/MU | taḫ / tah (dah) [274x] = to add, increase

1222E MUG [162x] = wool [pubic ?? next to MU phallus]; to hew out, hollow out; to engrave

cpd ug_{2} .mug [179x] = a kind of garment [determ 12306 tug_2 garment + ~]

1222F MUG*gunu*, zadim; za-dim₂ [128x] = stone-cutter; bow-maker

MUNSUB [5x] = hair, barber

12231 MURGU2, $e\hat{g}ir_6(MURGU_2)$ ($egir_6$) = [10x] back, estate, inheritance | mur₇ [0x] = excrement / shit

12232 **MUSH (MUŠ)** [192x] = snake

12233 ***** ~ x A; 12234 **** ~ x KUR; 12235 ***** ~ x ZA

⇒\$¢+==

12230

12236 MUSH / MUSH (MUŠ) $RI_8 = snake$

12239 MUSH₃ / MUŠ₃ = [107x] face, appearance; [81x] flat space, holy area; [3x] curdle | sed₆ (šed₁₂) [11x #3 behind sed₄] = cold; winter .. cpd sed₄ (še₁₇, šed₁₀) [34x; ~ + 12072 well-being] | MUŠ₃INANNA, INNIN = goddess | 1202D AN+ MUŠ₃ = ^dinana / Inana

1223A MUSH₃ / MUŠ₃ x A | se₂₄, sed₃, še₁₂, šed₉ = winter, hibernate, rest, be content

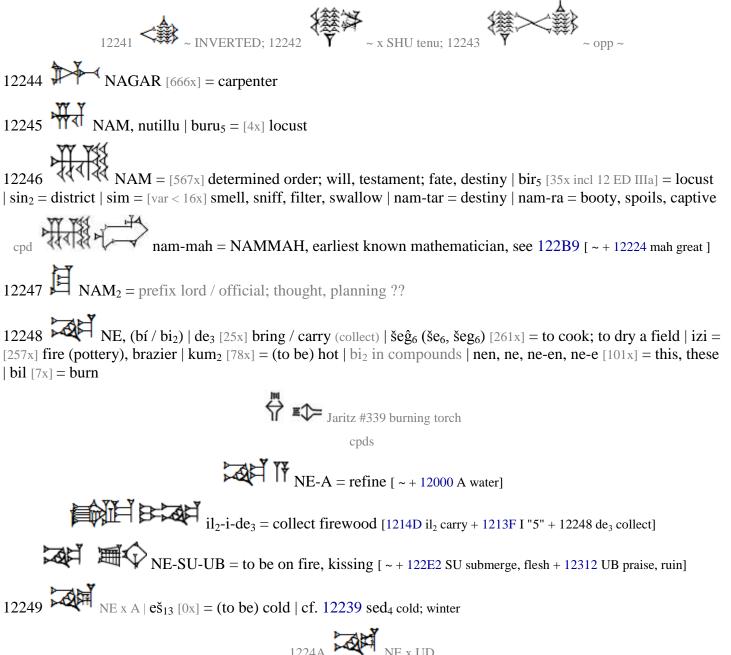
1223E NA, niĝna = [114x] incense (burner); man; [32x] stone; pestle, pounder cpd ma-na / mina [9459x] = unit of weight; 1 mina = 60 shekels, 1 talent = 60 mina [3600 shekels] 1223F NA₂, NU₂ [419x] = to lie down (of people); to lay down; to be ill; bed | NUD | cf. 12029 ficon

$$_{cpd}$$
 \swarrow $ba-na_2 = 12040$ BA split, open + ~

NAGA, naĝa [2521x] = potash (potassium compound often used in agriculture); soap | NAG₂, NISABA₂

= tornado

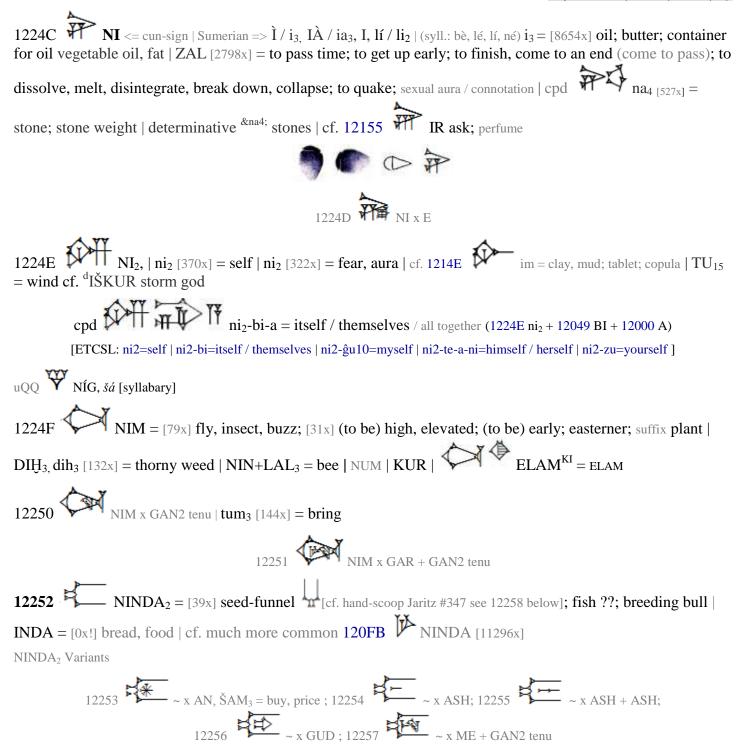
cpd DINGIR.NAGA.ZAG.SAL, ^dnisaba za₃-mi₂ = Nisaba praised [1202D AN god + 12240 NAGA + 12360 za₃ + 122A9 mi₂ cuneus]

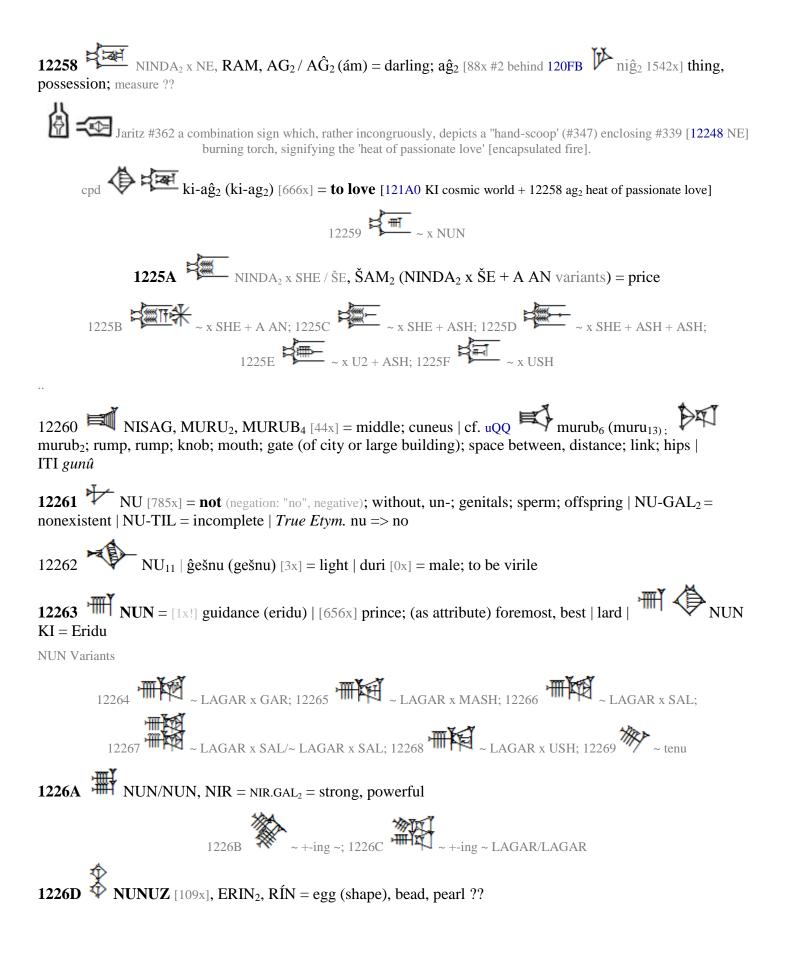


1224B NE sheshig / šešig, BIL₂ | gibil [671x] = new, renew; firewood | bil₂ [43x] = burn / burnt

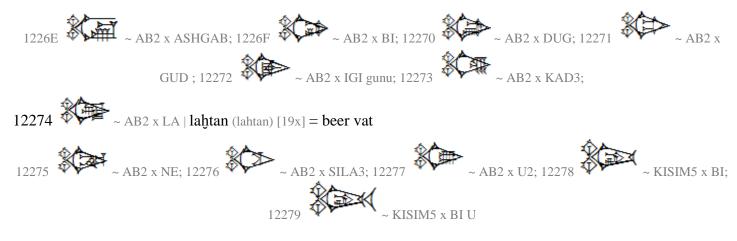
cpd BIL.GA.MEŠ (Sumerian: Bilgamesh [cf. Billjim!]; Akkad.: Gilgamesh) black hero of oldest written epic [1224B BIL₂ burnt + 120B5 GA young (bull) + 12229 mes (meš) black hero]

Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | top





NUNUZ (so eggs + cow 12016 / sour milk 121A8 = produce farm) Variants:



1227A PA | ugula = [9794x] foreman, overseer | bá [293x] = wing; branch, frond | gidru / ĝidri = [129x] sceptre | sìg = to beat | garza = office | SIG hit e.g. cpd SIG-UZU ~ TUD beat whip

1227B PAD, ŠUK /SHUK, šukur₂ /shukur₂ (šuk, šuku) = [1335x] food allocation, ration | [56x] to break (into bits); pierce

1227C VV PAN, tir₅ [63x] = bow; geometric figure {PSD} | cf bow-maker, PANA = bow, arrow

1227D \checkmark PAP, KUR₂ [607x] = unit of capacity based on a vessel size; PAP = [86x] relation; first and

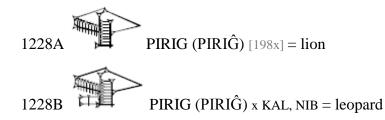
foremost, pre-eminent; father; male, virile; brother $| PAB = protect | PA_5 = canal | cpd$ $\forall \forall DIM [13x] = to check; to approach$

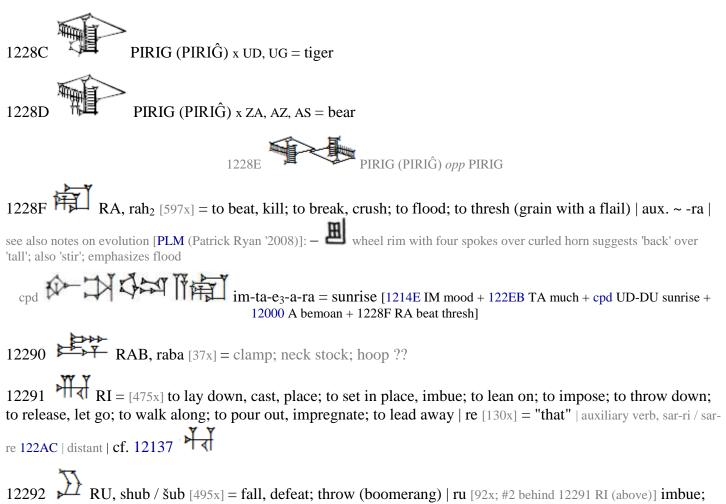
1227F PI (bì) [269x] tal₂, | geshtu / geštu, geshtug / geštug = ear, hear, reason, intelligence, wisdom, understanding

PI Variants:



Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | top





impose; release, pour out; impregnate

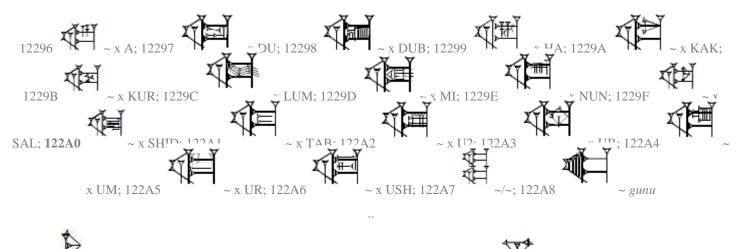
12293 $\mathbb{SA} = \text{braided, string, net, sinew, muscle} | determinative ^{\&sa;} before braided items$

12294 SAG, saĝ, nutillu = head [rare, always 12295]

SAĜ Variants:

12295 SAG, SAĜ (pron. sang), SUR₁₄ [3582x]= head; person / people; capital

cpd 3 saĝ-ĝa₂ = head basket [12295 saĝ head + 120B7 ĝa2 basket]



122A9 SAL, mug, gal₄ (gala), murub (muru₁₃), munus [3079x] = cuneus vapotheosis of woman, goddess, matriarch, queen | mi₂ = [13x - all ED IIIb] praise; CVNE | determinative before female names ^{&cf;} [The scribes who invented writing 5000 years ago clearly had no inhibitions about the basis for the design of their cuneiform, nor should we bowdlerize [etym.: Thomas Bowdler expurgated William Shakespeare (aka Edward de Vere) '1822] for hypocritical luddites / puritans who are still happy to plagiarize the technology revolution started by the Sumerians, and it may well have been the inspiration for the whole style ~ cunei.form = cuneus writing.



Scratching and dragging a pointed stylus would not have been near as effective and enduring for us to be able to read now. And it can be no coincidence that the Sumerian apotheosis of 'woman' through the cuneus-shaped \mathbf{v} sign has come down to us as the first letter of vagina, a fundamental example of *True Etymology*.]

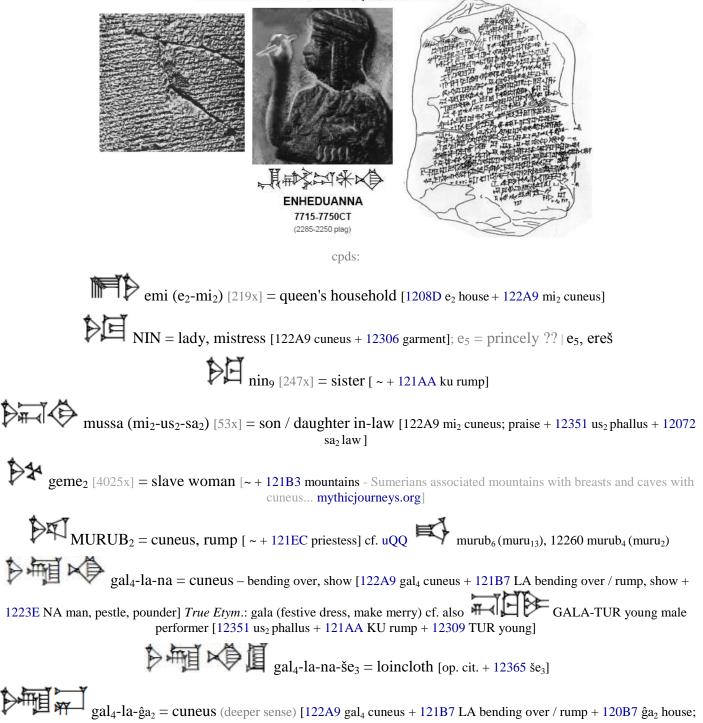
"You think cunt is nasty? I'm here to tell you cunt is nice. Like "Black is Beautiful". Cunt is delicious. Cunt is powerful. Cunt is strong. Germaine Greer BBC *Balderdash and Piffle* ' 2007 (see Youtube; also here). Unfortunately none are aware of the very first significance bestowed by the Sumerians. IAE 5000 years later cunt is still the most powerful word in language, stronger than dick, sex, god, love, food, water, iPhone...

Enheduanna – earliest known author and poet was female

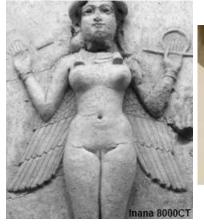
And not only were the first scholars black, the earliest known author and poet was female (and most likely black), Enheduanna

7715-7750CT (2285-2250 plag) ... Westenholz edited a fragmentary hymn dedicated to Enheduanna indicating her apotheosis... [Wik]; she was totally lost to history until her tablets were unearthed in '1926 [Nisaba] by Leondard Woolley [born '1880 in 13 Southwold Road just around the corner from King's Place (now BSix College Brooke House - East London Hackney-Stratford where the '2012 Olympics Games were held) where Edward de Vere wrote 'Shake-speares Sonnets' - only because he was setup by another forgotten proto-feminist, 2nd wife Elizabeth Trentham]; she represented a strong and creative personality, an educated woman, and one who fulfilled diverse roles in a complex society, not unlike women's aspirations today...[Jane Roberts]; "My goddess gave birth to your god" ... Assyriologist William Hallo referred to her as "The Sumerian Shakespeare". But given that she preceded Shakespeare by several thousand years, it might be more apt to dub the bard "The English Enheduanna" [Kristin Agudelo's notablewomen]; or "Enheduanna of Tudor Literature" [chickhistory]; ironically also lost to history is Susan de Vere, Shakespeare's Daughter and Producer of the First Folio.

The earliest known author and poet was female

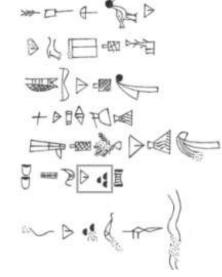


ETCSL: A balbale [12044] Dumuzi-Inana "Plough my cuneus...(c40816.B.31) the moist and well-watered ground (c40816.B.27)"]





7 divine powers" (Ur)



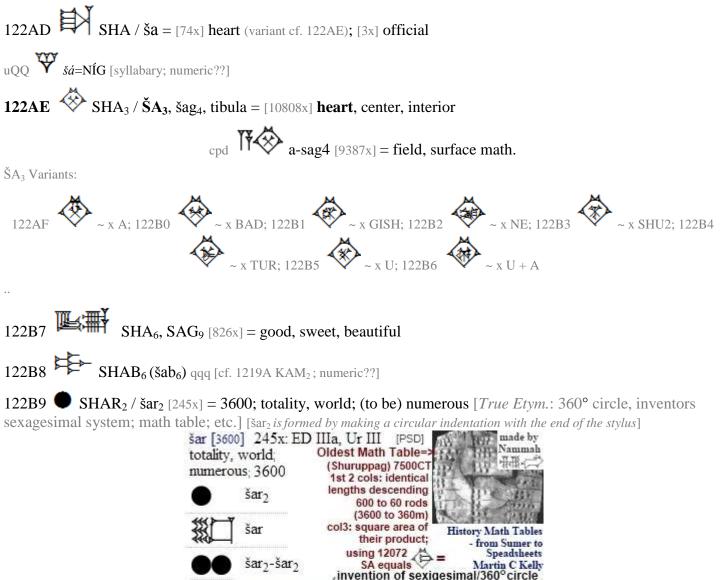
Proto Cuneiform - see Ref.

122AA SAL LAGAB x ASH2

122AB SANGA₂ / sa $\hat{g}a_2 = [12x]$ priest

122AC SAR [377x] = to write || sar [4917x] = garden; a unit of area; a unit of volume | SAKAR, MU₂, kiri₆ = (fruit) plantation, orchard | determinative ^{&sar;} after garden / vegetables | šar $[26x \# 2 \text{ behind } 122B9 \text{ sar}_2] = 3600$; totality, world; (to be) numerous

[PLM] Daritz #281 archaic variant of SAR - knot in a cord, fasten together - write - line up characters in a fixed order



••	$\check{sar}_2 - \check{sar}_2$ $\check{sar}_2 - \check{sar}_2$		
	7000CT/3000/pl	7500CT/2500pl	8000CT/2000pl
[1]	3	1	181
[2]		25	1
[3]		3	22

Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | top

******(**

122BA 4 SHE / ŠE | niga, nigu = [28315x!] barley, grain; unit of length / area / volume / weight; shekel | True Etymology: origin of Hebrew term for money 'she-kel' re price of bushel of grain | niga [12565x] = to be fattened



"Money, like certain other essential elements in civilization, is a far more ancient institution than we were taught to believe ... the oldest coin currency that we know is a Sumerian bronze piece dating from before 7000CT / 3000plagio.



On one side of the coin is a representation of a sheaf of wheat, and on the other, Ishtar, the goddess of fertility. The Sumerians called it the "Shekel" where "She" meant wheat, "Kel" [12086] was a measurement similar to a bushel, hence this coin was a symbol of a value of one bushel of wheat. (The word "shekel" survives in modern Hebrew as Israel's monetary unit.) The original shekel had as its purpose payment for sacred prostitution at the temple of Ishtar, which was the temple of life and death. The temple, as well as being a ritual center, was the storage place for the reserves of wheat that supported the priesthood, and also the community in lean times. So farmers fulfilled their religious and social obligations by bringing their contributions of wheat to the temple, and receiving in exchange a shekel coin, entitling them to a visit with the temple prostitutes at the festival time. All this also must be understood in its cultural context: The sacred prostitutes were representatives of the goddess, and intercourse with them was intercourse with the goddess of fertility herself, nothing to take lightly..." The Future of Money, Bernard Lietaer '1997

"...coinage was arranged according to the sexagesimal numbering system developed earlier by the Sumerians (ie 1, 60 [1x60], and 3600 [122B9 (60x60])lowest denomination was a "shekel", then a "mina" [1223E] and finally a "talent" [12118]

1 mina = 60 shekels. 1 talent = 60 mina [3600 shekels]. The mina weighted about 500 gms., and the talent about 30 kgs.

These coins were used to pay for property, buy goods and services, pay fines, pay taxes, etc.

Some examples of the use of the shekel from one of the later law codes inscribed on the cuneiform tablets:

"The price of one gur [12125] of barley is one shekel of silver'.

"The price of 2 gurs of salt is one shekel of silver".

"The price of one hal [1212C] seed is one shekel of silver".

"The wage of a labourer is one shekel of silver and his food one ban of barley and he has to serve for this wage for one month"... some information on the relative value of the coins and the wealth that each represented. The scribe is lauding the benevolent king for his protection of the poor. "He saw to it that ... the man of one shekel did not fall a prey to the man of one mina (sixty shekels) ..." [more]

..

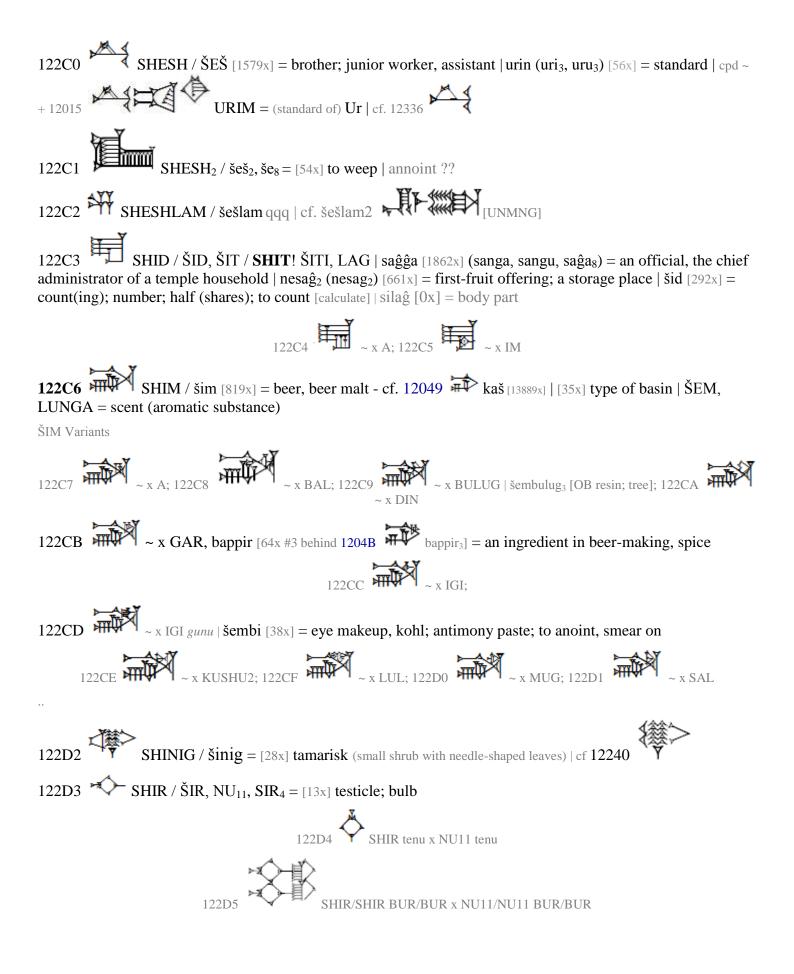
122BB SHE-HU, uz [57x] = wild duck

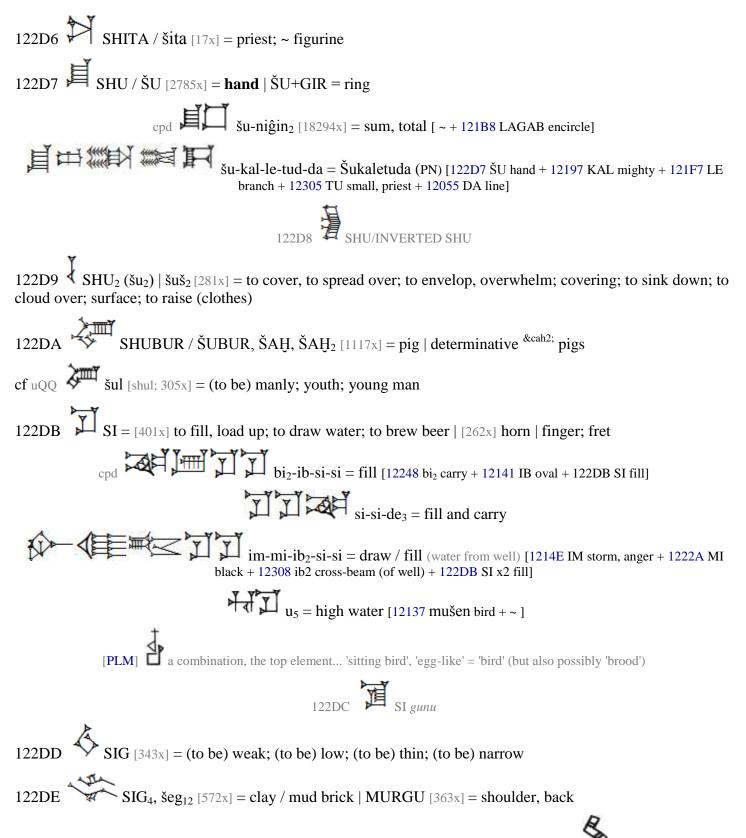
122BC SHE/SHE GAD/GAD GAR/GAR;

2BD \longrightarrow SHE/SHE TAB /TAB GAR/GAR | garadin₃ [0x] = bundle (of reeds), stack of sheaves; grain stack

122BE SHEG₉ [11x] = snow; sleet; cold weather; frost, ice; burning, incineration; chills, shivers

122BF SHEN, ALAL ??, PÌSAN, DUR₁₀, ŠEN [107x] = bucket, cauldron





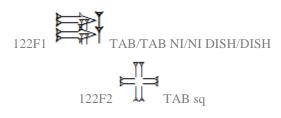
[**PLM**] sig(a)₄, '(dried) brick', depicts 'three bricks/tiles forming a zig-zag pattern':







122F0 TAB, **MIN** [0x!] = 2 ["2" / two numeric] | TAB <math>[740x] = to double; to repeat; companion, partner, friend | cf. more used 1222B [[959x] | *True Etym.:* tab (key); tabulate



Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | top

122F3 TAG [266x] = to touch, take hold of; to bind – *True Etym.*: tag, touch (tuku); to attack | šum [63x] = slaughter | TUKU₅ [151x] = beat, strike of cloth; to weave | TIBIR [26x] = hand | ZIL₂ = good, beneficent



122FA TAK₄, (da₁₃) [667x] = to set aside, leave behind; to save, keep back, *hold back*

122FB TAR = [237x] to cut down; to untie, loosen; to scatter, disperse | sila [238x] = street | kud, ku₅ [1111x] = to break off, deduct; to separate, cut off; to cut; to incise; to decide; to make clear | disease

122FC TE = cheek; to pierce, penetrate (sexually), [31x] membrane | cpd im-ma-te = approach, landing [1214E IM wind + 12220 flow + 122FC TE approach, land cf. 12312 UB as in kiss, suck] cpd im-ma-te = approach, land cf. 12312 UB as in kiss, suck] (im/) ni₂-te-a-ni = penetrate; inspect [inspected 1214E IM storm + 122FC TE cheek; penetrate; membrane + 12000 A cry of woe + 1224C NI quiver] 122FD TE gunu = cf. cheek, pierce

122FE \vdash TI, TIL₃ [770x] = life, to live; to sit (down); to dwell | ^{UZU}TI = RIB

122FF 🍾 TI tenu

12300 TIL [627x] = (to be) complete(d); (to be) old, long-lasting; to end | UŠ, $EŠE_3 \sim AŠ.U$ | SUMUN = sun, old | cf. \bowtie BAD 12041

12301 TIR [404x] = forest, wood; mud



12305 TU = priest [1x!] | sheep [4x!] | [16x] small | TU+TUR^{MUŠEN} = little dove

12306 TUG, TUG₂ [5078x] = textile, garment (TU₉, dul₅; [379x] bar-dul₅) | usually as determinative ^{&tug2}; garments | $e\check{s}_2$ | $\check{s}e_3$, = towards | umuš ($u\check{s}_4$) [52x] = (fore)thought, plan(ning); understanding; instruction; consideration, sagacity | gi_7 , gir_{15} , zi_3 , zid_2 | $azlag_2$ = fuller (cleans thickens woven cloth) | TUG₂, TU₉, NAM₂ | cf.

12247 🖽 | *True Etym*.: Roman toga

 $_{cpd}$ $\mu_{2}dara_{4} = (Inana's) loinclth, sash, G-String, belt [~ + 12071 dara4 = red, brown, blood]$

12307 TUK, tuku = powerful able-bodied (cpd a₂-tuku); proud | TUG = anger

12308 TUM, $(du_4) | ib_2 [36x] = hips; middle | ib_2 [35x] = (to be) angry; to curse | tum [19x] cross-beam | cf. mi-iq-tum (miqtum, mi-gal_2-tum) social class$

12309 TUR | DUMU 28245xxx! = child, son; apprentice | TUR [1719x] (to be) small; to reduce, diminish; to subtract; (to be) young

cpd dumu-munus [660x] = daughter [~+ 122A9 MUNUS cuneus]

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \int u_2 - tur [35x] = son [121FD lu_2 hot rod + ~]$$

1230B \checkmark **U** (vowel, basic cuneus); "**10**"; BUR₃ = hole | UH₇ = curse, bewitch | 121E5 \checkmark NÍĜINxU) = PÚ = well (encircled area+hole) | šu₄ [24x] = totality, world | burud_x(U) (bur₃, buru₃) [49x] = breach, hole; depression, low-lying area, depth; to perforate / penetrate; (to be) deep | šu₄ = anus | šuš₂ (šu₄) [74x #2 behind 122D9 \end{cases} šu₂] = to cover, to spread over; to envelop, overwhelm; covering; to sink down; to cloud over; surface; to raise | bur₃ [54x]

#2 behind 12053 [Winkelhaken = a unit of area; a unit of volume $|ge_{14} = stylus cuneus | [winkelhaken = angle hook]$

[PLM] O means 'hole', and reads both u, '(oral) cavity', and hu3 'anus ('anal sphincter' or 'anal cavity')'. This is supported by another reading of this same sign: *šu4 (for *šü4), 'excrement-palm', the left hand being used mandatorily for the hygiene of unclean bodily functions. It is, to this day, a serious insult to offer a MidEasterner the left hand as a greeting because of the traditional use of the left hand.

BOC \checkmark U-GUD, ul [161x] = (to be) **distant (in time**); distant time

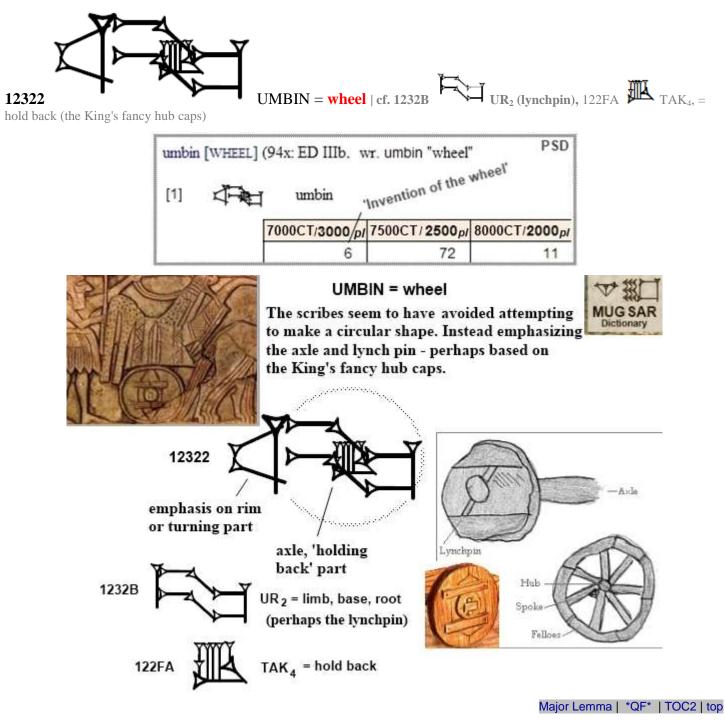
cpd niĝul (nigul) iniĝ₂-ul (nig₂-ul) [33x] = an everlasting possession [= "MUGSAR Benefactor whose family has been assigned a sign, cpd or section forever!"; asset; eternity, immortality; cf. etym. god | 120FB niĝ₂ possession + 1230C ul distant time] 1230D \longleftarrow U+U+U | ESH / EŠ = 30 (numeric) | UŠU₃ | SIN = moon 1230E U/U PA/PA GAR/GAR 1230F U/U SUR/SUR | garadin₉ = sheaf, bundle (of reeds) 12310 **V**/U U rev/U rev 12311 U_2 [4129x] = plant(s); food; bread, loaf; grass; herb; pasture; firewood | determinative ^{&u2;} plants [12147] **i** / u3 [6340x] = and; but; also 12312 4 UB = [78x] corner | ar₂ = [56x] praise, fame; [11x] ruin UD ud / u_4 [29106xxx!] = sun, day, time / "Once, ..."; summer, heat, fever | UTU | TAM, ZALAG, ZIMBIR (~UD.KIB.NUN) è (~UD.DU), ZABAR UD BABBAR | BABBAR = white, shining | ZABAR = bronze | determinative ^{&zabar;} bronze | ÀH = dried, withered cpd ightarrow e3 (UD-DU) [1850x] = to leave, to go out; to thread, hang on a string; to remove, take away; to bringout; to enter; to bring in; to raise (sunrise), rear (a child); to sow; to rave; to winnow; to measure (grain) roughly (with a stick); to rent $[\sim + 1207A DU]$ im-ta-e3-a-ra = sunrise d = day (open, halved, noon?, Later?) [~ + 12040 BA] **UD** Variants: 12314 UD KUSHU2 | *ú*h [syl.] = weathervane??; 12315 UD x BAD ; 12316 **12317** WD x U + U + U | ITI (UD×EŠ) itud, itid [2145x cf 36175x ??] = moon, month 12318 UD x U + U + U gunu 12319 UD gunu | murub₆ (muru₁₃) [446x] = cuneus, rump (rear view) – cf. 12260 \bowtie murub₄ UD sheshig (šešig), itud_x, ITI | UD x EŠ ITI₂ ~ ITI x BAD = month [0x!] 1231B UD sheshig x BAD

1231C UDUG = a demon (of desert, mountain, sea, tomb); ~ figurine ??
1231D UM = [34x] reed (stylus? writing / black hero comes next to wheel UMBIN!), stem of cf. 1207E UDUB tablet; 12229 mes (meš₃), kišib black hero
It's not just the Sumerians calling themselves black, the first professors are BLACK! um-mi-a = scholar, expert, craftsman [scholar 1231D UM reed stem (stylus/writing symbol, 1207E tablet var) + 1222A MI black + 12000

progeny]

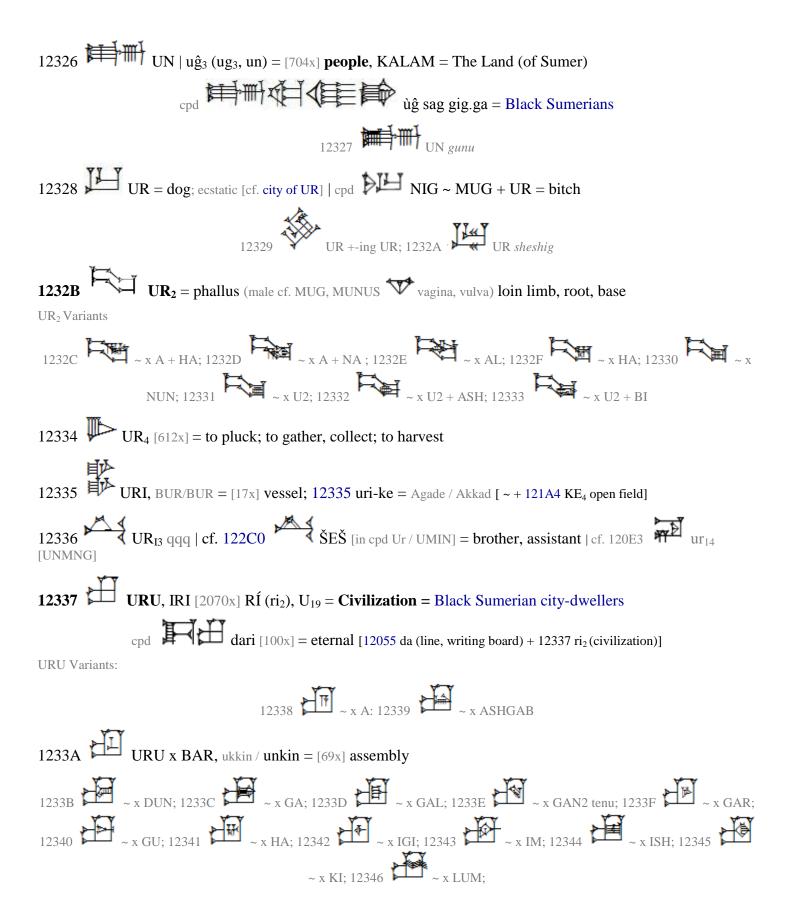
1231E - x LAGAB; 1231F - x ME + DA; 12320 - x SHA3; 12321

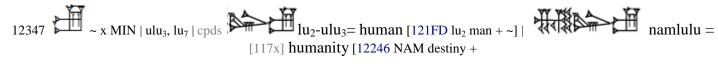
Invention of the Wheel



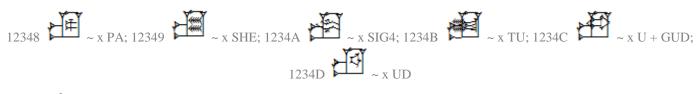
12323 UMUM, SIMUG [396x] = metalworker, smith [*cf. True Etym. simug* => *smith*] | umun₂ [16x] = knowledge source; deep thinking

12324 $\sim x \text{ KASKAL } | \text{DE}_2 [702x] = \text{to pour, to winnow}$





op. cit.]



1234E URU x URUDA, banshur / banšur = [256x] table

1234F URUDA, urud [992x] = copper | dab_6 = [30x] go around | determinative ^{&urud;} copper / bronze

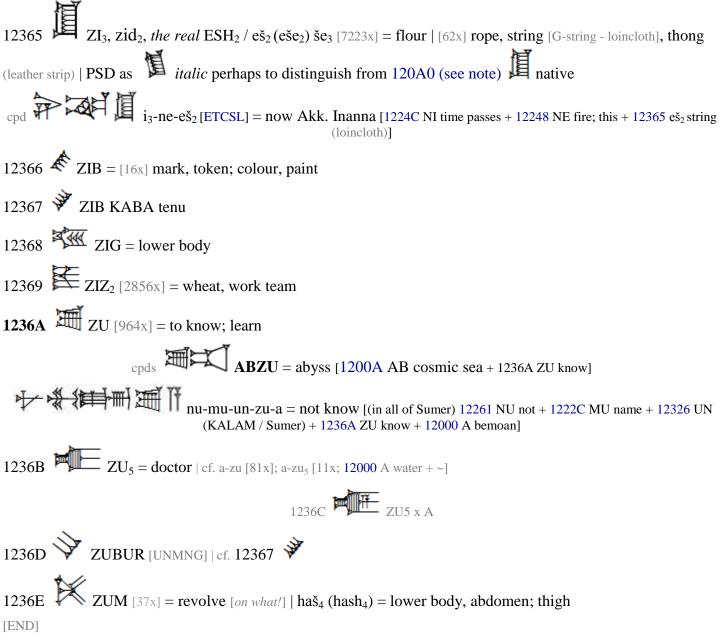
12350 \bowtie URUDA x U, TABIRA = copper

12351 USH, UŠ, nita, nitah = [2267x] man, male, phallus | ĝeš₃ (ĝiš₃) / gesh = phallus | [312x] unit of length | us₂ (uš) [9695x] = to accompany / follow / adjacent; (to be) of a lesser quality; to drag; to stretch; a qualification of grain; to thresh (grain) by treading; to coagulate? | us₂ [4087x] = side, edge; path | us₂ [109x] = to lean on, impose; to check | determinative ^{&m;} before male names

[PLM] The Sumerian sign (Jaritz #424), depicts a 'penis or phallus with scrotum, issuing a liquid'. Its main reading is us (for *ûš), which means 'cohabit, impregnate, stud-animal', and 'penis (as 'ejaculator')', representing 'surround-excrete' = 'ejaculate while cohabiting'. The Sumerian word can be found in PIE (Proto-Indo-European): *wes-, 'dampen, wet, male animal', and *wegw-, 'damp, sprinkle'.

 $\mathbf{F}_{i} \neq \mathbf{F}_{i} \neq \mathbf{F}_{i}$

12357 \bowtie USH₂ / $u\check{s}_2 = [3556x]$ to die; to be dead; to kill; death | [50x] = blood; gore | [2x] = dead / dry reed(stylus) $|ug_7[259x] = plural and imperfect singular stem of uš (to die) | cf. 12041 \implies BAD remote$ 12358 **USHUM = serpent** | cf. USHUM.GAL = dragon (big serpent) 12359 UTUKI = prob. honorific suffix | 3 signs: 12300 \longrightarrow TIL = complete, end; sun + 12155 \square IR = ask, divinate + ??; could be a link to 12232 MUŠ = snake| cf. Marduk is derived from the Sumerian Amar-utu(ki) (see 1202B ⁽¹⁾ "the heifer [young cow?] of the sun-spirit" 1235A UZ3, uzud (ud₅, uz₃) [3299x] = (female) goat1235B UZ3 x KASKAL UZU [274x] = flesh cf. SIG+UZU hit + flesh = TUD to beat / whip | determinative 1235C &uzu; body parts 1235D ZA, LIMMU₅ [11x] = 4 ["4" four numeric; cf. more used 121F9 E limmu₂ [1759x] NIGIDA LIMMU, DIŠ/DIŠ+DIŠ/DIŠ | ZA = [113x] man; [43x] bead, gem; [113x] CVVE | cpd $\overrightarrow{PP} ZA - E = you [~ + 1208A E interjection]$ 1235E \Re ZA tenu | ad4 [5x] = crippled 1235F ZA sq x KUR 12360 \square ZAG, ZA₃ [902x] = side; arm; shoulder; border, boundary, district; limit; right side, the right cpd zag-bi = boundary open – endless [12360 ZAG boundary + 12049 BI open] 12361 ZAMx 12362 $E_2 = you; live | zi_2[157x] = cut | cf. give | la (lalamu) [66x] = lust, rump$ 12363 \overrightarrow{III} ZI, ZID | zig₃ (zi) [8574x] = to issue; to levy, raise, muster; to expend; to swell / rise (have an erection) $\widehat{ges3+zig} \mid zid(zi) = [1475x]$ right; to be right, true, loyal, faithful | [815x] life, to breathe, self | syll.: sé, sí, ze, zi, | ZI+GA = insurgency, attack



A | Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | Top

MUGSAR 4-WAY



1. unicode 2. sign 3. lemma 4. translation [28x12013CT] 444
Current WIP 4-Way Library:
Sumerians – Kings of the Earthlings
Sumerians called themselves "black-headed people"

> There in the tablets, "black people" are the "city-dwellers" and "rulers of Sumer"

First Professors are Black!

> Inana and the Seven Cosmic Powers of her Loincloth

Ninĝirsu's Temple (Gudea Cylinders)

Very Common Signs | top | TOC2 | *QF*

Sumerians – Kings of the Earthlings

Firstly, the issue over the more correct cuneiform. Clearly, it make much more sense that 'gi' 12100 *reed stylus* (writing => knowledge => power; reed marsh of Tigris and Euphrates delta) should be the one we use. Rather than the much less used non-Sumerian, later Babylonian 'gir₁₅' 120A0 (local), as shown at PSD for the individual logogram, 4900x to 7x, and the compound for Sumerian language 'eme.gi' 21x over 'eme.gir₁₅' only 1x, in the older period.

And similarly for tablets refering to the King of Sumer, mainly use e.g. the famous Ur-Nammu tablet (see below, also ETCSL, e.g.1: Poem Išme-Dagan (c.2.5.4.01), line c25401.A.364; e.g.2: "Then the Martu peoples, who know no agriculture, arose in all Sumer...", c1822.369). So why do the elites misquote the cuneiform sign actually used?!

Also see Proto Language Monosyllables – Patrick Ryan clearly knows what he is talking about, "...*Emegi*, the language of males in Sumer, differs in some interesting ways from equivalent forms in *Emesal*, the language of females..."

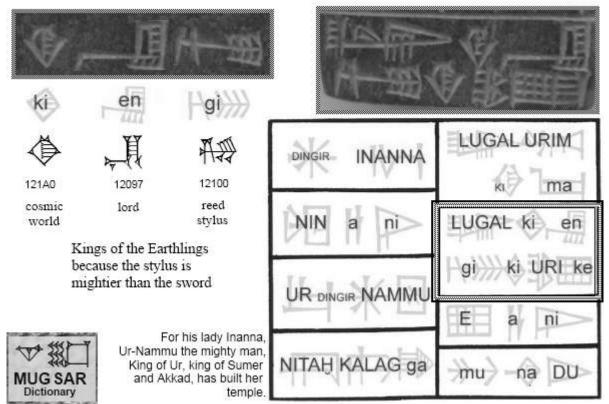
#	gi gi				Ť
70	00CT/3000Pl	the second s		/ 2000	
<u> </u>	977	372	(0	189	
ĝir () I	NATIVE] (7x: gir ₁₅	Old Babylo	nian) wr. ĝit	'15 "nativ	e, local"
70	00CT/3000Pl	7500 / 25	00 8000	/ 2000	1
				7	
"the [1]	ir [SUMERIA Sumerian lar			on; ŝumo eme	erű -gi
"the				on; ŝumo eme	erú
"the [1]		nguage* Akd		on; ŝumo eme	erű -gi
"the [1]	Sumerian lau 本耳不会 本耳道 7000 CT	nguage* Akd	k. šumeritu 8000	on; ŝumo eme	-gi

[12174 'eme' = tongue, language + 12100 GI reed / write]

One can imagine that the Sumerians were dominant and respected by other states because they could write, hence the emphasis on reed stylus. Thus they were looked on as, "Kings of the Earthlings because the stylus is mightier than the sword".

4-Way top | Very Common Signs | TOC2

Tablet of Ur-Nammu



4-Way follows...

Inana lady (wonder) come to pass Ur-Nammu the mighty man

mana hady (wonder) come to pass of realine the mighty man					
12239	cpd	12000	1224C	cpd	cpd
₩₩₩	₽₫	۲¥	Ĵ₽	₽₩₩	
dinana	nin	а	ni	Ur-Nammu	nitah-kalag-ga
Inana	lady,	bemoan /	comes to	(Ur-Engur)	mighty man
determ.	mistress	sigh of	pass	12328 UR	12351 NITAH
1202D	122A9	wonder;		dog, city? +	male + 12197
AN+	MUG	progeny;		determ.	KALAG
12239	cuneus +	(water)		1202D AN+	mighty +
MUŠ ₃	12306			121C9	120B5 GA
	TUG ₂			cosmic	suckling,
	garment			waters	young

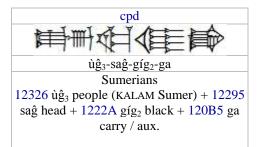
King of Ur, King of Sumer and Akkad

cpd	cpd	cpd
	副学会 【 # @ @	
lugal ur-im-ki	lugal ki-en- gi ki	uri-ke
King of Ur	King of Sumer	and Akkad
12217 LUGAL King +	12217 LUGAL King +	12335 URI
cpd Ur-im + 121A0 KI	Sumer: "121A0 KI cosmic	vessel, (Akkad)
city	world + 12097 EN lord +	+ 121A4 KE4
	12100 GI place of reeds	open field
	stylus, writing, knowledge,	
	power" + 121A0 KI city	

.. temple build

cpd	cpd		
e-a-ni	mu-na-du		
temple	build		
1208D E_2 temple +	1222C MU year,		
aux a-ni:	name + 1223E NA		
"12000 A wonder +	pestle +		
1224C NI timelessness"	12195 DU build		

Sumerians called themselves "black-headed people"



Examples in tablets follow...

4-Way top | Very Common Signs | TOC2

There in the tablets, "black people" are the "city-dwellers" and "rulers of Sumer"

- 231. His father replied to the boy;
- 232. his father replied to Šukaletuda:
- 233. "My son, you should join the city-dwellers your brothers the rulers of Sumer.
- 234. Go at once to the black-headed people, your brothers!
- 235. Then this woman [Inana] will not find you in the lands of Sumer."
- 236. He joined the **city-dwellers**, his brothers all together.
- 237. He went at once to the black-headed people, his brothers,
- 238. and the woman did not find him in the lands.

[ETCSL: c133.231]

- 231. lu_2 -tur ad-da-ni mu-na-ni-ib-gi₄-gi₄
- 232. su-kal-/le-tud-da ad-[da-ni] mu-na-ni-ib-gi₄-gi₄
- 233. dumu- $\hat{g}u_{10}$ iri šeš-zu $\hat{h}e_2$ -eb- us_2 -en
- 234. saĝ gig₂ šeš-zu-ne ĝiri3 gub-ba ĝen-na
- 235. munus-e šag4 kur-kur-ra-ka nu-um-ma-ni-in-pad₃-de₃-en
- 236. iri šeš-a-ni ni2-bi-a im-us2
- 237. saĝ gig₂ šeš-a-ni ĝiri3 gub-ba im-ĝen
- 238. munus-e šag4 kur-kur-ra-ka nu-um-ma-ni-in-pad3

4-Way follows...

Inana & Šukaletuda (c.1.3.3), line c133.231 [cont from Inana 138b] 231. lu₂-tur ad-da-ni mu-na-ni-ib-gi₄-gi₄ [ETCSL: His father replied to the boy]

son father for a time tossed the problem around

cpd	cpd	cpd		
lu ₂ -tur	ad-da-ni	mu-na-ni-ib-gi4-gi4		
son	father	tossed the problem around		
121FD lu ₂	1201C AD father	1222C MU year, dear, name, son +		
male +	+ 12055 DA line	1223E NA pestle + 1224C NI comes to		
12309	(gen.) + 1224C	pass + 12141 IB oval + 12104 x2 gi ₄ -g		
TUR son	NI in time	(conversation) reply		

etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.231 (or c133.177)

.. 232. šu-kal-/le\-tud-da ad-[da-ni] mu-na-ni-ib-gi₄-gi₄ [ETCSL: his father replied to Šukaletuda]

Šukaletuda father for a time tossed the problem aroundcpd closeupcpdcpdcpd

cpd closeup cpd	cpd
小人之子学 小山山 医胃 医胃 医胃	·jeep by the second sec
šu-kal-le-tud-da ad-da-ni mu-na-1	ni-ib-gi ₄ -gi ₄
Šukaletuda father ad	lvised
122D7 ŠU hand + op. cit. op	p. cit.
12197 KAL mighty	
+ 121F7 LE branch	
+ 12305 TU small +	
12055 DA line	

etcsl.ohinst.ox...c133.232

233. dumu-ĝu10 **iri šeš-zu** he2-eb-us2-**en** [Inana-Šukaletuda c133.233] [ETCSL: "My son, you should join the city-dwellers your brothers.] son **city-dwellers your brothers** get protection from them the **rulers of Sumer**

12309	12337	122C0	cpd
℣ℍ	Ē	▼☆ ∭	
dumu-ĝu ₁₀	iri	šeš-zu	ĥe₂-eb-us₂- en
son	city-	brothers	get protection from the rulers
12309 TUR	dwellers	122C0 šeš	of Sumer
son + 1222C		brother +	120F6 he ₂ be he + 12141 IB
ĝu ₁₀ dear, son		1236A ZU	$oval + 12351 us_2 lean on +$
		know	12097 EN rulers of Sumer

etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.233

•••

234. **saĝ gig2 šeš-zu-ne** ĝiri3 gub-ba ĝen-na [Inana-Šukaletuda c133.234] [ETCSL: Go at once to the black-headed people, **your brothers**!] black people your brothers hop to it go

Diack peo	Shack people your brothers hop to it go					
12295	1222A	122C0 12248	1210A	1207A	cpd	
₫				₩¶ A	₩M	
saĝ	gig_2	šeš-zu-ne	ĝiri ₃	gub-ba	ĝen-na	
head /	black	brothers your	foot; path,	stand	go	
people		op. cit. 12248	via	1207A	1207A ĝen	
		NE these / your		DU stand	go + 1223E	
				+ 12040	pestle	
				BA split		

etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.234

235. munus-e šag4 kur-kur-ra-ka nu-um-ma-ni-in-pad3-de3-en [ETCSL: Then this woman [Inana] will not find you in all the lands."] That woman! interior of all the land talking did not find in Sumer the rapist

122A9	122AE	cpd	cpd			
*\#	\otimes	**西型	下12000年11月1日			
munus-e	šag ₄	kur-kur-ra-ka	nu-um-ma-ni-in-pad ₃ -de ₃ EN			
That	interior	in all the land	not find in Sumer the rapist			
woman!		talking (about the	(of Inana)			
munus +		rape) 121B3 KUR	op. cit. pad_3 . +			
1208A E		lands + 1228F RA	12097 EN abbrev. for Sumer			
interjection		aux. + 12157 KA				
		talk				

etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.235

•••

236. iri šeš-a-ni ni2-bi-a im-us2

[ETCSL: He joined the city-dwellers, his brothers all together.] city dwellers his brothers in time all together joined_____

cpd	cpd	12351
šeš-a-ni	ni ₂ -bi-a	im-us ₂
brothers his	themselves	joined
122C0 šeš	(1224E ni ₂ +	1214E IM
brother +	12049 BI +	copula+ 12351
12000 A	12000 A)	us ₂ accompany,
bemoan +	[see ETCSL]	follow
1224C NI in		
time		
	šeš-a-ni brothers his 122C0 šeš brother + 12000 A bemoan + 1224C NI in	šeš-a-nini2-bi-abrothers histhemselves122C0 šeš(1224E ni2 +brother +12049 BI +12000 A[see ETCSL]bemoan +[see ETCSL]

etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.236

237. **saĝ gig2** šeš-a-ni ĝiri3 gub-ba im-ĝen [ETCSL: He went at once to the black-headed people, his brothers,] black people his brothers hopping to it went

onder peop	nuck people his brothers hopping to it went					
12295	1222A	cpd	1210A	1207A	cpd	
₹Ħ				₩¶ A		
saĝ	gig ₂	šeš-a-ni	ĝiri ₃	gub-ba	im-ĝen	
head /	black	brothers his	foot	stand	went	
people		op. cit. 236	op. cit.	op. cit. 234	1214E IM	
			234		copula +	
					1207A ĝen go	

etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.237

238. munus-e šag4 kur-kur-ra-ka nu-um-ma-ni-in-pad3 [ETCSL: and the woman did not find him in the land.] That woman! interior of all the land did not find the rapist

i nav nom	nut womant interior of an the faile are not find the fup ist						
122A9	122AE	cpd	cpd				
☆掛	\otimes	なる意	◆ \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$				
munus-e	šag ₄	kur-kur-ra-ka	nu-um-ma-ni-in-pad ₃				
That	interior	in the land	not find the rapist (of Inana)				
woman!		op. cit.	op. cit. pad ₃ .				
op. cit.							
235							

etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.238

[END extract] | 231 | 4-Way top | TOC2

ETCSL Search: "black-headed people" saĝ-gig2 (-ga)

4-Way top | Very Common Signs | TOC2

137-148. The francolin to the of its The francolin to the birthplace of Dumuzid. Like a pigeon on its window ledge it took counsel with itself; the francolin in its shelter took counsel. Only his mother Durtur can gladden my master! Only his mother Durtur can gladden Dumuzid! My goddess, born in Kuara, the maiden who is the crown of all, the admiration and acclaim of **the black-headed people**, the playful one who also voices laments and the cries, who intercedes before the king -- Ĝeštin-ana, the lady, did

- 137. [...]-ba-še3 buru5-habrudmušen-e nam /il2 \langle
- 138. ki-ulutim2 ddumu-zid-da-še3 buru5-habrudmušen-e [...]
- 139. tum12mušen-gin7 ab-lal3-ba ni2-bi-a ad-e-eš ba-ni-ib2-gi4
- 140. buru5-habrudmušen-e a2-bur2-ba ad-e-eš ba-ni-ib-gi4
- 141. lugal-ĝu10 ama-ni ddur7-/tur\-ra-am3 i3-ḫul2-le
- 142. ddumu-zid-de3 ama-ni <ddur7-tur-ra-am3 i3-hul2-le>
- 143. in-nin-ĝu10 u3-tud-da kuaraki
- 144. ki-sikil amar sig7-ga men-bi
- 145. u6 di niĝ2-me-ĝar saĝ gig2-ga
- 146. e-ne dug4-dug4 i-lu akkil dug4-dug4
- 147. nam-šita dug4-dug4 lugal-la [...]
- 148. dĝeštin-an-na-ke4 nin [...]
- --

••

c.1.3.2/Tr/Gl saĝ gig2-ga šir3-re-eš bi2-ib-ra

She shall determine fates. She shall apportion the divine powers among the Anuna, the great gods. And as for you, I will place in your hands the lives of **the black-headed people**." When you get there, let the woman I have chosen for her beauty her mother. Do not go to her empty-handed, but take her some jewellery in your left hand. Waste no time. Return with her answer quickly."

--

31-38. In the Gagiššua of the great palace, where she renders verdicts with grandeur, he made the great mother Ninlil glad. Enlil and Ninlil relished it there. In its great dining hall, the trustworthy hero chosen by Nunamnir made them enjoy a magnificent meal: the E-kur was rejoicing. They looked with approval at the shepherd Ur-Namma, and the Great Mountain decreed a great destiny for **Ur-Nammu** for all time, making him the mightiest among his **black-headed people**.

••

- 31. ĝa2-ĝiš-šu2-a /e2\-gal maḥ-di gal ku5-ru-da-ni
- 32. /ama\ gal dnin-lil2-ra ul mu-na-ni-in-de6
- 33. den-lil2 dnin-lil2-bi dug3 mi-ni-in-ĝal2-le-eš
- 34. unu2 gal-ba šul zid mu pad3-da dnu-nam-nir-ra-ka (zi-kir šu-mi)

- 35. ninda mah am3-mi-ni-dug3 e2-kur hul2-la-am3
- 36. igi zid mu-un-ši-in-bar-re-eš sipad dur-dnamma-ra
- 37. kur gal-e sipad dur-dnamma-ra nam gal ud su3-ra2-še3 mu-ni-in-tar
- 38. saĝ gig2-ga-na a2 mi-ni-in-maĥ
- --

4-Way top | Very Common Signs | TOC2

ETCSL translation : t.2.5.3.4

http://etcsl.orinst.ox...c.2.5.3.4

A šir-namerima (?) for Iddin-Dagan (Iddin-Dagan D)

1-2. Great lady, majestic physician to the black-headed, holy Ninisina, daughter of An, may you be praised!

3-9. Lady whose tempest, like a raging storm, the interior of heaven and the trembling earth, whose upraised fierce face, like a fire, rips the bodies of the enemy; who, like a dragon, does not bring up venom in her place where, paws of a lion, sharpened knives, claws constantly dripping blood, which prick the body with fear! When you draw through the flesh the scalpel and the lancet, knives like lion's claws -- the bodies of **the black-headed people** tremble because of you!

..

- 1. nin gal <a>-zu maḫ saĝ gig2-ga
- 2. kug dnin-isin2si-na dumu an-na me-teš2 he2-i-i
- 3. nin tum9u18-lu-ni ud mir-a-gin7 an-šag4-a ki? dub2-bu X
- 4. dgibil6-gin7 igi /buš il2\-la-ni erim2-ma su dar-dar-re
- 5. ušumgal-gin7 ki KA X-a-na uš11-bi nu-ed3-de3
- 6. /šu piriĝ\-ĝa2 ĝiri2 u3-sar ak umbin uš2 biz-biz-biz
- 7. su X HA E de2-de3 ni2 su-a ru-ru-gu2
- 8. ĝiri2-zal bulug-kiĝ2-gur4 ĝiri2 piriĝ-ĝa2-gin7 uzu e3-a-zu-uš
- 9. **uĝ3 saĝ gig2** su ma-ra-sag3-sag3-ge

--

A praise poem of Hammu-rābi (Hammu-rābi A)

http://etcsl.orinst.ox...c.2.8.2.1

1-17.

1 line fragmentary acting as its lord

7 lines fragmentary the black-headed the Euphrates the Tigris

10. [...]-zu X um-ma-ri saĝ gig2-ga [(...)] /IM?\ en GIL

--

http://etcsl.orinst.ox...c.5.5.4

18-27. Here, {in {'Where Flesh Came Forth'} {(1 ms. has instead:) 'Where Flesh Grew'} (the name of a cosmic location), he set this very hoe (al) to work;} {(1 other ms. has instead:) in 'Where Flesh Grew' the unassailable

(?),} he had it place the first model of mankind in the brick mould. His Land started to break through the soil towards Enlil. He looked with favour at his black-headed people. Now the Anuna gods stepped forward to him, and did (ĝal) obeisance to him. They calmed Enlil with a prayer, for they wanted to demand (al-dug) **the black-headed people** from him. Ninmena, the lady who had given birth to the ruler, who had given birth to the king, now set (alĝaĝa) human reproduction going.

```
18. {\{uzu-e3-a\} {(1 ms. has instead:) uzu-mu2-a} \hat{g}isal am3-mi-ni-in-du3}
```

{

••

(1 other ms. has instead the line:)

18A. uzu-mu2-a saĝ nu-ĝa2-ĝa2-de3

- }
- 19. saĝ nam-lu2-ulu3 u3-šub-ba mi-ni-in-ĝar
- 20. den-lil2-še3 kalam-ma-ni ki mu-un-ši-in-dar-re
- 21. saĝ gig2-ga-ni-še3 igi zid mu-ši-in-bar
- 22. da-nun-na mu-un-na-sug2-sug2-ge-eš
- 23. šu-bi giri17-ba mu-un-ne-ĝal2
- 24. den-lil2 a-ra-zu-a mu-ni-in-huĝ-e-ne
- 25. **uĝ3 saĝ gig2-ga** al mu-un-da-be2-ne
- 26. nin en u3-tud-de3 lugal u3-tud-de3
- 27. dnin-men-na-ke4 tud-tud al-ĝa2-ĝa2
- --

4-Way top | Very Common Signs | TOC2

http://etcsl.orinst.ox...c.5.3.6

1-10.

2 lines fragmentary of Enlil Small ten-shekel pieces of silver

6 lines fragmentary ... unknown no. of lines missing

1-11.

5 lines fragmentary in aromatic oil of cedar humans, **the black-headed people**. Let him anoint each with my aromatic oil of cedar. it is an abomination to my king.

••

- 7. [...] /lu2\-ulu3 **uĝ3 saĝ gig2**-ge
- 8. [...] i3 šim ĝišerin-na-ĝa2-ta-am3 ha-mu-ta-/šeš4\-e
- 9. [...] HI-bi-ra lugal-ĝa2 niĝ2-gig-bi-[im]
- --

Sumer

The Victory of Utu-Hengal, ETCSL transliteration : c.2.1.6.

4. ki-en-gi-ra2 nij2-a-erim2 /bi2-in\-si-a

21. sig-ce3 ki-en-gi-ra2 {gana2} {(1 ms. has instead:) jic} bi2-kece2

http://etcsl.orinst.ox.ac.uk...c533.236

236-247. "When the šem and ala drums, and other instruments play together for him, he passes the time with your heart-gladdening tigi and zamzam instruments. But it is I who have made the wine plentiful and made much to eat and drink. I perfect the garments with fine oil. I bring up the, the šutur and aktum garments. As for safeguarding, the best in **Sumer**, in the oppressive heat (?) of Summer, where they had been put away in the bedrooms amongst **the black-headed people**, moths destroy the blankets and make the aktum cloth perish because of you. exhausts itself for you The wooden chest I am Ninkasi's help, for her I sweeten the beer, with as much cold water, the tribute of the hills, as you brought."

••

- 236. šem3 kuša2-la2 si-ŠIR3 ĝiš-gu3-di ni2-ba u3-mu-na-du12
- 237. tigi za-am-za-am niĝ2 šag4 hul2-la-zu ud mi-ni-ib-zal-zal-e
- 238. ĝe26-e ĝeštin lu-lu-me-en gu7 naĝ gal-gal-me-en
- 239. tug2 i3 dug3-ge ba-ab-du7-me-en
- 240. /niĝ2\-tug2-ba tug2šutur tug2aktum-ma a2 ba-ni-e3-a-me-en
- 241. /kum2\-ma dugud e2-me-eš saĝ ki-en-gi*-ra zi-bi tum2-tum2-de3
- 242. uĝ3 saĝ gig2-ga ur2-bi-a ki-nu2 ĝar-ĝar-ra-bi
- 243. tug2niĝ2-barag2 nim mu-ra-be4-be4 tug2aktum mu-ra-sah6
- 244. ĝišniĝ2-keše2-da a2 mu-ra-ab-kuš2-u3 e2-gal ma-ra-ŠEŠ-ŠEŠ
- 245. ĝišgu2-ne-saĝ-ĝa2-ke4 mu-un-kiĝ2-kiĝ2 en3 tar mu-ni-ĝal2
- 246. dnin-ka-si-ke4 a2-tah-a-ni-me-en kaš mu-un-na-ab-dug3-ge-en
- 247. a sed4 gu2-un hur-saĝ-ĝa2 a-na mu-e-tum2-tum2-mu
 - * So here in one of the few extant examples, 'Sumer' = "saĝ ki-en-gi" = head(/people) + cosmic world + lord + *reed stylus* 'gi' [not little used 'gir₁₅' *native*]

[END Black Sumerians]

4-Way top | Very Common Signs | TOC2

First Professors are Black!

The advice of a supervisor to a younger scribe (E-dub-ba-a C)

(The supervisor speaks:)

1. dumu e_2 -dub-ba-a ud ul-la ĝa₂-nu ki-ĝu₁₀-š e_3

[ETCSL: {Apprentice!} One-time member of the school, come here to me,]

Apprentice scribe school once supervised won't you come down to the designated place

12309	cpd	12313	1230C+121B7	120B7+12261	cpd
≽	Ħ n dĭ	X)	令重	₩ ¥	令 米個
dumu	e ₂ -dub-ba-a	UD	ul-la	ĝa ₂ -nu	ki-ĝu ₁₀ -še ₃
appren	scribe school	day,	distant time	place,	designated
-tice	1208D e_2 school,	once	+ show,	come down	place
	house + 1207E		supervise	+ NU not	121A0
	DUB tablet +			(won't you	KI place
	12040 BA allot,			come)	+
	share + 12000				1222C
	progeny				MU name
					son +
					12365 še ₃
					string

Note: Original translation inexplicably doesn't bother to translate the very first word, "dumu" = apprentice – probably the most interesting and important part of the whole introduction... http://etcsl.orinst.ox...c513.1

4-Way top | Very Common Signs | TOC2

2. $ni\hat{g}_2$ **um-mi**-a- $\hat{g}u_{10}$ mu-un-pad₃-da za-e ga-ra-pad₃-pad₃ http://etcsl.orinst.ox...c513.2

[ETCSL: and let me explain to you what my teacher revealed]

something, dear professor, who of course must be black, revealed to the people of Sumer, you, like threshing grain will be revealed

cpd	cpd	cpd	cpd
		₩₩	ॗॗऀक़ॏॣॣॺॖऄॣ
um-mi-a-ĝu ₁₀	mu-un-pad3-da	za-e	ga-ra-pad ₃ -pad ₃
professor who of	revealed to	you	like threshing grain
course must be	the people of	1235D	will be revealed
black	Sumer	+	120B5 GA bring
1231D UM	1222C MU name	1200A	+ 1228F RA threshing
reed stem	+ 12326 UN		$+ cpd pad_3$
(stylus / writing	(KALAM =		reveal x2
symbol)	Sumer) +		
(1207E	$cpd pad_3$		
tablet var)	reveal +		
+ 1222A MI	12055 DA		
black* +	writing board		
12000 progeny			
+ 1222C ĝu ₁₀ dear			
	um-mi-a-ĝu ₁₀ professor who of course must be black 1231D UM reed stem (stylus / writing symbol) (1207E tablet var) + 1222A MI black* + 12000 progeny	Image: symbolImage: symboltablet var)course must beblacksumer1231D UM1222C MU namereed stem+ 12326 UN(stylus / writingsumer) +(1207Ecpd pad3tablet var)reveal ++ 1222A MI12055 DAblack* +writing board	Image: Non-minage symbolImage: Non-minage symbolImage: Non-minage symbolImage: Non-minage symbolum-minage symbolrevealed toyourevealed tol235DblackSumerl235D1231D UMl222C MU name+reed stem+ 12326 UN(KALAM =(stylus / writing(KALAM =-symbolSumer) +(1207Ecpd pad3tablet var)reveal +12055 DA-black* +writing board12000 progeny+ 1222C $\hat{g}u_{10}$ dear

* There are some who say that when the Sumerians call themselves black it should not be taken literally, and black means local or something. Also in signs for other professions the scribes don't add this extra point, but here they emphasize the first professors that started the education revolution 5000 years ago are BLACK!

ummia [EXPERT] (142x: ED IIIb, Old Akkadian, Ur III

expert, master	th th	ot just the Sume nemselves black rofessors are BL	, the first
7000CT/5000ya	7500CT/4500ya	8000CT/4000ya	
14	110	18	PSD

3. za-e-gin₇-nam nam-lu₂-tur i_3 -ak šeš-gal i_3 -tuku-am₃ [ETCSL: "Like you, I was once a youth and had a mentor]

za-e-gin7-nam	nam-lu ₂ -tur	i ₃ -ak	šeš-gal	i ₃ -tuku-am ₃
you (sg.)	status as child	to do	elder	to have
ZA-E-DIM ₂ -NAM	NAM-LU ₂ -TUR	NI-AK	brother	NI-TUK-A.AN
			ŠEŠ-GAL	

http://etcsl.orinst.ox.c513.3 *END current WIP*

4-Way top | Very Common Signs | top | TOC2 | *QF*

"Like you, I was once a youth and had a mentor. The teacher assigned a task to me -- it was man's work. Like a springing reed, I leapt up and put myself to work. I did not depart from my teacher's instructions, and I did not start doing things on my own initiative. My mentor was delighted with my work on the assignment. He rejoiced that I was humble before him and he spoke in my favour."

3.za-e-gin7-nam nam-lu2-tur i3-ak šeš-gal i3-tuku-am3

4. um-mi-a lu2-ta kiĝ2-ĝa2-am3 a2 aĝ2-ĝa2 ĝiš bi2-in-ĝar

5. gi al-gu4-ud-da-gin7 i3-gu4-ud-de3-en kiĝ2-ĝa2 bi2-in-sig10-ge-en

6. inim um-mi-a-ĝu10 nu-un-taka4 niĝ2 ni2-ĝa2 li-bi2-ak

7. šeš-gal-ĝu10 a2 ĝiš ĝar-ra-ĝa2 šag4-ga-ni i-ni-in-dug3

8. i3-sun5-ne na-mu-da-ši-hul2 silim-ĝa2 i-ni-in-dug4

3-8.

9-15.

- 9. "I just did whatever he outlined for me -- everything was always in its place. 10. Only a fool would have deviated from his instructions.
- 11. He guided my hand on the clay and kept me on the right path.
- 12. He made me eloquent with words and gave me advice.
- 13. He focused my eyes on the rules which guide a man with a task:
- 14. zeal is proper for a task, time-wasting is taboo;
- 15. anyone who wastes time on his task is neglecting his task."
- 9. ĝiš ma-an-hur-ra na-an-dim2 ki-bi-še3 al-ĝar-ĝar
- 10. na de5-ga-ni-ta lu2 hu-ru-um šu bar dib-ba-e
- 11. im-ma šu-ĝu10 si ba-ni-in-sa2 us2 zid mu-un-dab5
- 12. ka-ĝu10 inim-ma ĝal2 ba-ni-in-taka4 ad gi4-gi4 ma-an-pad3
- 13. ĝiš-hur lu2 a2 aĝ2-ĝa2 si sa2-e igi ma-ni-in-si-si
- 14. gu2 zi-zi-i ha-la a2 ag2-ga2-kam ud zal-le nig2-gig-ga
- 15. lu2 ki a2 aĝ2-ĝa2-ni-še3 ud zal-la a2 aĝ2-ĝa2-ni ab-taka4

16-20.

"He did not vaunt his knowledge: his words were modest. If he had vaunted his knowledge, people would have frowned. Do not waste time, do not rest at night -- get on with that work! Do not reject the pleasurable company of a mentor or his assistant: once you have come into contact with such great brains, you will make your own words more worthy."

16. niĝ2-zu-a-ni pa nu-um-e3 ka-ga14-ni ba-an-la2

17. tukum-bi niĝ2-zu-a-ni pa ba-an-e3 igi mu-un-suh-suh-u3-ne

18. ud na-ab-zal-e-en ĝi6 na-ab-sed4-e-en a2-bi-še3 ĝen-na

19. šeš-gal šeš-ban3-da hi-li-a-bi na-an-na-ni-ib-gi4-gi4

20. saĝ-ki gal-gal-la um-ma-te inim-zu ba-dugud-de3-en

21-26.

"And another thing: you will never return to your blinkered vision; that would be greatly to demean due deference, the decency of mankind. Worthy plants [offerings?] calm the heart, and sins are absolved. An empty-handed man's gifts are respected as such. Even a poor man clutches a kid to his chest as he kneels. You should defer to the powers that be and -- that will calm you."

21. 2-kam-ma-še3 igi keše2-da-zu-še3 nu-ra-ni-ib-gi4-gi4

22. ki za-za teš2 lu2-u18-lu-ka mah-bi gu2 he2-ri-du3

23. u2 teš2-a-ka šag4 ab-sed4-de3 nam-tag-ga al-du8-e

24. lu2 šu sug4-ga-ka kadra-ni ur5-še3 nir mu-un-ĝal2

25. lu2 niĝ2 nu-tuku maš2 gur-ra-na gaba-na i-im-tab

26. lu2-ĝarza2-ra ki he2-en-ne-za he2-keše2 ba-sed4-de3

27-28.

"There, I have recited to you what my teacher revealed, and you will not neglect it. You should pay attention -- taking it to heart will be to your benefit!"

27. niĝ2 um-mi-a-ĝu10 mu-un-pad3-de3 e-ra-šid nu-mu-ra-ab-taka4

28. ĝizzal he2-bi2-ak šag4-še3 gid2-i-de3 sag9-ge-zu mu-da-an-ĝal2

29-35. The learned scribe humbly answered his supervisor:

"I shall give you a response to what you have just recited like a magic spell, and a rebuttal to your charming **ditty** delivered in a bellow.

Do not make me out to be an ignoramus -- I will answer you once and for all! You opened my eyes like a puppy's and you made me into a human being.

But why do you go on outlining rules for me as if I were a shirker? Anyone hearing your words would feel insulted!"

29. dub-sar umun2 ak sun5-na-bi ugula-a-ni mu-un-na-ni-ib-gi4-gi4

30. ud mu7-mu7-gin7 ab-šid-en-na-a ba-an-gi4-bi a-ra-ab-ha-za-an

31. mu gud-gin7 i-lu dug3-ga-zu-še3 ĝiš i3-la2-a-bi

32. lu2 nu-zu nam-mu-ni-ib-ku4-ku4 1(DIŠ)-am3 ga-ra-ni-ib-gi4 (1 ms. inserts lines 60A and 60B here instead of after line 60)

33. ur-gir15 tur-gin7 igi mu-e-bad-bad nam-lu2-ulu3 mu-e-ak

34. a-na-aš-am3 lu2 ĝa2-la dag-ga-gin7 ĝiš ma-ab-hur-hur-re-en

35. lu2 inim-zu ĝiš ba-ni-in-tuku-a šu am3-ma-kar2-kar2

36-41.

"Whatever you revealed of the scribal art has been repaid to you.

You put me in charge of your household and I have never served you by shirking.

I have assigned duties to the slave girls, slaves and subordinates in your household.

I have kept them happy with rations, clothing and oil rations,

and I have assigned the order of their duties to them,

so that you do not have to follow the slaves around in the house of their master.

I do this as soon as I wake up, and I chivvy them around like sheep."

36. nam-dub-sar-ra a-na mu-e-pad3-da-zu šu-za ba-ni-in-šum2

37. e2-za he2-bi2-gub-be2-en ud na-me niĝ2 ĝa2-la dag-ga-ĝu10-uš sa2 ba-ra-am3-mu-ri-ib-dug4

38. geme2 arad2 ĝiri3-sig10-ga e2-za kiĝ2-gi4-a he2-bi2-ne-gi4

39. šukur2-bi tug2-bi u3 i3-ba-bi šag4-bi ha-ma-dug3-ga

40. a-ra2-bi-še3 kiĝ2-gi4-a he2-bi2-in-ne-gi4 e2 lugal-ka arad2 ba-ra-bi2-in-us2

41. gaba ud-ĝa2 he2-bi2-ak udu-gin7 he2-eb-us2-u3-nam

42-49.

"When you have ordered offerings to be prepared, I have performed them for you on the appropriate days.

- 43] I have made the sheep and banquets attractive, so that your god is overjoyed.
- 44] When the boat of your god arrives, people should greet it with respect.
- 45] When you have ordered me to the edge of the fields, I have made the men work there.

It is challenging work which permits no sleep either at night or in the heat of day, if the cultivators are to do their best at the field-borders.

I have restored quality to your fields, so people admire you.

Whatever your task for the oxen, I have exceeded it and have fully completed their loads for you."

42. sizkur2 sa gi4-gi4-da he2-mu-e-dug4 ud-bi sa2 he2-ri-ib-dug4

43. udu-bi u2-gu7-bi ha-ma-sag9-sag9 diĝir-zu he2-hul2

44. ud ma2 diĝir-za us2-sa-bi giri17 šu ha-ra-ab-tag-ge-ne

- 45. gaba a-šag4-ga-še3 a2 he2-mu-e-da-a-a-aĝ2 erin2-e kiĝ2 he2-bi2-ak
- 46. kiĝ2 a-da-min3-na ĝi6 an-bar7-ba u3 ba-ra-bi2-ku-am3
- 47. us2-a-DU dumu engar-ra-ke4-e-ne saĝ hu-mu-un-kal-le-ne
- 48. a-šag4-za šu nam-sag9-ga he2-bi2-gi4 uĝ3-e u6 di he2-ri-ib-dug4
- 49. gud-de3 a-na-am3 gub-zu dirig he2-em-tum3 gu2-un-bi ha-ra-ab-silim-ma-am3

50-53.

"Since my childhood you have scrutinised me and kept an eye on my behaviour, inspecting it like fine silver -- there is no limit to it!

Without speaking grandly -- as is your shortcoming -- I serve before you.

But those who undervalue themselves are ignored by you -know that I want to make this clear to you."

- 50. tur-ra-ĝu10-ta he2-em-ma-dim4-e-en a-ra2-ĝu10 igi he2-bi2-du8
- 51. kug sag9-ga-gin7 kurum7 he2-bi2-ak ki-šer11 la-ba-an-tuku
- 52. gal-bi nu-di niĝ2-gig-zu-gin7 e-ra-da-tuš-u3-nam
- 53. ni2 tur-tur-re e-ra-da-saḫ6-saḫ6-na pa ga-ra-ab-e3 zu-a

54-59. (The supervisor answers:)
"Raise your head now, you who were formerly a youth.
You can turn your hand against any man, so act as is befitting."
(The scribe speaks:)
"Through you who offered prayers and so blessed me, who instilled instruction into my body as if I were consuming milk and butter, who showed his service to have been unceasing, I have experienced success and suffered no evil."

- 54. ud-bi-ta lu2-tur he2-me-en-na i3-ne-eš2 saĝ-zu il2
- 55. šu-zu lu2-ra mu-da-an-gi4-gi4-in a-ra2-bi-še3 DU-mu-un
- 56. šudu3 he2-mu-e-ša4 nam mu-tar-ra
- 57. na de5-ga ga i3 gu7-a-gin7 su-ĝa2 i-ni-in-kur9-ra
- 58. gub-bu ĝa2-la nu-dag-ge pad3-da-zu
- 59. ki sag9-ga-bi sa2 he2-ri-ib-dug4 niĝ2-hul-bi li-bi2-in-ak

60-61. (The supervisor answers:) "The teachers, those learned men, should value you highly. {(2 mss. add 3 lines, 1 of the 2 mss. adds 2 more lines which correspond to lines 67 and 68 in this edition:) They should ... in their houses and in prominent places. Your name will be hailed as honourable for its prominence. For your sweet songs even the cowherds will strive gloriously. For your sweet songs I too shall strive and shall ... The teacher will bless you with a joyous heart.} You who as a youth sat at my words have pleased my heart."

60. um-mi-a lu2 inim zu-u3-ne saĝ hu-mu-un-kal-le-ne

{2 mss. add 3 lines:)

60A. e2-bi-a ki saĝ-kal-la-ba DI-DI hu-mu-un-e-ne

60B. mu-zu dug3-ge-eš pad3-de3-da-bi saĝ-ki-bi ma-ĝal2

(1 of the 2 mss. has lines 67 and 68 after line 60B instead of after line 66)

60E. um-mi-a šag4 hul2-la-ni-ta šudu3 mu-na-an-ša4

61. lu2-tur inim-ĝu10-še3 ba-tuš-u3-nam šag4-ĝu10 bi2-dug3-ga-am3

62-72.

"Nisaba has placed in your hand the honour of being a teacher. {For her, the fate determined for you will be changed and so you will be generously blessed} {(1 ms. has instead:)

You were created by Nisaba! May you ... upwards}. May she bless you with a joyous heart and free you from all despondency. ... at whatever is in the school, the place of learning.

66] The majesty of Nisaba ... silence. For your <mark>sweet</mark> songs even the cowherds will strive gloriously.

For your sweet songs I too shall strive and shall[omitted: 'do something for your MUNUS']

They should recognise that you are a practitioner (?) of wisdom.

The little fellows should enjoy like beer the sweetness of decorous words: experts bring light to dark places, they bring it to culs-de-sac and streets."

- 62. dnisaba dugud-da um-mi-a šu-za i-ni-in-ĝar-ra
- 63. {nam i-ri-tar-ra mu-na-ra-kur2-ru šu zid ḫa-ra-an-ĝa2-ĝa2} {(1 ms. has instead the line:) šu dug4-ga dnisaba-me-en gu2 an-še3 [...]}
- 64. šag4 hul2-la nam-še3 he2-bi2-tar šag4 sag3 he2-da-zig3
- 65. e2-dub-ba-a ki-umum-ma a-na ĝal2-la [...]
- 66. nam-mah dnisaba niĝ2-me-ĝar pad3-pad3 di-da-/bi?
- 67. gud-us2 šir3 dug₃-dug₃-ga-zu-še3 ĝiš la2-bi mah
- 68. šir3 dug₃-ga-zu-še3 ĝiš ga-mu-ni-in-la2 MUNUS-zu-gin7 ga-mu-ni-tag-tag
- 69. niĝ2 ĝeštug2-ga nu-u18-lu-me-en hu-mu-un-pad3-pad3-de3-ne
- 70. di4-di4-la2 inim-inim-ma he2-du7 kaš hu-mu-un-ku7-ku7-de3-ne
- 71. gašam ki ku10-ku10-ga ud ĝa2-ĝa2
- 72. sila saĝ gi4-a sila-a ba-an-ĝa2-ĝa2

73-74. Praise Nisaba who has brought order to ... and fixed districts in their boundaries, the lady whose divine powers are divine powers that have no rival!

73. us2 teš2-ba ri-a si sa2-e in ki-bi sur-sur

74. nin me-ni-da me nu-sa2-a dnisaba za3-mi2

[End Scribe School]

Quotes

eme-gi-še₃ gu₂-zu na-ab-šub-be₂-en "Don't neglect the Sumerian language!" (Letter from Inim-Inana to Lugal-ibila c.3.3.12.3.)

'Ipiq-Aya The Apprentice Scribe' [Google Books] p145 of The Scribe of the Flood Story and His Circle Ch7 p140-166 - Frans van Koppen - The Oxford Handbook of Cuneiform Culture, ed. Karen Radner, Eleanor Robson OUP '2011 (see also free download at academia.com; a backup of the MUGSAR is there too).

IPIQ-AYA, THE APPRENTICE SCRIBE

Fragments of a set of three tablets that originally contained the whole story of Atramhasis in 1245 lines are nowadays located in museum collections in London, New York, and Geneva. Each tablet ends with a colophon that gives its sequence number and the name of the composition, the number of lines it contains, the name and title of the scribe, and the date when the tablet was written. This is the work of Ipiq-Aya, the 'apprentice



The Oxford Handbook of **Cuneiform Culture** edited by Karen Radner, Eleanor Robson

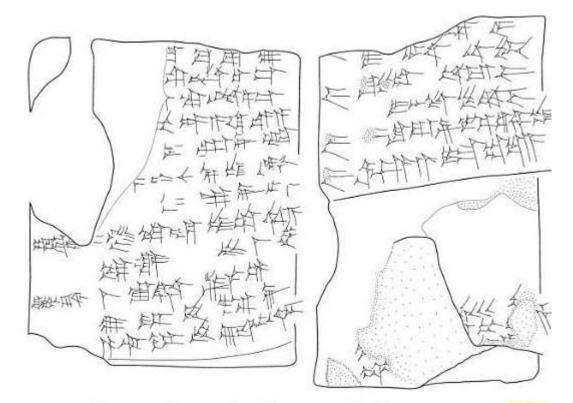


FIGURE 7.1 House rental contract: the only text written by Ipiq-Aya as a contract scribe

Oldest written erotica

..

4-Way Inana | 4-Way top | TOC2

Ecology of the Erotic in a Myth of Inanna Judy Grahn

Inanna went into the mountains and began flying around. From one border of the territory to the other, she flew round and round. She flew around the Tree whose roots intertwine with the horizon of heaven, by now so tired that she lay down beside its boundary roots. She had in her loincloth a weaving of the seven cosmic powers, across her thighs. Her thoughts were with her shepherd lover, Dumuzid. On the same plot of land a youth, Šukaletuda, was working, and saw her; he approached, untied the loincloth of divine powers...

It was only in '1949, in an article of the volume XVII of the Archiv Oreintalni called A Blood-Plague Motif in Sumerian Mythology, that Samuel Noah Kramer translated for the first time this myth...[more]

The Literature of Ancient Sumer edited Jeremy A. Black



"Inana needed to pass through the seven gates of the 'abzu' (abyss), and was not allowed to pass through unless she removed an article of clothing / jewelry for each of gate. Her clothes were symbolic of her divine power, thus she was systematically weakened in this fashion. By the time she arrived in the inner palace, she was almost naked and almost dead..." [more]

cf. http://www.academia.edu/1247599/Inana_and_Sukaletuda_A_Sumerian_Astral_Myth

Some well funded universities like Oxford's Oriental Institute ETCSL et al have everything separated, don't give unicodes at all, and for the sign they link off to PSD (University of Pennsylvania) where it is often not clear which is the relevant one. And their translations are superficial, probably computer generated. When you work with the actual cuneiform signs, rather than just impotent readings using our boring English phonetic script, you start to see that the scribes were not just telling a story, but literally painting the scene. When we start going deeper than such misleading translations it becomes very revealing...

Inana and the Seven Cosmic Powers of her Loincloth

Note Intro above | 4-Way top | Very Common Signs | TOC2 112a.

 u_4 -/ba nin-ĝu₁₀ an\ mu-un-niĝin₂-na-ta Once, lady dear heaven (flew/) roamed

u ₄ -/Ua II	1_4 -/ $0a$ mm-gu ₁₀ and mu-un-mgm ₂ -ma-ta						
Once, la	Once, lady dear heaven (flew/) roamed around,						
cpd	cpd	1222C	1202D	cpd closeup			
44	₽₫	Þ ∜ ₹	⊯	金益重旦る史			
ud-ba	nin	- ĝu ₁₀	an\	/mu-un-niĝin ₂ -na-ta\			
Once	lady,	'dear	heaven	roamed around			
12313	mistress	one'		1222C MU name + 12326 UN			
UD	122A9	determ. /		(KALAM = Sumer) + 121B8			
day +	MUG	honor.		niĝin ₂ encircle + 1223E NA			
12040	cuneus +			incense + 122EB TA much			
BA	12306						
open	TUG_2						
halve	garment						

112b. ki /mu-un- niĝin₂ \-[na]-/ta\ cosmic world roamed around

121A0	cpd
\diamond	金油重口る史
ki	/mu-un-niĝin₂-na-ta\
cosmic world	to roam around
	op. cit. 112a

113a. [Inana top] ^dinana an mu-un-niĝin₂-na-ta Inana heaven roamed around,

mana neaven roamed around,					
12239	1202D	cpd			
₩ ₩	₩	金益重更以多以			
dinana	an	/mu-un-niĝin₂-na-ta\			
Inana	heaven	roamed around			
Determ.		op. cit. 112a			
1202D AN					
+ 12239					
MUŠ ₃					

.. 113b.

ki /mu-un- niĝin₂ \-[na]-/ta\ cosmos roamed around

cosmos round	a arouna
121A0	cpd
\diamond	委制重重订合业
ki	/mu-un-niĝin₂-na-ta∖
cosmic	roamed around
	op. cit. 112a

114. [Inana top] ∕elam^{ki}\ su-bir4^{ki}-a mu-un-niĝin₂-na-ta Elam & Subir roamed around

••

Elalli & Su	oir roained aro	ulla
cpd	cpd	cpd
\Diamond	副\$\$ \$\$\$	金油里口多以
/elam ^{ki} ∖	su-bir4 ^{ki} -a	/mu-un-niĝin₂-na-ta∖
Elam	Subir	roamed around
'NIM'	122E2 SU	op. cit. 112a
1224F	skin games +	
'ki' Detern.	$bir_4 =$	
place	EDEN	
	12094 + 'ki'	
	Detern.	
	place +	
	12000 A	
	water / river	

/dubur an\ gil-gi_{16}-il-la mu-un-niĝin_2-na-ta {[She flew around the Tree whose roots]

horizon heaven entwined roamed around,} 12135 1202D cpd cpd ⊯ ₩ 冬 省 三 里 三 多 三 /mu-un-niĝin₂-na-ta dubur gil-gi₁₆-il-la an horizon heaven entwined roamed around 12103 gilim /gi_{16} op. cit. 112a entwined + 1214B IL = high up + 121B7 LA = bend over

••

nu-gig kuš₂-a-ni-ta im-ma-te dur₂-bi-še₃ ba-nu₂

Sumerian high status woman (wore bead and was black) so tired landed

rump exposed [through skimpy loincloth] lay down [beside its boundary roots.]

cpd	cpd	cpd	cpd	cpd
₩ B (III)		令-月4J	四尊圖	立會四
nu-gig	kuš ₂ -a-ni-ta	im-ma-te	dur ₂ -bi-še ₃	ba-na ₂
Sumerian	so tired	landed	rump	lay down
high status woman was black 1222A wore beads 1226D + 12261 NU offspring + 121C7 U ₈ encircle	uQQ kuš ₂ tired + 12000 A cry of woe + 1224C NI come to an end + 122EB TA much	1214E IM wind + 12220 MA flow + 122FC TE approach, land [cf. 12312 UB as in kiss, suck]	12089 rump + + 12049 BI open + 12365 še ₃ string [cf. loincloth]	12040 BA split, open, rump + 1223F na ₂ lay down

117. [Inana top]
šu-kal-le-tud-da zag sar-ra-/ka\-ni igi im-ma-ni-/sig10\
Šukaletuda beside lair watched / perved.
[On the same plot of land a youth, Šukaletuda, was working, and saw her;]

cpd	12360	cpd	12146	cpd
五夏夏夏	Ú.	登 查 查 书		令百岁徽
šu-kal-le-tud-da	zag	sar-ra-ka-ni	igi	im-ma-ni-sig ₁₀
Šukaletuda	(be-)	lair	eye,	to cast
122D7 ŠU hand +	side	122AC SAR	watch	(an eye) perve
12197 KAL		garden + 1228F		1214E IM mud,
mighty + 121F7		RA thresh +		storm + 12220 MA
LE branch + 12305		12157 KA mouth		approach + 1224C
TU small, priest +		+ 1224C NI		NI finish + 122E7
12055 DA line		digest		cast

118. [Inana top] ^dinana-ke4 tug₂dara₄ me imin gal₄-la na Inana on reed mat [lying on her side – exposing rear view] ... loincloth divine powers seven over her cuneus/rump... [She had in her loincloth a weaving of the seven cosmic powers, over her cuneus/rump.]

12239+121A4	cpd	12228	12153	cpd
**	」 国 國	⊩	ΨΨ	夕週今
^d inana-ke ₄	^{tug} ₂ dara ₄	me	imin	gal ₄ -la-na
Inana (DN)	loincloth	divine	seven	cuneus
Determ. 1202D	Determ.	powers		122A9 gal ₄ cuneus
AN + 12239	12306 ^{tug} ₂	(enabling	MIN 2)	+ 121B7 LA
MUŠ ₃	garment +	cosmic		bending over -
+ 121A4 reed	12071	activity)		rear view cuneus
mat [lying on]	dara4 = red,			and rump in same
	brown,			angle + 1223E NA
	blood			man, pestle,
				pounder

etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.118

119. {do. 118} tug2dara4? me 7 gal4-la-na [...]

Inana loves Dumuz

	U	1			
12239	cpd	cpd	cpd		
**		₽Ţ			
dinana	ki-aĝ ₂	sipad	lu ₂ - ^d dumu zi-da		
Inana	loves	shepherd	dumuzi		
determ.	121A0 KI	1227A PA	121FD lu_2 ruler + determ.		
1202D AN	cosmic world +	overseer +	1202D AN 12309 + DUMU		
+ 12239	12258 ag ₂ heat	121FB	son + 12363 ZI faithful,		
MUŠ ₃	of passionate	UDU sheep	true + 12055 DA line (gen.)		
	love	1			

120. Inana ^dinana ki-aĝ₂ sipad dumuzi Inana's thoughts were with her shpeherd lover Dumuzi



121. [Inana top] gal4-la kug-ga-na lu₂ SU X [...] cuneus so pure guy skin games (in the offing)

eaneas so pare ge	.) shin games (m		
122A9+121B7	cpd	121FD	122E2
₩₩			Ē
gal ₄ -la	kug-ga-na	lu ₂	SU
cuneus	(so) pure	guy	skin
op. cit. 118	121AC KUG	(in cool	games
	pure + 120B5	spaceship)	
	suckling, carry +		
	1223E NA man,		
	pestle, pounder		

šu-kal-le-tud-da mu-un-du₈-du₈ da-/ga\-[na ba-nu2]

Šukaletuda (Inana about to be) 'ravaged in Sumer' [epic connotation] as in lair lay. [std tr: Šukaletuda approached, untied the loincloth of divine powers...]

[stu tr: Sukaletuda af	proached, untied the	ionicioui or di	vine powe		
cpd	cpd	cpd	cpd		
LT [2011] [2011	奉當里口蒙口蒙	王尊令	A C		
šu-kal-le-tud-da	mu-un-du ₈ -du ₈	da-ga-na	ba-nu ₂		
Šukaletuda	'ravaged in Sumer'	lair	lay		
op. cit. 117	1222C name,	12055 DA	op. cit.		
	phallus + 12326	lair + 120B5	116		
	(KALAM = Sumer)	GA suckling,			
	+ 120EE (/12083)	hold + 1223E			
	du ₈ (GABA) x2 strip	NA man,			
	off; spread; breast;	pestle,			
	equal [NB double	pounder*			
	emphasis on strip /				
	ravage]				
etcsl.orinst.oxc133.122	and an end of the second second				
*Note repeated use of Or NA (sexual / procreation					

connotation) first with KUG (121) pure, now contrasted with DA lair (122)

123. [Inana top] ĝiš3 im-ma-ni-in-dug4 ne im-ma-[ni-in-su-ub] skin games...

Skin Sun	ico		
12351	cpd	12248	cpd
k∏ V∏	令"近羽蒙著		令"这节美学圈令
ĝiš ₃	im-ma-ni-in-dug ₄	ne	im-ma-ni-in-su-ub
phallus	coition	on fire	kissing
	1214E IM storm +	(sexually)	1214E IM storm + 12220
	12220 MA flow,		MA flow, ejaculate +
	come, ejaculate* +		1224C NI orgasmic,
	1224C NI orgasmic,		quiver + 122E2 SU
	quiver + 12154 IN		submerge, flesh, to be
	abuse, rape + 12157		inside + 12312 UB praise,
	dug4 perform, coition		ruin

etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.123 Note repetition of im-ma-ni-in - probing first with genital then oral. *cf dub₃-nir

As a temple whore or harlot one of Shamhat's several duties would be to have sex in the temple with paying 'Johns' or 'Customers', said funds being 'donated/ to the temple's upkeep. Below, a drawing after a lead votive offering found in a temple showing a 'John' having sex with a naked priestess atop an altar with a special incline to accomodate the act of sex. Inanna / Ishtar [Eash-tar => Easter fertility goddess] fulfilled many roles, she was the 'Courtesan of Heaven' ('polite' scholarly language for a whore or prostitute) and wives beseeched her aid in becoming pregnant.



"... figurines depicting intercourse, the man stands and the woman always rests upon a high structure, usually interpreted as an altar. These figurines may very likely represent ritual intercourse...they are probably in some way associated with the cult of Inana / Ishtar as goddess of physical love and prostitution, and were, in fact found in her temple at Asshur..." [Black & Green]

... Adam and Eve in the Garden in Eden [a straight lifting from the Sumerians see 12094 – the original too cool sounding to use an inferior replacement name] being a later recasting of Enkidu and Shamhat ... thus nothing more than a recasting and sanitizing of an earlier 'ribald' Sumerian story about 'Whores and their Johns'

For more see Walter Reinhold Warttig Mattfeld on plagiarism of Enkidu and the Temple Courtesan Shamhat from the Epic of Gilgamesh for much later Adam and Eve editing; and p. 152. 'Prostitution and Ritual Sex' Jeremy Black and Anthony Green. Gods, Demons and Symbols of Ancient Mesopotamia, An Illustrated Dictionary. Austin, Texas. University of Texas Press with British Museum Press. London. '1992. And the money side see 122BA shekel.

Note other sexual compounds from PSD:

 $\widehat{ges_3} - dug_4 = coition [12351 phallus + 12157 perform]$ $\widehat{ges_3} - du_3 = coition [12351 phallus + 12195 perform]$ $\widehat{ges_3} - du_3 = coition [1223E NA stone pestle + cpd {12009 a_2 horn + 1202D an determ. god!} a_2-an spadix (plant spike); erection) + 12195 perform]$

ĝiš3 ba-ni-in-dug₄-/ga\ [ne ba-ni-in-su-ub-ba] skin games...

(but with	(but with more violent threshing about)							
12351	cpd	12248	cpd					
Å <u>I</u> I	立地影响		公置金等办区					
ĝiš ₃	ba-ni-in-dug ₄ -ga	ne	ba-ni-in-su-ub-ba					
phallus	coition*	on fire	kissing*					
	12040 BA thresh	(sexually)	12040 BA thresh about					
	about in coition +		in coition + 1224C NI					
	1224C NI orgasmic,		orgasmic, quiver +					
	quiver + 12154 IN =		12154 IN = abuse, rape					
	abuse, rape + 12157		+ 122E2 SU submerge,					
	dug4 / KA = perform,		flesh, to be inside +					
	coition + 120B5 GA		12312 UB praise, ruin					
	suckling, hold							

etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.124

*Note now the scribe replaces IM-MA with the more violent threshing about connoted by BA (but of course Inana is so tired, she sleeps through it all, or maybe Šukaletuda was a yawn!) 125. [Inana top] zag sar-ra-ka-ni im-ma-ši-/in\-[gi4] near lair returned leering eye .

near fair feturned feering eye .							
12360	cpd	cpd					
Б <mark>Ж</mark>	送到会节	令运全装》现物					
zag	sar-ra-ka-ni	im-ma-ši-in-gi ₄					
near	lair	return leering eye					
	122AC SAR garden	1214E IM mud, storm +					
	+ 1228F RA thresh	12220 MA approach + 12146					
	+ 12157 KA mouth	IGI watch $+$ 12154 IN $=$					
	+ 1224C NI digest	abuse + 12104 gi ₄ return					

126. [Inana top] ud im-zal ^dutu im-ta-/e₃-a\-[ra] day had broken and Utu had risen,

day had broken and btu had fisen,							
12313	1214E+1224C	12313	cpd				
X)		X}	毎三日の五				
ud	im-zal	utu	im-ta-e ₃ -a-ra				
day	come to pass	sun	sunrise				
	$IM \mod + ZAL$	(deity)	1214E IM mood + 122EB				
	pass		TA much + cpd UD-DU				
			sunrise + 12000 A				
			bemoan + 1228F RA beat				
			thresh				

127. [Inana top] munus-e ni₂-te-a-ni igi im-kar₂-/kar₂\ My cuneus! checkd herself anger shock

122A9	cpd	12146	1214E-uQQ
\$\$\$	\$11 P	୶	
munus-e	ni ₂ -te-a-ni	igi	im-kar ₂ -kar ₂
My cuneus!	fingered herself	eye	anger-shock
122A9	1214E IM anger + 122FC		
MUNUS	TE cheek; penetrate;		
cuneus +	membrane + 12000 A cry		
1208A E	of woe + 1224C NI		
interjection	quiver		
- fear	_		

128. kug ^dinana-ke₄ ni₂-te-a-ni igi im-kar₂-kar₂ purest Inana...

purest mana	purest munu						
121AC	12239	[do. 127]					
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	₩₩						
kug	^d inana-ke ₄						
purest	Inana (DN)						

••

ud-ba munus-e nam gal₄-la-na-še₃ a-na im-gu-lu-u₈-a-bi [Then the woman was considering what should be

destroyed because of her cuneus]

Later. My cuneus! destiny - (considers) cuneus loincloth -

as much as (it takes) stirred up (for revenge)

cpd	122A9	12246	cpd	cpd	cpd
4	₩\$	×] {√]{{}}{{}}{{}}{{}}{{}}{{}}{{}}{{}}{{}}{	的過今間	ĭ₩¢\$	♀▼▼▼■図
ud-ba	munus-e	nam	gal ₄ -la-na-še ₃	a-na	im-gu-lu-u ₈ -a-bi
day	Му	destiny	cuneus	as much	stirred up (for
12313	cuneus!		loincloth	as (it	revenge)
UD	op. cit.		122A9 gal ₄	takes)	1214E IM anger +
day +			cuneus +	12000 A	12116 GU rump +
12040			121B7 LA +	+ suffix element	121FB LU stirred up
BA			1223E NA	1223E	+ 121C7 U ₈ Oh! +
open			man, pestle,	NA	12000 A bemoan +
halve			pounder	INA	12049 BI open
noon?			+ 12365 še ₃		[cf. 12122
Later?			G-string		GUL destroy]

kug ^dinana-ke₄ nam gal₄-la-na-še₃ a-na im-ak-a-bi [Inana was considering what should be done because of her cuneus]

Purest Inana – destiny – (considers) cuneus loincloth – what to do (to get revenge)

121AC	12239	12246	cpd	cpd	cpd
A.	\# ₩		的理论通	ĭ₩Þ	令章章
kug	^d inana -ke4	nam	gal ₄ -la-na-še ₃	a-na	im-ak-a-bi
purest	Inana (destiny	cuneus loincloth	as much	to do (revenge)
			op. cit 129	as (it	1214E IM anger +
				takes)	1201D AK to do
				oc129	+ 12000 A bemoan +
					12049 BI open

pu₂ kalam-ma-ka uš₂ bi₂-ib-si-si [She filled the wells of the Land with blood] water wells it was said in the land of Sumer blood filled

121E5	12326	12357	122DB
Ì ⊴		►	ad m to the test of te
pu ₂	kalam-ma-ka	$u\check{s}_2$	bi2-ib-si-si
water	it was said in the land	blood	filled
wells	(of Sumer)		12248 bi ₂ carry +
pu ₂	UN-MA-KA		12141 IB oval +
	kalam		122DB x2 SI fill (over
	12326 UN (KALAM =		and over)
	Sumer) + 12220 MA land +		, ,
	12157 KA talk		

 $\begin{array}{l} pu_2 \text{-} ^{\hat{g}i\check{s}}kiri_6 \ kalam-ma-ka \ u\check{s}_2 \text{-} am_3 \ i_3 \text{-} tum_3 \text{-} tum_3 \\ \text{[so it was blood that the irrigated orchards of the Land yielded,]} \end{array}$

orchards it was said in the land of Sumer blood wrought havoc

122AC	12326	12357	12250
Ħ∰∏	亚皇宫会	⊳ ⊣ ¥¥	\$P\$ \$P\$ \$P\$
pu ₂ - ^{ĝiš} kiri ₆	kalam-ma-ka	uš ₂ -am ₃	i ₃ -tum ₃ -tum ₃
orchard	it was said in the land	blood was	bring
GIŠ-SAR	(of Sumer)	12357 uš ₂	(wrought havoc)
12111 ^{ĝiš}	op. cit. 131	blood +	1224C i3 end up +
determ.	-	$cpd am_3$	$12250 \text{ tum}_3 \text{ x}^2$
wood +		copula	-
kiri ₆			
orchard			

arad_2 lu₂-/u₃ \ u₂ il₂-i-de₃ ĝen-na uš₂-am₃ i₃-na₈-na₈

[it was blood that the slave who went to collect firewood drank,] slaves and others collecting food and firewood go blood come to drink

slaves a	and others	collecti	ing food and fire	wood go b	lood come	to drink
12035	cpd	12311	cpd	cpd	12357	12158
H₽₹	多面	k∰∰			⋈₩	計算機
arad ₂	lu ₂ -u ₃	u ₂	il ₂ -i-de ₃	ĝen-na	uš ₂ -am ₃	i ₃ -naĝ-naĝ
slaves	and	food	collect	go	blood was	drink
	others		firewood	1207A	op. cit	1224C (i ₃)
			(carry)	ĝen go +	132	come to
			IL ₂ -I-NE	1223E		pass +
			1214D il_2 carry	pestle		12158 naĝ
			+ 1213F I "5"			x2 drink
			$+ 12248 \text{ de}_3$			
			collect; fire			

geme $_2$ lu
2-u $_3$ a si-si-de $_3$ ĝen-na uš
2-/am $_3 \ [$ im]-mi-ib2-si-si

[it was blood that the slavegirl who went out to draw water drew,] slave girl and others water fill and carry go blood draw (from well)

slave g	slave gill and others water init and carry go blood draw (noin wen)						
cpd	cpd	12000	cpd	cpd	12357	cpd closeup	
₽≯		Ť¥	TIME	₩¢¢	⊷™ ¥		
geme ₂	lu ₂ -u ₃	a	si-si-de ₃	ĝen-na	uš ₂ - am ₃	im-mi-ib ₂ -si-si	
slave	and	water	fill and	go	blood	draw from well	
girl	others		carry	op. cit.	was	1214E IM storm,	
			122DB SI	133	op. cit	anger + 1222A MI	
			x2 fill +		132	black + 12308 ib2	
			12248 de ₃			cross-beam (of	
			carry			well) + 122DB SI	
						x2 fill	

$\textbf{saĝ gig}_2 u \breve{s}_2 \text{-/}am_3 \setminus i_3 \text{-}na_8 \text{-}na_8 zag\text{-}bi nu\text{-/}un \text{-}zu$

[and it was blood that the **black-headed people** drank. No one knew when this would end.]

black people blood was drunk no bounds no one new

12295	1222A	12357	12158	cpd	1236A
đ		⋈ૻॏॳॕ	梦囊囊		安軍重
saĝ	gig_2	uš ₂ -am ₃	i ₃ -naĝ-naĝ	zag-bi	nu-un-zu
head /	black	blood was	drink	boundary	no one knew
people		op. cit 132	op. cit. 133	open -	12261 NU not
				endless	+ 12326 UN one +
				12360	1236A ZU know
				ZAG	
				boundary	
				+ 12049	
				BI open	

lu_2 ĝiš_3 dug_4-ga-ĝu_{10} kur-kur-ra ga-mu-[ni]-/pad_3 \ im-me

[She said: "I will search the lands for the man who coitioned (raped) me."]

man phallus coition (rape) for years mountains find (for revenge) in the end and do battle

121FD	12351	cpd	cpd	cpd	1214E-1201E
	× ₩	AAA	文文武		
lu ₂	ĝiš ₃	dug ₄ -ga-ĝu ₁₀	kur-kur-ra	ga-mu-ni-pad ₃	im-me
man	phallu	coition	lands	find (for	battle
	S	12157 dug4 / KA	121B3	revenge)	1214E IM
		= perform,	KUR	120B5 GA	wind, storm,
		coition + 120B5	lands	carry + 1222C	anger / mood,
		suckling, carry +	+	MU phallus,	to be
		1222C ĝu ₁₀	1228F RA	dear, name,	(copula)
		(MU) for years	aux.	son, year +	+ 1201E me ₃
				1224C NI in	battle
				the end $+$ cpd	
				pad ₃ find	

lu_2 ĝiš_3 / dug_--ga-ni kur-kur-ra nu-um-/ma-[ni-in-pad_3]-/de_3 \setminus

[But nowhere in all the lands could she find the man who coitioned (raped) her.] man phallus coition time passes in all the lands could not find rapist

121FD	12351	cpd	cpd	cpd
	Å. Mirika Mirik	全尊节	なる意	で、「なくの、など、など、「なく」です。
lu ₂	ĝiš3	dug ₄ -ga-ni	kur-kur-ra	nu-um-ma-ni-in-pad ₃ -de ₃
man	phallu	coition	lands	in all the lands
	s	12157 dug4	121B3	could not find rapist
		perform,	KUR	12261 NU not +
		coition +	lands	1231D UM approach, disease
		120B5 GA	+	+ 12220 MA land; approach
		suckling,	1228F RA	+ 1224C NI in time
		carry +	[phrase	+ 12154 IN rapist
		1224C NI	ender]	$+ cpd pad_3 find$
		time passes		+ 12248 de ₃ carry

cpd	cpd	121FD	cpd	
	学	寥查	ĭ₩)	♥₩₡┤
i ₃ -ne-eš ₂	lu ₂ -u ₃	lu ₂ -ra	a-na	na-an-dug ₄
(now - Akk	man and	others	what	coition with the
Inana)	$121FD lu_2$	$121FD lu_2$	12000 A	gods
1224C i_3 time	man / him +	man +	wonder +	1223E NA stone,
passes	12147 u_3 and	1228F RA	1223E	pestle + 1202D
+ 12248 NE		aux.	NA aux.]	AN gods + 12157
fire; this +				dug4 perform,
12365 eš ₂				coition
string				
(loincloth)				
etcsl.orinst.oxc133.138				

138b.

/ lu₂-u₃ \ [lu₂-ra dili a-na na-an-taḫ]

[What further did one add to the other in detail?]

man and other	one what ac	ld for the	gods (why should	l they live)
1	10100	10000	1	1

cpd	121FD	12038	cpd	cpd
	寥 查	►	ĭ₹⊳<́́\$>	♥₩₩
lu_2-u_3	lu ₂ -ra	dili	a-na	na-an-taḫ
man and	other	ones	what	add for the gods
121FD lu ₂	$121FD lu_2$		12000 A	1223E NA stone,
man / him +	man +		wonder +	pestle + 1202D
12147 u_3 and	1228F RA		1223E NA	AN gods + 1222D
	aux.		aux.]	taḥ add

etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.138

[Continues: Black Sumerian city-dwellers – father's advises Šukaletuda to join brothers]

Inana top | 4-Way top

The song of lettuce, t.4.08.05

[4-Way to come]

Vigorously he sprouted, vigorously he sprouted and sprouted, water it - it being lettuce! In his black garden of the desert bearing much yield did my darling of his mother, My barley stalk full of allure in its furrow, water it - it being lettuce,
Did my one - a very apple tree bearing fruit at the top – water it - it being a garden! The honey-sweet man, the honey-sweet man, was doing sweet (things) to me! My lord, the honey-sweet man, the godly one, my darling of his mother, His hands honey sweet, his feet honeying, was doing sweet (things) to me! His limbs being sweet his feet honeying, was doing sweet (things) to me! His limbs being sweet, sweet honey, he was doing sweet things to me!

O my one who of a sudden was doing sweet (things) to the whole (insides up) to the navel, my darling of his mother, My desert-honey loins, darling of his mother, you watered it - it being lettuce!

The lettuce, mentioned in these texts (hi-iz^{sar} [1212D]) is probably *Lactuta sativa*... In Sumerian texts it is generally associated with cuneus.. Jacobson thought it represented the pubic hair. Maybe the visual aspect is less important here, although the overlapping leaves and their texture, as well as milky or clear sap, are quite evocative, lettuces and similar fast growing vegetables, like cucumbers and melons, all of which were grown in Mesopotamian gardens, require frequent watering ... association with water might also have contributed to the metaphorical range: the cuneus, like lettuce, is said to need the 'watering' ...

We have seen that làl ('honey') is frequently used to describe sensual pleasure. The expression 'to taste the honey-plant' was a common euphemism for intercourse. Here the lover is equated with the sensation he brings - his very limbs are 'honey', they 'bring sweetness', orgasmic enjoyment. The metaphor extends from activity ('to do the sweet thing [same sign 1212D HI]') and personal attributes ('whose limbs are honey') to the location... This 'honey' was date-syrup rather than the bees' product.

A balbale to Inana, t.4.08.4, alternative translation Alster 1993:

The brother makes me enter his house: He made me lie on a honey-smelling bed, After my precious, dear one, had lain by my heard, One-by-one, making "tongues", one by one, My brother of the fairest face made fifty. He became (?) like a silenced man With an 'earthquake' he was put to silence. My brother, with a hand put on his waist, My precious, sweet one, the time passes! (Lover:) Se me free, my sister, set me free! Come, my beloved sister, let us go to the palace (var. to our house)! May you be a little daughter in my father's eyes!"

Leick gives the Sumerian of one of the lines in part because of its 'delightful resonances':

dili-dili-ta eme-ak dili-dili-ta One by one - making tongues - one by one

'eme-ak' (tongue making) usually implies speaking, chatting (the proverbial 'sweet nothings'?). But it could also have, as Alster duly noted, a double meaning, and imply lovemaking. The following lines speak in favor of a sexual meaning, as the 'brother' is silenced by an 'earthquake' - surely a reference to an orgasm - although Inanna is willing to continue this form of passing time. Again the scenario is one of pre-martial love making, with the man expressing his desire to formulate their sexual union, since the last line explicitly says that a girl should become a daughter-in-law to his father. The text is imbued with a sense of irony, that the inexperienced ki-sikil is well able to exhaust the ardour of her lover, even rather overtaking his virility."

cf. Oath of Women (A balbale to Inana Dumuzid B) t.4.08.02

My juicy, grape, my honey sweet... May you put your right hand in my cuneus, With your left stroke my head, When you have brought your mouth close to my mouth, When you have taken my lips in your mouth, By so doing you wil swear an oath to me...

etcsl.orinst.oxc40802.21

21-26. You are to place your right hand on my cuneus while your left hand rests on my head, bringing your mouth close to my mouth, and taking my lips in your mouth: thus you shall take an oath for me. This is the oath of women

[Sex and Eroticism in Mesopotamian Literature, Gwendolyn Leick; BAL.BAL.E and Love and Erotica; etcsl.orinst.ox.c40805.1]

Gudea Cylinders

4-Way Ninĝirsu's Temple | 4-Way top | TOC2

The Gudea cylinders are a pair of terracotta cylinders dating to circa 7875 CT [2125 *plag*] on which is written in cuneiform a Sumerian myth called the Building of Ningursu's temple.[1] The cylinders were found in '1877 during excavations at Telloh (ancient Girsu), Iraq and are now displayed in the Louvre in Paris, France. They are the largest cuneiform cylinders yet discovered and contain the longest known text written in the Sumerian language... [Wik]

The god of wisdom, Enki, organized the world after creation and gave each deity a role in the world order. *Nisaba was named the scribe of the gods*, and Enki then built her a school of learning so that she could better serve those in need.

Nidaba / Nindaba / Nisaba = goddess of writing (and teaching) she was often praised by Sumerian scribes.

Many clay-tablets end with the phrase "Nisaba be praised" to honor the goddess. She is considered the teacher of both mortal scribes and other divine deities...

As the goddess of knowledge, she is related to many other facets of intellectual study and other gods may turn to her for advice or aid. Some of these traits are shared with her sister Ninsina. She is also associate with grain, reflecting her association with an earth goddess mother.

12240

NAGA = potash; soap

AN.NAGA is read as NANIBGAL, and AN.ŠE.NAGA as NÁNIBGAL. NAGA is read as NÍDABA or NÍSABA, and ŠE.NAGA as NIDABA or NISABA...[Wik]

http://www.specialtyinterests.net/cuneiform_writing.html

http://etcsl.orinst.ox...t.2.1.7#



••

Cylinder A (Price '1899) RI Frit Ro Col.2 199993 翻 1 B 7 夏季 潤 雪か开 4049 南部 下(作) fff 2-儼於 泰荣 No. 徕 A M 时2011 221 国和日期日 國關 爾 國國 2 同 1 國利 國制 **将国 報** R Þ 学业业 小 國 条育 S R 御神 P La 44 家日 3 - 1 1- 16 作 私家 國 9 南之母 学师学习 N Atty and > (1) 20 EFE 臣 4 同 444 P 輸 -TW 开 10 P 7 平衡 19 樂 IF \$ "PEa 印刷 figh 17

The Building of Ninĝirsu's Temple

Gudea Cylinders A and B (c.2.1.7), line c217.110 Paragraph t217.p14 (line(s) 110-114)

110. munus 1(DIŠ)-am3 a-ba me-a nu a-ba me-a-ni

[ETCSL: Then there was a woman -- whoever she was.] woman one was who "to be or not to be"*

n onian on	e mas mis	10 00 01				
122A9	cpd	cpd	12228	12261	cpd	12228
Þ	ľ ľ₩¥	ĭ¥⊄Ĭ	⊩	⋫	ľ₩	⊩
munus	DIŠ-am ₃	a-ba	me	nu	a-ba	me
woman	one was	who	to be	not	who	to be
	12079	12000 A			12000 A	
	DIŠ one	progeny			progeny	
	+ cpd	+ 12040			+ 12040	
	A-AN	BA			BA	
	copula	share			share	
	1 01 1		/ T 1	1 1 1	7 1 ·	

*So that's where Shakespeare / Edward de Vere plagiarized it from! http://cdli.ox.ac.uk/etcsl/...c217.110

111. saĝ-ĝa₂ e₃ ki garadin₉ mu-ak [ETCSL: She sheaves.] head basket bring place sheaves do

cpd	cpd	121A0	1230F	cpd
v∰#	t) for	\diamondsuit	畿	▲☆
saĝ-ĝa ₂	e ₃	ki	garadin ₉	mu-ak
head basket	bring	place	sheaf	to do
12295 saĝ	12313 UD		/ bundle	1222C MU
head	sun +		(of reeds)	name
+ 120B7	1207A			+ 1201D AK do
ĝa2 basket	DU leave,			
	bring			

112. gi-dub-ba kug NE-a šu im-mi-du₈[ETCSL: She held a stylus of refined silver in her hand,]

cpd	121AC	cpd	122D7	cpd
	A.		Щ	
gi-dub-ba	kug	NE-A	šu	im-mi-du ₈
(reed tablet)	silver,	refined	hand	(proudly) display
stylus	shiny	12248 NE		1214E IM mood,
12100 GI	metal	brazier +		is (copula)
reed stem +		12000 A		+ 1222A MI black
1207E DUB		water		[cf miqtum (high)
tablet +				class?]
12040 BA				+ 120EE (/12083)
divide tool				du ₈ (GABA); spread

http://cdli.ox...c217.112

113. dub mul-an dug₃-ga im-mi-ĝal₂

[ETCSL: and placed it on a tablet with propitious stars,] tablet cosmic star good ones classified

tublet cosh	cosmic star good ones classified					
1207E	cpd	cpd	cpd			
F	▓₩₩		命律具			
dub	mul-an	dug ₃ -ga	im-mi-ĝal ₂			
tablet	cosmic star	good ones	classified			
	1202F	1212D	1214E IM mood,			
	MUL star	dug3 good	(copula) + 1222A MI			
	+ 1202D	+ 120B5	black, high ??			
	AN cosmic	GA	+ 12145 ĝal ₂ place			
		suckling,	class ?? cf. mi-iq-tum			
		carry	(miqtum, mi-ĝal ₂ -tum)			
			social class			

114. ad im-dab₆-gi₄-gi₄

•••

[ECSL: and was consulting it."] recited (mantra) turning round and round

recheu (manu)	ected (mantra) turning round and round			
1201C	cpd			
MA NO				
ad	im-dab ₆ -gi ₄ -gi ₄			
voice,	turning round and round			
cry,	1214E IM mood, (copula)			
recited	1234F dab ₆ go around, + 12104 $gi_4 x^2$			
(mantra) ??	turn, go around [gi ₄ x 2 therefore:			
	'turn round and round' ??]			

ETCSL:

"Then there was a woman -- whoever she was. She sheaves [bundles]. She held a stylus of refined silver in her hand, and placed it on a tablet with propitious stars, and was consulting it."

••• 110. munus 1(DIŠ)-am3 a-ba me-a nu a-ba me-a-ni

- 111. saĝ-ĝa₂ e₃ ki garadin₉ mu-ak 112. gi-dub-ba kug NE-a šu im-mi-du₈
- 113. dub mul-an dug₃-ga im-mi-ĝal₂
- 114. ad im-dab₆-gi₄-gi₄

Very Common Signs

ccc1

1228F	1224C	1231D	1222C	12326	120B5
क्वॉ		k¶∭(⊳∰ ₹	t≣}∰	ĕ
T D	1	Pund	~ ~ ~	• · · · · · · · ·	rv
RA	NI	UM	MU	UN	GA
1228F	1224C NI	1231D UM	1222C MU	12326 UN	120B5 GA
RA	(i ₃) comes	approach,	(ĝu ₁₀) year,	people	suckling,
(rah ₂)	to pass;	disease	dear, name,	(KALAM /	carry, bring
kill;	quiver		son, phallus	Sumer)	
flood;			43667x!		
aux.					

••					
12157	12261	12154	1214E	12220	12248
₹	₩		₩►	Ľ.	, and the second secon
dug4	NU	IN	IM	MA	NE
12157	12261 NU	12154 IN	1214E IM	12220 MA	12248 NE
dug4	not	abuse	wind, storm,	land;	fire; this
perform,			anger / mood,	approach	
coition			is (copula)		

.. ccc1

ccc2									
1222A	122E1	1202D		cpd	121H	FD	1	21A0	12000
	X	⊯		Þ₫	×		4	(Ϊ¥
gig ₂	SILA ₃	AN		nin	lu ₂	2		ki	А
1222A	122E1	heaven		lady,	ma	n	co	osmic	water /
gig ₂ / MI	SILA ₃		n	nistress			W	vorld;	river;
black	vessel,		1	122A9				blace	bemoan;
	capacity			ineus +			32	2379x!	progeny
	43696x!			12306					
			g	arment					
	12309	1236	5	1208D	1/	207E	,		nd
cpd	12309	1230		1206D	1.	2076		C	pd
骨∑	Þ	Į.	ĺ	ħ	斑			R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R	
pad ₃	dumu	eš ₂		e ₂	I	DUB		dul	o-sar
find,	child, son	, flou	r,	house,	ta	blet,		sc	ribe
discover;	daughter;	-	·	school,	doc	ume	nt		E DUB
name,	apprentice	e strin	g	temple					+ 122AC
nominate	<mark>28245x!</mark> TUR =							SAR	write
12146	small								
IGI eye	Siliali								
+12292									
RU fall; throw									
unow									

ccc3					
12313	12040	cpd	120FB	1207A	12195
X.	R	44	₩.		≯
UD	BA	ud-ba	GAR	DU	DU
day,	divide,	Once	bread;	(gen)	build,
once	allot,	Later noon	ĝar place;	go, come	perform
	share;	12313 UD	niĝ ₂ thing		
	open;	day + 12040	02 0		
	halve;	BA open			
	noun-aux.	halve			

 122A9	1223E	cpd	
\mathbf{A}	\bowtie	** 查	
MUG	NA	kur-kur-ra	
SAL,	1223E NA	lands	
munus	incense,	121B3	
woman,	(burner)	KUR lands	
matriarch,	pestle	+	
queen,		1228F RA	
goddess,		aux.	
cuneus			

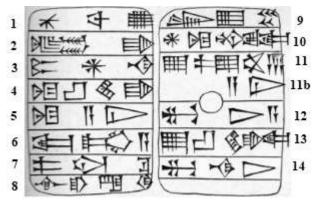
.. 4-Way template

..

• •	

Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | top

Not Translated Tablet (Gudean Period)



Mmnm ... not translated huh? Let's apply MUGSAR 4-Way and see how far we get...

1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 11b | 12 | 13 | 14

Line 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 11b | 12 | 13 | 14

ggg | Very Common Signs

1	T	Alle
A	4	HIII

12040	12311
R	\$∰#
 BA	U ₂
allot	food

Line 2

••

ATHTANA	-
DEfinit	ED

••	
	120B5
	GA
122A9 woman	suckling,
+ ? + 122BA	carry (cow)
grain	

Line 3	* *	٩
	1202D	1223E
Þ	₩	\bowtie
dumu	AN	NA
child, son, daughter; apprentice	heaven	incense; pestle

••



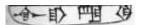
••			
cpd		121AC	120B5
₽đ		A.	⊯
NIN		KUG	GA
lady,	cf. 12085	KU ₃ , kug	GA
mistress	দিন	pure	suckling,
122A9			carry
cuneus +			(cow)
12306	grain		
garment	price		

Line 5	II D	>
 cpd	12000	1224C
问	Ĩ¥	Ĵ₽
NIN	А	NI
lady, mistress 122A9	water / river; bemoan	(i ₃) in time; quiver
cuneus + 12306		-
garment		



••		
	12323	12000
₩Į.	ĬIX}	Ĩ¥
	SIMUG	А
cf. 12295	metal	water /
head (var)	worker	river;
	cf. 12324	bemoan
	winnow	

X	ॻ
122EB	122DB
Å	Ţ
TA	SI
much; from	fill, load; horn
	TA much;



12053	121B7	121A0
酌	膩	\diamond
BUR	LA	KI
food	rump,	cosmic
offering;	bend	world
priest	over,	
	hang,	
	show,	
	supervise	

Line	9 (rig	,ht side)	
1.	5	THE T	-

774
- 440
- 41

••	
121FD	
	ALL AL
lu ₂	
man	? numeric
	1230D
	(50) cf.
	122BA
	44444
	44444
	barley

••

* 图 受通知

••			
1202D	cpd	12108	
⊯	₽₫		₫Ă
AN	NIN	GIR	
heaven	lady,	knife,	cf. 12295
	mistress	sword	head (var)
	122A9		
	cuneus +		
	12306		
	garment		



••		
121A4	1227A	12153
Ĩ	岸	Ϋ́́Υ
KID	PA	IMIN
field, mat	overseer;	7
	branch;	(5+2)
	sceptre	

Line 11b

••



••	
12000	1224C
Ĩ¥	Ĵ₽
Α	NI
water /	(i ₃) in
river;	time;
bemoan	quiver



••		
1222C	12195	12000
⊳∰₹₹	\Rightarrow	Ĩ¥
MU	KAK	А
1222C	build,	water /
MU (ĝu ₁₀)	perform	river;
phallus,		bemoan
dear,		
name,		
son, year		

••

王已 《 10年1

••			
121A4	121AC	120B5	12157
Ĩ	10 A	⊯	₩
KID	KUG	GA	KA
field, mat	KU ₃ , kug	suckling,	mouth;
	pure	carry	speak;
			perform

Line 14					
#1-\$>					
 1222C	1223E	12195			
▶∰ ₹	\bowtie	\Rightarrow			
MU	NA	KAK			
(ĝu ₁₀)	incense;	build,			
phallus,	pestle	perform			
dear,					
name,					
son, year					

T ... 14

1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 11b | 12 | 13 | 14

cf. etcsl.orinst.ox...c432e.D.54

A šir-namšub to Utu (Utu E) (c.4.32.e), line c432e.D.54

lu ₂	zid-zid-da- ke ₄	kaš-zu	bur-ra	me-ri	ki	a-da-ab-KU
LU ₂	ZI-ZI-DA-KID	BI-ZU	BUR-RA	ME-RI	KI	A-DA-AB-KU
lu ₂	zid	kaš	bur	ĝiri ₃ (ES: me-ri)	ki	KU
person	right	beer	type of bowl	foot	place	KU

Paragraph t432e.p10 (line(s) 51-58)

51. mu-lu zid-de₃ mu-lu zid-zid-da-[ke₄] gu₂-bi mu-un-ši-ib₂-[gi₄]

52. u₃-mu-un erim₆-ma kur gal ^dmu-ul-lil₂ gu₂-bi mu-un-ši-ib₂-gi₄

53. nin erim₆-ma ama gal ^dnin-lil₂ gu₂-bi mu-un-ši-[ib₂-gi₄]

54. lu2 zid-zid-da-ke4 kaš-zu bur-ra me-ri ki a-da-ab-KU

55. zabar-bi ši su₃-ud-ma-al de₃-ra-ab-dirig-ge

56. nibru^{ki} du₃-du₃-a-ba X KI X X X-a-ba še-eb e₂-e X-a-ba

57. dam til₃-la $e_2 X [...]$ dirig[?]-ge

58. a e₂-a a X [...]

51. The righteous man, the most righteous of men, has filled them to overflowing.

52. O lord of the storehouse, Great Mountain Enlil, he has filled them to overflowing.

53. O lady of the storehouse, great mother Ninlil, he has filled them to overflowing.

54. The most righteous of men has the **bowls** with your beer.

55. May this bronze vessel increase his long life.

56. When Nibru had been fully built, when had been, when the brickwork of this house had been,

57. the living spouse,

58. the seed of the house, the seed

cf. Line 8

金即門堡

12053	121A0
	\diamond
BUR	KI
food	cosmic
offering;	world

|--|

Very Common Signs

Major Lemma | *QF* | TOC2 | top

Civilization Time

СТ	plagio	Event
0	-10000	End of the last Ice Age, allows sedentary living and the rise of civilization
6600	-3400	Writing invented by the black Sumerians - first students and professors, the original gods, first epic, Gilgamesh, creation and flood myths complete with ark, calendar festivals like birth and death of Marduk bull calf of sun god Utu - northern hemisphere December Solstice => Roman Saturnalia => religio plagiarists, spring equinox rebirth festival fertility goddess Innana => Ishtar => Oestre => Easter, invention of the wheel, sexagesimal (base 60) system, first law codes, first details of musical instruments, the true etymology of many Greek/Roman words, all subsequently recorded on clay tablets. Instead of being lauded as pioneers, they are now categorized as 'ancient' – supposedly everything they achieved has no connection to the plagiarists.
9956	-45	Sosigenes of Alexandria's Western Calendar for Julius Caesar begins
10000	-1*	No extant record of anything significant happening, as confirmed by Dead Sea Scrolls. So why do modern, enlightened, non-racist sapiens have to start counting backwards and insult the achievements of the Sumerians (and Kumets aka Egyptians)?!
10001	+1*	do. * The plagiarists forgot to put in a zero year!
10100	+100	China invents paper replacing brittle papyrus. Later they would add weapon superiority gun powder.
10600	+600	India invents our numeral system replacing cumbersome Roman numerals.
10340	+340	Denis Little plagiarizes Sosigenes' calendar for religio bureaucrats – by chance events, plagio-religio impostor would be forced on all

cultures for international dating, even in government and law courts where constitutionally there is supposed to be separation of state and religio; beginning of Dark Ages – writing lost to all but a few, who rehash the same group of plagiarized stories, for 1000 years until the Renaissance / Enlightenment

12013 +2013 December 4th







A little bit of video of Tara (then 6 yo) making and 'unearthing' the CT Book on YouTube: 1. Unearthing the CT Book (16s) http://youtu.be/_kmiWiLdki4 2. Tara Designing CT Book (1m 41s) http://youtu.be/rk0Qp03Vv2Q

Sumer Periods

Sumer Periods [Wik]

Ubaid period (Chalcolithic)	Uruk XIV-V Uruk XIV-V Uruk period Uruk IV (Late Chalcolithic) Uruk III	riod Gutian Kadan Ur
4700 4900 5100 5300 5500 5	700 5900 6100 6300 6500 6700 6900 7100 7300 7500 77	700 7900 CT
-5300 -5100 -4900 -4700 -4500 -	300 -4100 -3900 -3700 -3500 -3300 -3100 -2900 -2700 -2500 -2	2300 -2100
	Religio-plagiarized system	

Ubaid = 5000-6000CT (5000-4000 *religio-plagio*) – Early settlements in Sumer (southern Iraq).

Uruk = 6000-7000CT (4000-3000 *plag*) – Civilization develops rapidly through cuneiform writing.

Early Dynastic = 7000-7650CT (3000-2350 *plag*) – Independent, sometimes conflicting Sumerian city states. [Literature of Ancient Sumer, Jeremy Black]

ED IIIa = The Early Dynastic IIIa (Fara) period - c.7400-7500CT (2600-2500 *plag*)

ED IIIb period = c. 7460-7650CT (2540-2350 *plag*)

The Early Dynastic period began after a cultural break with the preceding Jemdet Nasr period that has been radio-carbon dated to about [7100CT (2900 *plag*)] at the beginning of the Early Dynastic I Period. No inscriptions have yet been found verifying any names of kings that can be associated with the Early Dynastic I period. The ED I period is distinguished from the ED II period by the narrow cylinder seals of the ED I period and the broader wider ED II seals engraved with banquet scenes or animal-contest scenes. The Early Dynastic II period is when Gilgamesh, the famous king of Uruk, is believed to have reigned. Later inscriptions have been found bearing some Early Dynastic II names from the King List. The Early Dynastic IIIa period is when syllabic writing began. Accounting records and an undeciphered logographic script existed before the Fara Period, but the full flow of human speech was first recorded around [7400CT (2600*plag*)] at the beginning of the Fara Period.

Hegemony, which came to be conferred by the Nippur priesthood, alternated among a number of competing dynasties, hailing from Sumerian city-states traditionally including Kish, Uruk, Ur, Adab and Akshak, as well as some from outside of southern Mesopotamia, such as Awan, Hamazi, and Mari, until the Akkadians, under Sargon of Akkad, overtook the area...

Ur III = The Third Dynasty of Ur: 107 years, 7954-8061CT (2047–1940 *plag*) [cf. 108 years, 7888-7996CT (2112–2004 *plag*) - Black, ibid.]

Also known as the Neo-Sumerian Empire or the Ur III Empire, refers to a Sumerian ruling dynasty based in the city of Ur and a short-lived territorial-political state that some historians regard as a nascent empire... [Wik]

The Third Dynasty of Ur came to preeminent power in Mesopotamia after several centuries of Akkadian and Gutian kings. It controlled the cities of Isin, Larsa and Eshnunna and extended as far north as the Jazira.

The Third Dynasty of Ur arose some time after the fall of the Akkad Dynasty. The period between the last powerful king of the Akkad Dynasty, Shar-kali-sharri, and the first king of Ur III, Ur-Nammu, is not well documented, but most Assyriologists posit that there was a brief "dark age", followed by a power struggle among the most powerful city-states... [Wik]

cf.

OS Old Sumerian period 7500-7650CT (2500-2350 plag)

Sarg. Sargonic period 7650-7850CT (2350-2150 plag)

Ur III / Third Ur Dynasty (Neo-Sumerian) period 7850-8000CT (2150-2000 plag)

OB Old Babylonian period 8100-8400CT (1900-1600 plag)

Unicode Sign closeup

ScriptSource (click on first result for even bigger size) | Google (Images)

PSD

http://psd.museum.upenn.edu/epsd1/nepsd-frame.html - Pennsylvania Sumerian Dictionary Project - could have been fantastic, except that they seem to think it was perfect and stopped back in '2006 no interest in unicodes / putting everything together.

Anyway, once you get the hang of it, you can see Steve Tinney has still done a terrific job.

••

ETCSL

http://etcsl.orinst.ox.ac.uk/ - The Electronic Text Corpus of Sumerian Literature (ETCSL), a project of the University of Oxford, comprises a selection of nearly 400 literary compositions [Jeremy Black ['1951-'2004, founder]

ETCSL Search Advanced - Simple | Glossary | Proper Nouns | sitemap

Fast Find: substitute in hypertext edit composition parameters composition c.1.3.3 line 129 = c133.129 http://etcsl.orinst.ox...c133.129

List of determinatives

	Artic
1.	&ance before donkey / horse
2.	&d K before divine names
3.	&dug before words for vessels
4.	&e2 before words for buildings and rooms
5.	&f before women's names and words denoting women's occupations
6.	&gi before words for items made of reed
7.	&gud before words for cattle
8.	&jic H before words for items made of wood
9.	&id2 before river names
10.	&iku after words denoting surface measures
11.	&im before words for items made of clay
12.	&kac before types of alcohol
13.	&ki after place names
14.	&ku6 after words for fish
15.	&kur Hefore words for mountains / countries
16.	&kuc before words for items made of leather
17.	&lu2 before gentilics and words denoting men's occupations
	&m H→→ before (men's) names
	μ before words for items made of wood (Emesal)
	&mucen \checkmark after names of birds
	&mul the before names of stars and planets
	&na4 before words for stones
23.	&ninda before words for bread and other baked items
24.	&sa before words for braided items

25. &sar after words for vegetables
26. &cah2 before words for denoting varieties of pigs
27. &tug2 before words for garments
28. &tum9 ?? before words for winds
29. &u2 before words for plants
30. &udu before words denoting varieties of sheep and goats
31. &urud before words for items of bronze and copper
32. &uzu before words for parts of the body
33. &zabar before words for items of bronze

CDP – closeups of actual signs on tablets

••

The Cuneiform Digital Palaeography Project | Database (login as guest)





Basics / Grammar

Introduction to Sumerian Grammar pdf – Daniel **Foxvog**. At least at the beginning, shows the logograms too!

Sumerian Grammar '2003 (Internet Archive) – Dietz Otto Edzard

Misc.

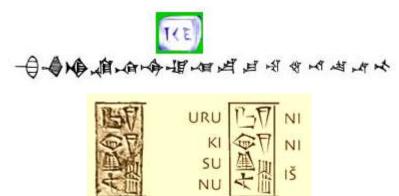
ORACC: http://oracc.museum.upenn.edu/ The Open Richly Annotated Cuneiform Corpus

BDTNS: http://bdts.filol.csic.es/

Sumerian Lexicon pdf & The Proto-Sumerian Language Invention Process – John Halloran - http://www.sumerian.org/

Literature of Ancient Sumer, Jeremy Black - Google Books

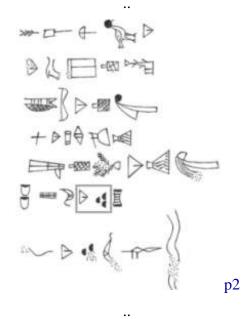
The Initiative for Cuneiform Encoding (ICE)

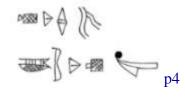


Proto Cuneiform Signs (cdli)

[ddd] **CDLI**: http://cdli.ucla.edu/ Cuneiform Digital Library Initiative (Oxford/UCLA) – note Late Uruk Period signs - full list of proto-cuneiform signs – pdf: http://www.cdli.ucla.edu/tools/SignLists/ATU1.pdf - 'MUG' 122A9 examples:

dii.ucla.edu/toois/SignLists/ATU1.pdf	(p1)
1 > I alleinstehend Is-	. 5= 353 I1
A menty	266 I 3
	266 <u>T</u> 1
* ⊳	266 I 2
$\vdash \triangleright$	266 II 3
	34113
$\mathbb{P} \triangleleft$	341 I 1
$\mathbb{X} \triangleright$	341I3





••

Late Uruk Period Cattle Dairy Products - Englund (pdf cdli)

cdli.ucla.edu/staff/englund/publications/englund1995b.pdf

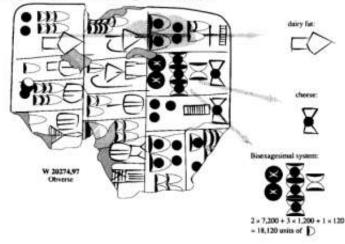


Figure 5: Simple accounts of dairy products from the Uruk IV period (above; copies from R. Englund, ATU 5) and a large account from the Uruk III period (below; see ATU 2, pl. 55, and Archaic Bookkeeping, p. 94) of products from animal husbandry, including the signs for dairy fat (DUG₈) and cheese (GA'AR).

LAK (proto list)

(Liste der archaischen Keilschriftzeichen 1922 WVDOG 40, Berlin)

http://www.cdli.ucla.edu/tools/SignLists/LAK/HTML/P0001.html

(UCLA Cuneiform Digital Library Initiative)

LAK is a dictionary of Sumerian cuneiform signs of the pre-classical Fara period (Early Dynastic II), published in '1922 by Sumerologist **P. Anton Deimel** ('1865–'1954). The list enumerates 870 distinct cuneiform signs.

The sign inventory in the archaic period was considerably larger than the standard inventory of texts of the classical Sumerian (7400-7650CT [2600-2350plag]) or Neo-Sumerian (7900CT; all dates short chronology) periods. This means that numerous signs identified by their classical reading continue several distinct signs of the pre-classical period. If it is necessary to identify the pre-classical sign intended, its LAK number is customarily given, in the form of LAK-1 to LAK-870 [Wik] :

1		R, FW, 9070, 8, 12729, 14; ^d R-nab, 12806, 1/3. R ^{ba} , 12751, 1; ^R -nab-ab/guit/amar/am 1282, R ^{bu} , 9/24, 8; R-nab-ab, 125234.	, ľ
	» Zahleinhoit 3 jungeo Fischohon	R-mun bu 9/24,8; R-nab-mu, 9/24,3, e. 9/2, 5; R-sahar ^{hu} , 9/24,9; s. die Zahlzuichen; lir R: Zuweilen R = J. 3. ^{R. 445} R-us = ^{gub} bar-us, 1265,11, 1125, s. und zabar. <i>U</i> -R(=num)-ma, SAK 22, 5, 12.	
	D	R ^{ba} (Var. von 3), 12551, 7, 12695, 2, 4. → ^{ba} ; & dieZahlz. du-R-da, 12524, 10.	
	d,	s. die Zahlz.	
	Å	R &a (Van. von 2), 12693, 2; 12751, 1.	
	₽, PK	s. n. 46	
4	July (-14 pos) . Zully (-14 pos) und ?	^d R, 12760, 13, gan. R ^d gan. R ^d gan. R ^{ki} , 9124,2, R-num-ud ^d Ur , 12582,3. 125 125,82,3. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,7. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5. 125,82,5	
5	setwas Getailtes	^d R, 12737,4; R-la, s. Trauennam. kei Urukag. R-dur-a, 12778,2, gal-R-dur, 9138,6. <u>Rrc 58</u> Zf. in allen arch. T. R (= halap):)-ha-dam, BP 222;	▶
	Lanzenspitze, Messer :	R, pass in allen arch. T ". Nin (Van),). su, Déc. ép. p. XXXIV. , Blau (. Int. 1140 n. 86269)	₽₽₹₩
	. lanzettförmige (Myrrhen?) Blatt	R. pass. in allen arch. T. id R-ka-kam, Jo. 1233. 40 ma-na tim R. T3A 6,2; 10 ma-na R. ambentif. Oft Syn. von n. 6	ÞÞ
I	×	prase. in altern arch. T.; vergiertes R : * , RECS tis 12606 R	DOF

DOG. Deimel: Fara.

1

TRUE ETYMOLOGY

In addition to individual entries throughout the MUGSAR, here we will start throwing in extra bits and pieces until we can get a feel for order...

Proto Language Monosyllables PLM

'Proto Language Monosyllables PLM with their Principal Meanings', Patrick C. Ryan ('2008) – "The Proto-Language was composed of 90 monosyllables..."

Some quite interesting points on true etymology and evolution.

Also notes "...one of the defining characteristics of *Emesal* is to eliminate from the 'female language' those sounds which would necessitate observable lip-rounding, presumably for whatever social significance observed lip-rounding by females may have had. *Emegi* [EG] $\mathbf{u} => Emesal$ [ES] $\mathbf{i} ...$ "

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PIE = Proto-Indo-European
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Refers often to Kurt Jaritz Schriftarchäologie der altmesopotamischen Kultur ('1967)

Ancient Signs: The Alphabet & the Origins of Writing - Andis Kaulins cites importance of Ryan's work - in addition to above: Sumerian Archaic Sign Table, Sumerian Sign Value Register http://lingwhizt.blogspot.com/2011/01/8-origins-of-writing-in-western.html Some extracts from LINGUIST List 7.1247 involving Patrick C Ryan http://linguistlist.org/issues/7/7-1247.html Message 3: Sumerian and PIE Date: Thu, 05 Sep 1996 01:10:28 EDT From: Alan Huffman <aahny@cunyvm.cuny.edu> Subject: Sumerian and PIE Here are a couple more for your Sumerian / PIE list: **Sum.:** me => 'I' [see copula note] Sum.: adda => 'father' cf. Gothic atta Sum.: nu => 'no' Sum.: lugal => 'king' cf. Latin leg-is [and lu/ru interchangeability => rugal => English 'regal' - see note for entry at 12217 LUGAL] Other Examples ABZU = abyss : 1236A III ZU = know1200A AB = cosmic sea, window日周 1236A ZU, $su_2 + 1200A AB = ABZU$ [reversed]

122E7 SUM, $\check{S}UM_2$, $SI_3 = GIVE$ cf. English 'to sum' total / add up; Greek 'sigma'

Shekel - origin of Hebrew term for money re price of bushel of grain, see 122BA SHE

Major Cities

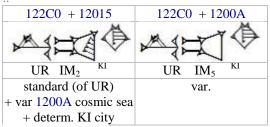
Uruk / Sumerian: UNUG / cuneiform $^{\rm URU}$ UNUG



Eridu / Sumerian eridu^{ki} / cuneiform NUN.KI



Ur / Sumerian URIM



UR, urin (uri₃, uru₃)

The name of the city is in origin derived from the god's name, $\text{URIM}_2^{\text{KI}}$ being the classical Sumerian spelling of LAK-32.UNUG^{KI}, literally "the abode (UNUG) of Nanna (LAK-32)

top | TOC2 | QF

APPENDIX

How to write on clay | Vowels | Syllabary | Copula | Foxvog's Basics || Major Lemma | QF | TOC2 | top

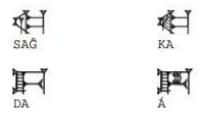
Abbreviations / Notations

[740x] = number of times attested – as noted by ePSD – it's important to note that a number of the signs (esp the hundreds of repetitive variants) in the standard lists were rarely used.



gunû and šeššig

One method of generating new signs was to mark a portion of a base sign to specify the object intended. The marks are called by the scribes either gunû-strokes (from Sumerian gùn-a 'colored, decorated') or šeššig- hatchings (due to the resemblance of the strokes to the early cross-hatched form of the Sumerian sign for grain, še). Compare the following two sets of signs:



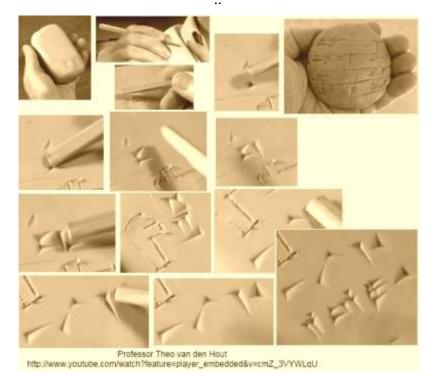
In the first set, the base sign is saĝ 'head'. Strokes over the mouth portion produces SAĜ-gunû, to be read ka 'mouth'. In the second set, the base sign is da 'side' (i.e., a shoulder, arm and hand). Hatchings over the arm portion produces DA-šeššig, to be read á 'arm'... [Foxvog]

CVVE = compound verb verbal element (PSD)

PLM = Proto Language Monosyllables (see True Etym.)

How to write on clay





Professor Theo van den Hout

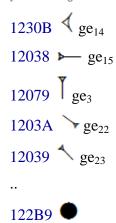
http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player_embedded&v=cmZ_3VYWLqU http://www.carolineludovici.com/learn-how-to-write-cuneiform.html http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player_embedded&v=eJYQ8VEFznU



http://archaeology.otterlabs.org/Courses/AncientCivilizations/Syllabus/CuneiformLab.htm

Basic Cuneus

GE = stylus cuneus; (piece of) writing, copy, exemplar, written; blow; wound [All called 'ge' but then 12100 reed (stylus) is also 'ge']



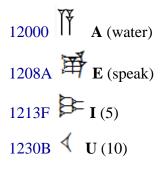
Numbers

nnn

12038 ► ASH "1" 122F0 ► MIN "2" (TAB) 1203C ► ESH "3" 121F9 ► LIMMU "4" 1213F ► IA "5" [I vowel] 1240B ★ ASH "6" 12153 ★ IMIN (5+2) "7" 1240D ★ USSU "8" 12446 ★ ILIMMU (5+4) "9" 1230B ★ U "10" ... cpd ★ Comparison of the second second

cpd 4 geštu, ge-eš-tu = 60 (or 600?) [12100 gi confirm, designation, quality + 1230D eš 30 + 12305 tu small] 1214A IGI gunû, SIG₇ = 10000

Vowels



Pronunciation

Vowels may be pronounced as follows:

a - as in father,

e - as in peg,

i - as in hip,

u - as in pull.

Of the special consonants,

 $\tilde{\mathbf{n}}$ is pronounced like 'ng' in rang, so \mathbf{sag} would be sang,

b is pronounced like 'ch' in German Buch (*bookkk*) or Scottish loch (*lookkk*, not lock! ['x ($\frac{h}{2}$)' hbreve plain velar fricative cf. (voiceless) velar fricative / $\frac{h}{2}$ (sometimes just written h); Anatolian $\frac{h}{2}$]) – tongue slightly to roof of mouth and breathe through /out, throaty sound, like something stuck in throat, bringing up phlegm] and $\frac{s}{2}$ is pronounced like 'sh' in dash.

••

a, e4: n., water; watercourse, canal; seminal fluid; offspring; father; tears; flood.

é: house, household; temple; plot of land.

i: n., cry of pain (derived from ér, ír, 'tears; complaint' ?).

v., to capture, defeat, overcome (cf., éd, è; i, 'to sprout')

ú: n., plant; vegetable; grass; food; bread; pasture; load.

v., to nourish, support.

adj., strong, powerful (man).

ù: n., sleep (cf., u₅). [according to S. Lieberman, u, ù, and u₄ were pronounced /o/] v., to sleep.

 $u_{(3,4,8)}$: n., an expression of protest; cries, screams; the grunting, panting.

v., to bend over.

u₅: n., male bird, cock; totality; earth pile or levee; raised area (sometimes written ù).

v., to mount (coition); to be on top of; to ride; to steer, conduct.

adj., (raised) high, especially land or ground (sometimes written ù).

u₁₈: huge.

 u_{20} : barley.

More at sumerian.org/prot-sum – The Proto-Sumerian Language Invention Process - John A. Halloran

•••

We do not know how Sumerian was spoken. Scribes were trained for over two years to become competent in Sumerian, the basis of the cuneiform writing system. The Sumerian cuneiform writing system consists of around 700 signs, which could represent both words and syllables. We must learn the language *as well as* the way it was written. Cuneiform is full of mysteries; it became increasingly complex over the three thousand years of its development, and its adepts utilized these complexities for esoteric teaching and speculation. While we cannot hope to duplicate the training or the native knowledge of the scribes, we must try in some way to make their teaching our own. We must begin by saying what they said, pronouncing what they pronounced. Although we cannot be certain how the languages were spoken, there are three ways to reconstruct pronunciation:

- 1. Comparing contemporary descended or related languages
- 2. Ancient transliterations or phonological discussions from the unknown to a known language
- 3. Borrowings from the unknown to a known language

Sumerian has no known descendants or relatives, so we must rely entirely on point number 2. Sumerian was written with the same set of characters, and for 2000 years... We work from the pronunciation of Akkadian back to the Sumerian. Finally, we are fairly confident of the *quality* of Sumerian vowels - whether it is an a, e, i, u (even perhaps o) - we have very little idea of the *quantity* - long or short, high or low, etc.

The following guide to Sumerian is therefore purely practical:

a short as in "bat," or long as in "father"

â long as in "father"

b as in "babble"

d as in English

e short as in "bet"

e sometimes long as in "day"

g hard as in English "gag"

ĝ nasal "ng" as in "thing"

h rough [throaty] "h", no English equivalent

i short as in "sit"

i sometimes long as in "ski"

k always hard as in "kick"

l as in English

m same as English

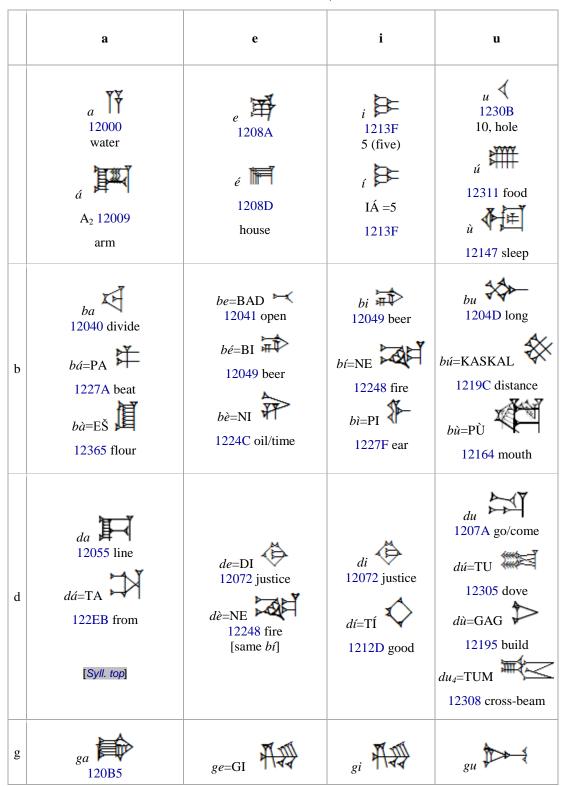
n same as English
p same as English
r same as English, can be flat or rolled
s same as English, can be flat or rolled
s same as English
š like "sh" in "ship"
t as in English
u short as in "cut"
u sometimes long as in "ruby"
z as in English
There are two diphthongs:
"ia" pronounced "ee-yah" or "ya"

If any other two vowels come together, pronounce them like they are both the first vowel.

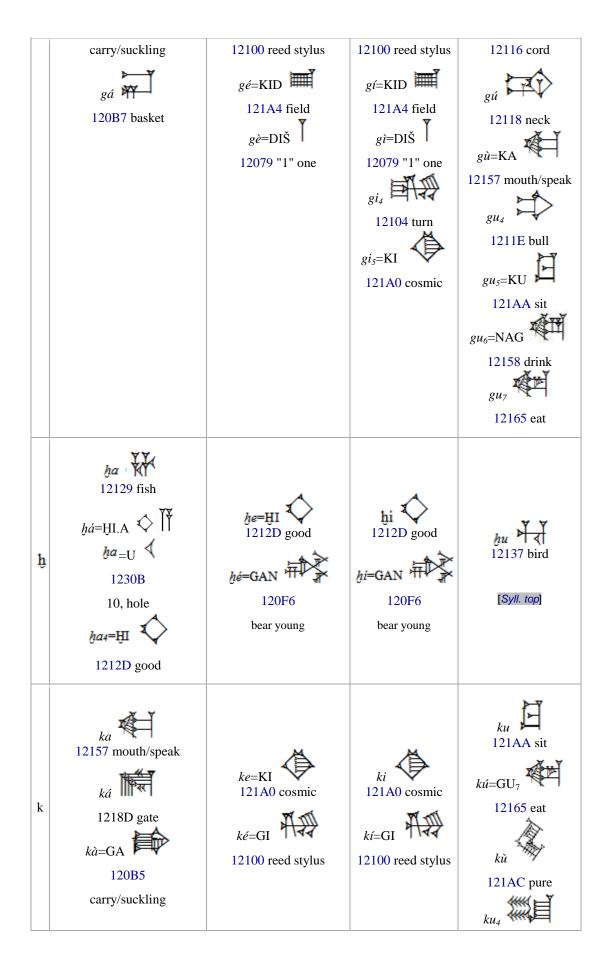
more...

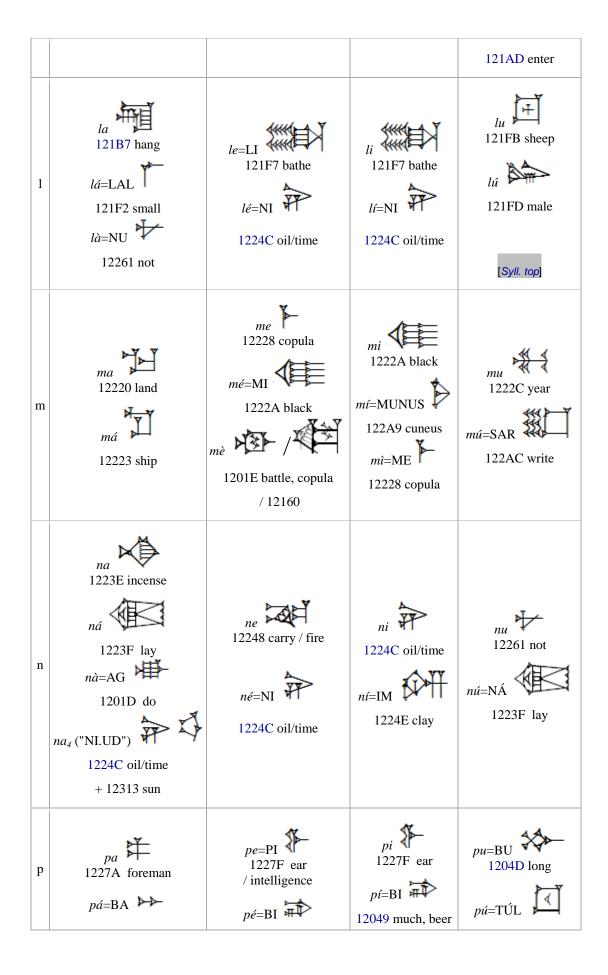
Syllabary A-Z: Write your name in cuneiform!

There's no 'o' vowel in Sumerian but 'u' (pron. as in pull) is close. Also use the Main Listings for 3-letter syllables like we did for Hogan

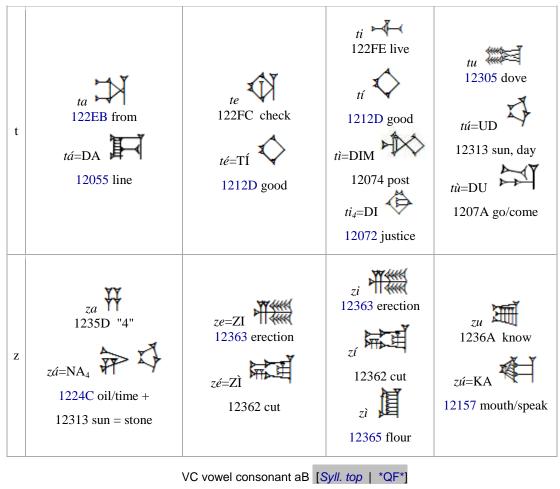


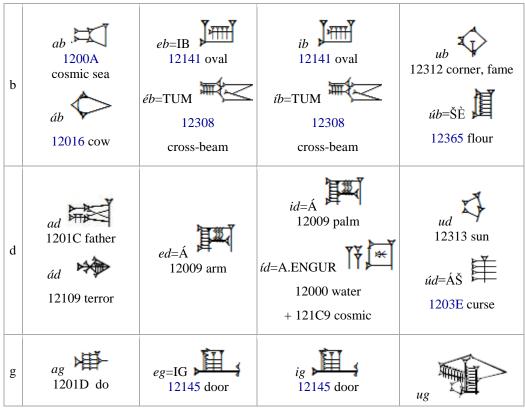
CV consonant vowel Ba | VC aB SSS

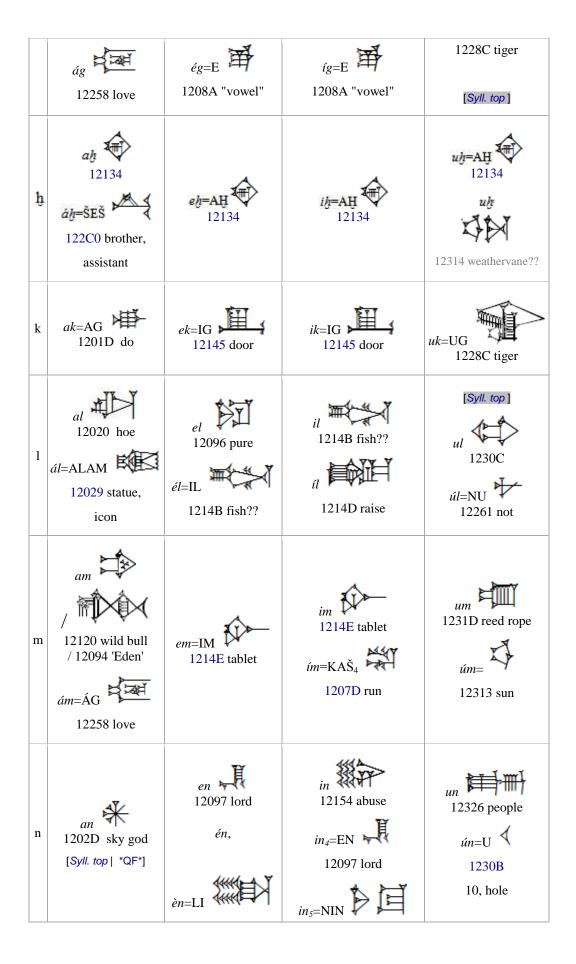


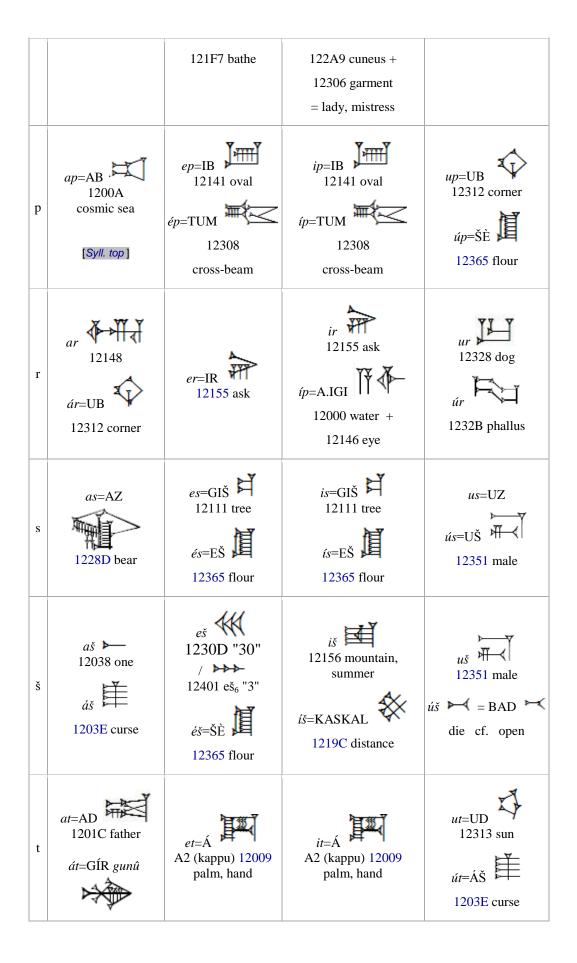


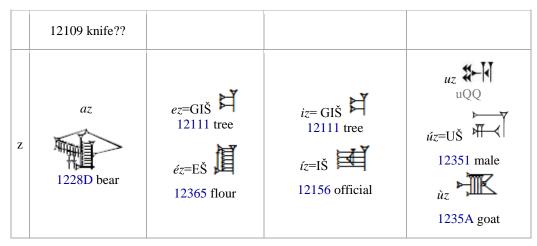
	[12400] "2"	12049 much, beer	<i>pì</i> =BAD ₩ 12041 open	121E5 source, well $p\dot{u}$ 12164 mouth
r	ra 1228F beat $r\dot{a}$ =DU 1207A go/come	re=RI 12291 place $ré=URU$ 12337 civilization	ri 12291 place ri=URU 12337 civilization	$ru \rightarrow 12292 \text{ fall}$ $rú=\text{GAG} \rightarrow 12195 \text{ build}$ $r\hat{u}=\text{AŠ} \rightarrow 12038 \text{ "1"}$
s	sa 12293 muscle s \dot{a} =DI $$ 12072 equal s \dot{a} =ZA $$ 1235D "4" sa ₄ ("HU.NÁ") $2137 bird + 1223E incense$	se=SI 122DB horn se=ZI 12363 life [Syll. top]	si 122DB horn si=ZI 12363 life	su 122E2 skin, organ $s\dot{u}=ZU$ 1236A know $s\dot{u}=SUD$ 122E4 pull su_4 UQQ red/brown
š	$ \begin{array}{c} \overset{sa}{\underset{i22AD}{\underset{i22AD}{iastr}}} \\ \overset{sa}{\underset{i22AD}{iastr}} \\ \overset{sa}{\underset{i22AE}{iastr}} \\ s$	se ie ie ie ie ie ie ie i	$\vec{s}i = IGI$ 12146 eye $\vec{s}i = SI$ $122DB \text{ horn}$	i 22D7 hand $i 22D7 hand$ $i 22D9 ??$ $i 22D9 ??$ $i 2365 flour$ $i 2365 flour$ $i 230B$











[END | Syll. top CV Ba | VC aB | *QF*]

The tables above show signs used for simple syllables of the form CV or VC. As used for the Sumerian language, the cuneiform script was in principle capable of distinguishing at least 16 consonants, transliterated as

b, d, g, \tilde{g} , \tilde{h} , k, l, m, n, p, r, ř, s, š, t, z

as well as four vowel qualities: *a*, *e*, *i*, *u*. ...[Wik]

The picture of a hand came to stand not only for Sumerian šu ("hand") but also for the phonetic syllable šu in any required context. Sumerian words were largely monosyllabic, so the signs generally denoted syllables, and the resulting mixture is termed a word-syllabic script. The inventory of phonetic symbols henceforth enabled the Sumerians to denote grammatical elements by phonetic complements added to the word signs (logograms or ideograms). Because Sumerian had many identical sounding (homophonous) words, several logograms frequently yielded identical phonetic values and are distinguished in modern transliteration—(as, for example, **ba, bá, ba**, ba4). Because a logogram often represented several related notions with different names (e.g., "sun," "day," "bright"), it was capable of assuming more than one phonetic value (this feature is called polyphony)...more

••

..

...'accents' and subscript numerals do not affect the pronunciation – Halloran

Foxvog's Basics

http://home.comcast.net/~foxvog/Grammar.pdf]

Sign Diacritics and Index Numbers

Sumerian features a large number of homonyms — words that were pronounced similarly but had different meanings and were written with different signs, for example:

A system of numerical subscripts, and diacritics over vowels representing

subscripts, serves to identify precisely which sign appears in the actual text Borger's index system which is used here is as follows:

Single-syllable signs	Multiple-syllable signs	
$du (= du_1)$	muru	
$dú (= du_2)$	múru	
$d\hat{u} (= du_3)$	mùru	
du ₄ etc.	muru ₄	

Note that the diacritic always falls on the first vowel of the word!

There is variation in the systems employed in older signlists for multiple- syllable signs, especially in Labat. In the earliest editions of his sign-list which may still be encountered in libraries, Labat carried the use of diacritics through index numbers 4-5 by shifting the acute and grave accents onto the first syllable of multiple-syllable signs:

murú (= muru₂) murù (= muru₃) múru (= muru₄) mùru (= muru₅) New values of signs, pronunciations for which no generally accepted index numbers yet exist, are given an "x" subscript, e.g. dax 'side'...

Many signs are polyvalent, that is, they have more than one value or reading...

••••

Polyvalency

The most important new development by far was the principle of polyvalency, the association of "many values" with a particular sign, each with its own separate pronunciation. This became a very productive and simple method of generating new logographic values.

apin	'plow'	can also	be	read	uru4	'to plow'	
					engar	'plowman,	farmer'
					àbsin	'furrow'	

Determinatives

To help the reader decide which possible value of a polyvalent sign was intended by the writer, the use of determinatives arose. A determinative is one of a limited number of signs which, when placed before or after a sign or group of signs, indicates that the determined object belongs to a particular semantic category, e.g. wooden, reed, copper or bronze objects, or persons, deities, places, etc. Determinatives were still basically optional as late as the Ur III period (7887-7997CT). When Sumerian died as a spoken language, they became obligatory. Determinatives were presumably not to be pronounced when a text was read, and to show that they are not actually part of a word we transliterate them, in unilingual Sumerian context at least, as superscripts. To use the example of the 'plow' sign above, the polyvalent sign APIN [see 12033] is read

APIN - if preceded by a 'wood' determinative: GIŠAPIN 'plow'

ENGAR - if preceded by a 'person' determinative: ^{LÚ}ENGAR 'plowman'

but URU4 'to plow' or ÀBSIN 'furrow' elsewhere, depending upon context.

Rebus Writing and Syllabic Values

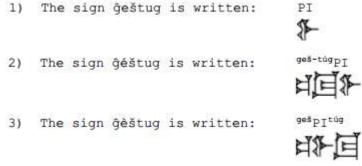
At some point rebus [cf. *Kindle defi*: a puzzle – words are rep by combo pictures and individual letters e.g. apex = picture of ape + letter X shown by] writings arose, where the sign for an object which could easily be drawn was used to write a homophonous word which could not so easily be depicted, especially an abstract idea. For example, the picture of an arrow, pronounced /ti/, became also the standard sign for ti 'rib' as well as for the verb ti(l) 'to live'. The adoption of the rebus principle was a great innova- tion, but it adds to the difficulty of learning the Sumerian writing system, since meanings of words thus written are divorced entirely from the original basic shapes and meanings of their signs.

...The Sumerian writing system was still in limited use as late as the $[100^{\text{th}}]$ cent.; the last known texts are astronomical in nature and can be dated to ca. [10076CT]. The system thus served the needs of Mesopotamian civilizations for a continuous span of over 3200 years – a remarkable achievement in human history.

Syllabic Signs

Used in Sumerian primarily to write grammatical elements. They are also commonly used to write words for which there is no proper logogram. Sometimes this phonetic writing is a clue that the word in question is a foreign loanword.





Determinatives

Logograms which may appear before or after words which categorize the latter in a variety of ways. They are orthographic aids and were presumably not pronounced in actual speech. They begin to be used spora- dically by the end of the archaic period. While they were probably developed to help a reader chose the desired value of a polyvalent sign, they are often employed obligatorily even when the determined logogram is not polyvalent. For example, while the wood determinative ĝiš may be used before the PA sign to help specify its reading ĝidri 'scepter', rather than, e.g., sìg 'to beat', ĝiš is also used before hašhur 'apple (tree or wood)' even though this sign has no other reading. Other common functions are to help the reader distinguish between homonymous words, e.g. ad 'sound' and gis AD 'plank' or between different related meanings of a word, e.g. nú 'to sleep' but ^{giš}ĝèšnu (NÚ) 'bed'. The following determinatives are placed BEFORE the words they determine and so are referred to as pre-determinatives:

Determinative	Meaning	Category
<pre>I (abbr. ") lú munus (abbr. f) diĝir (abbr. d) dug gi ĝiš i, (or id) kuš mul na4 šim túg (or tu9) ú iri urudu uzu</pre>	one, (item) man, person woman, female god pot reed tree, wood watercourse skin star stone aromatic, resin garment grass city copper flesh	<pre>personal names (usually male) male professions female names and professions* deities vessels reed varieties and objects trees, woods and wooden objects canals and rivers leather hides and objects planets, stars and constellations stones and stone objects aromatic substances (woolen) garments grassy plants, herbs, cereals city names (previously read uru) copper (and bronze) objects body parts, meat cuts</pre>

The following determinatives are placed AFTER the words they determine and so are referred to as post-determinatives:

ki	place	cities and other geographic entities
ku ₆	fish	fish, amphibians, crustaceans
mušen	bird	birds, insects, other winged animals
nisi(g)	greens	vegetables (the obsolete reading sar 'garden plot' is still also seen)
zabar	bronze	bronze objects (often combined with the pre-determinative urudu)

uCode query

Image: A state of the state

peš [67x] thick; give birth - see 12912

Copula

I₃- am₃-me

to be

1224C	cpd	12228			
Ĵ₽	ĭ¥¥	⊩			
I ₃	am ₃	me			
time,	aux.	to be, is			
comes to	12000 A				
pass	progeny + 1202D deity				
http://etcsl.orinst.oxc625.15.3					
also					
1214E					

em to be

••

http://psd.museum.upenn.edu/epsd/epsd/e3660.html

[More True Etym. English "I", "am", "me"!]

More Text Examples

1-10. She of the desert. She put the *šu-gura*, the desert crown, on her head. when she went out to the shepherd, to the sheepfold, her cuneus was remarkable. her cuneus was remarkable. She praised herself, full of delight at her cuneus, she praised herself, full of delight at her cuneus, she praised herself, full of delight at her cuneus. She looked at, she looked at

- 1. [...] X-dam edin-na na-mu-X-[...]
- 2. [tug2-šu-gur-ra] /men\ edin-na saĝ-ĝa2 mu-ni-in-ĝal2
- 3. [...] X sipad-ra ĝa2 udu-še3 an-na-ra-e3
- 4. [... gam]-e-dam gal4-la -ni u6 di-dam
- 5. [...] /zid\-de3-eš gam-e-dam **gal4-la**-ni <u6 di-dam>
- 6. [...] /gal4\-la-ni-še3 ḫul2-la-e ni2-te-ni mi2 zid iri in-ga-am3-me
- 7. [...]-ni-še3 hul2-la-e ni2-te-ni <mi2 zid iri in-ga-am3-me>
- 8. [...] igi nam-ši-in-bar
- 9. [...]/igi\nam-da-ra-ši-in-bar
- 10. [...] X igi nam-ši-in-bar

14-35. "When I have bathed for the king, for the lord, when I have bathed for the shepherd Dumuzid, when I have adorned my flanks (?) with ointment (?), when I have anointed my mouth with balsamic oil (?), when I have painted my eyes with kohl, when he has my hips with his fair hands, when the lord who lies down beside holy Inana, the shepherd Dumuzid, has on his lap, when he has relaxed (?) in my pure (?) arms, when he has coitioned me like choice beer, when he ruffles my pubic hair for me, when he plays with the hair of my head, when he lays his hands on my pure cuneus, when he lies down in the of my sweet womb

- 21. ib2-ib2-ĝu10 mi-ni-dim2-dim2-ma3-gin7
- 22. u3-mu-un i3-nu2 kug dinanana-še3
- 23. su-ba du5-mu-zid-de3
- 24. ur2-ra ga i3-du8-a-na-gin7
- 25. X IM a2 gi-rin-ĝa2 GI4 in-tenx(GUR8)-tenx(GUR8)-na-gin7
- 26. [X] X saĝ kaš! saĝ-gin7
- 27. mu-uš? mu-tag-ga-gin7
- 28. siki-ur2-ĝu10 ĝa2-an-/suḫ3?\-[suḫ3-a-gin7]
- 29. siki-pa-ĝu10 a-ne in-da-an-dug4-ga-gin7
- 30. gal4 kug-ĝa2 šu bi2-in-ma-ra-gin7
- 31. šag4 ze2-ba-ĝa2 u3 [X] X-bi i3-X-/nu2?\-a-gin7
- 32. ma2 MI-ni-gin7 mu-X-[X]-/AN?\-gin7
- 33. ma2 sal-la-ni-gin7 mu-un-til-til-la-gin7

- 34. ki-nu2-a mi2 ĝa2-ni-dug4-ga-a-gin7
- 35. u3-mu-un-ra mi2 da-an-dug4

--

19-27. My, the barmaid's beer is sweet. Like her beer her cuneus is sweet, her beer is sweet. Like her mouth her cuneus is sweet, her beer is sweet. Her diluted beer, her beer is sweet...

- 19. AN X X X-ĝu10 za-bi-tum-ma kaš-a-ni ze2-ba-am3
- 20. kaš-a-ni-gin7 gal4-la-ni ze2-ba-am3 kaš-a-ni ze2-ba-am3
- 21. ka-ga14-a-ni-gin7 gal4-la-ni ze2-ba-am3 kaš-a-ni ze2-ba-am3
- 22. kašbirx(A.SUD)-a-ni kaš-a-ni ze2-ba-am3
- 23. dšu-dsuen ba-sag9-ge-na-ĝu10
- 24. ba-sag9-ge-na-ĝu10 ba-zil2-zil2-i-na-ĝu10
- 25. dšu-dsuen ba-sag9-ge-na-ĝu10
- --

1-9. "..... on your navel. My sweet illustrious sister, On your back My illustrious sister, hand. In your cuneus the gardens. Nanaya, In your anus the fields. My illustrious sister, the acres. Come to me, my sister..."

- 1. [en3]-/dur\-za ḪA-[izi ...]
- 2. /nin9\ e ze2-ba-ĝu10 [...]
- 3. murgu-za X MU [...]
- 4. nin9 e-ĝu10 šu [...]
- 5. **gal4-la** za sar-ra {garden} [...]
- 6. dna-na-a /LI?\ [...]
- 7. **gu-du** {anus/rump}-za **a-šag4** {field} [...]
- 8. nin9 {sister} e- $\hat{g}u10$ bur3 /gana2 [...]
- 9. /ĝen-ma\-da nin9-ĝu10 [...]
- --
- 11-24. She chooses the rump beads and puts them on her rump.

11. nunuz **dur2**-ra { 12089 rump cf. gu-du} in-pad3 {reveal}-de3 **dur2**-ra-na mu-un-ĝa2-ĝa2

29-30.

If I, my cuneus brings me slavery.

Will anyone take my cuneus then?

- 29. KU-KU-a-ĝu10-ne **gal4-la**-ĝu10 na?-aĝ2-gi4-in-e ma-an-ga
- 30. [gal4]-la?-ĝu10 lu2? ba-an-tuku

1-3. If a boatman demands an inspection, or if the hand touches a woman's cuneus over her clothes - it is an abomination to Suen.

- 1. /lu2\ ĝišma2 /lu2?\ X (X) /niĝ2\ kab2?-a di-/da\
- 2. [gal4]-la tug2 {clothes}-ga šu tag-ga
- 3. /niĝ2\-gig dsuen-na-kam

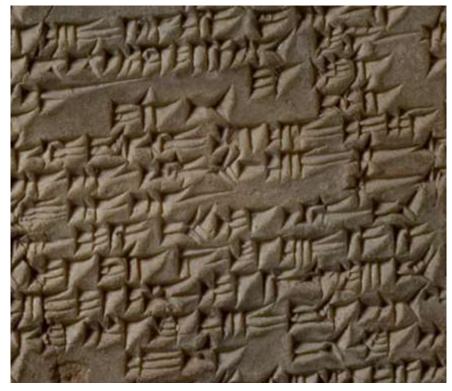
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- 42. An unfaithful phallus matches (?) an unfaithful cuneus.
- 42. ĝiš₃ {/ĝeš₃ = phallus} lul-la **gal₄-la** lul-la-ke₄ ba-ni-in-sig₁₀

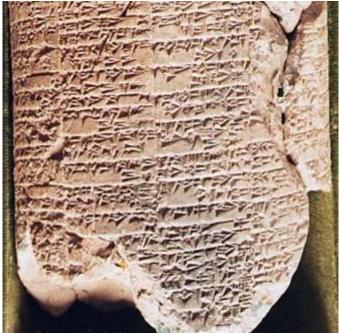
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- 43-44. Marrying is human. Having children is divine.
- 43. dam {spouse} tuku-tuku lu2-ulu3 {human} -/ka? $\$
- 44. dumu {children} tuku-tuku diĝir {divine}-ra-/ka?\

Tablet Examples

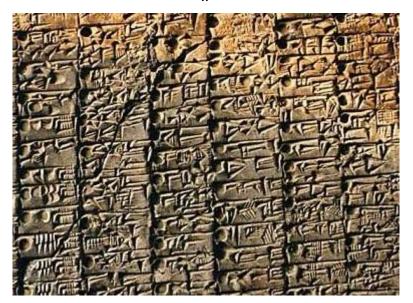


Gilgamesh Flood Tablet (CDLI) Ur-Nammu [7954-7971CT] founded the Sumerian 3rd dynasty of Ur, in southern Mesopotamia, following several centuries of Akkadian and Gutian rule... chiefly remembered today for his legal code, The Code of Ur-Nammu, the oldest known law code surviving today. It is written on tablets, in the Sumerian language [c.7900CT]....[Wik]



Ur-Nammu Law Code oldest laws known Sumer 7900CT (300 years before Hammurabi code)

http://www.schoyencollection.com/music.html (MS 2064)



Earliest record musical instruments 23 types listed Sumer 7400CT http://www.schoyencollection.com/music.html (MS 2340)

Considering the extent to which Sumerians invent musical instruments and writing about music,

makes you wonder when you look at cuneiform like 4 (12156 kuš₇ civil servant) about the true origins of the music staff and notes layout 4 [and the bullet point!]

Letter to a sister complaining about her stinginess (Lutz 1917 no 15)

[Cuneiform Texts and the Writing of History - Marc Van De Mieroop - more] Scribe



26 January 12013CT

To All Australian / International Schools / Universities

WANTED: Home School / University

Dear Principal / Chancellor

What a package. By becoming the home school / university you instantly gain international prestige with the ultimate and world first *Faculty of True Origins* cutting across cultural barriers attracting students from all over the planet. It would kickstart with courses based around these heavyweights, all from the same authorship, being bundled into the deal is:

Sumerian Cuneiform English Dictionary (MUGSAR) – Ongoing maintenance and development of the niftiest in the university world. Who or what can beat it, the first written language, indeed the very first professors and students. Clearly shows up Oxford University Faculty of Oriental Studies (ETCSL) and others.

Civilization Time – An unequivocal sign that your university does not support discrimination and is open to students from all cultures. Adoption and promotion of the legitimate, non-religio year dating system.

 Billjim (/Anzac) Centenary 2014 – 2018 – A fair dinkum demonstrable affinity. Billjim Centenary Theme Song and Exploits of the Billjim production. Less emphasis on war and fought who and more on the cross-cultural music and the Waler (horse bred in NSWales). Music and video production is cool for any student. Local parents want to see that you are doing something special. Overseas parents can relate to the apotheosis of mateship and the special horse component.

The Hyphen, The Mask & The Daughter – Susan de Vere, Shakespeare's daughter, producer of the First Folio, the 400th anniversary in 2023 beckons.

In return, simply want to work with the school / university, in Australia or wherever, to set up the courses and for Tara (b. 2002) to follow.

Sincerely

Peter & Tara Hogan PO Box 1 Potts Point NSW 1335

THE D.A.P. SCORE - The Impostor Exposor Calculator

D x A x P = score

We have all these famous people. But how can we be sure they deserve the credit. "History is full of dead white males". Often privileged with lots of family money and connections, one's father was even 'god'. The ones that weren't so privileged were supposed to be natural geniuses – but a closer look shows that there is very little concrete historical evidence to support what they have supposed to have done – myth becomes fact, history rewritten. There really is no need to separate a Library into *Fiction* and *Non-Fiction* – it's all *Fiction*. All this spinmeistering is to suit some group's purpose, and usually becomes an established powerful money making industry, including *Will Extortion* of the gullible elderly, the "*Tickets to Heaven*" con job – leaving future generations dispossessed and invariably lined up at Centrelink.

The "D.A.P. Score" is a formula for ranking people – an imposter exposer calculator, if you like. It is designed to weed out famous, influential people who have had a lot of help, to say the least. Each of the 3 variables has a maximum score of 10. So the total maximum score is 1000.

You can calculate the DAP score for anybody, yourself or some famous figure.

"**D**" = Degree of DIFFICULTY – in getting started / growing up, e.g. born into a 3rd world or advanced nation, poor or affluent family, well-grounded/stable or dysfunctional upbringing – alcoholic or caring parents, etc. So a very difficult start would score near 10, a very easy start, lots of assistance from family, connections, stable advanced economy would score near 0.

Remember that if "D" is low or zero, there's not much point in continuing further and analyzing the next variables "A" and "P" – because even if they are maximums you still end up with zilch: $0 \ge 10 \ge 10$

"A" = Degree of ACHIEVEMENT based on "D" (the degree of difficulty in getting started).

"**P**" = Degree of POTENTIAL, essentially for 'immortality'.

Thus, in summary, $DAP = D \times A \times P$

The maximum is $10 \ge 10 \ge 1000$

Let's now look at some examples:

* William Shakspere

William Shakspere (seems to have been spelt lots of different ways – we only have 6 dubious signatures - no letters or manuscripts, because he was likely illiterate) - held out to be *William Shakespeare*, the playwright, by the multi-billion dollar Stratford industry. *Degree of Difficulty* pretty average, didn't achieve anything above the ordinary, but has a strong potential for immortality. Yep, the *Establishment* has credited him with the achievements of *Edward de Vere*. Just shows you if they can get away with re-writing history in this case, what else do they teach our children that has no sound foundation in a little thing called 'reality'.

William Shakspere's – most likely pronounced 'shack' or 'shax' - de Vere used the name *William Shake-speare* (it was often hyphenated as an extra clue for the *coneys*) because of the similarity to the *Pallas*

Athena goddess of Wisdom motif of *shaking the spear* at ignorance) and it neatly coincided as part of his coat of arms as *Lord Bolbec* :

Guillem Shaxper's DAP score = $10 \ge 0 \ge 10 \ge 0$ (0% of a maximum 1000)

* T.E. Lawrence

Probably blame Lowell Thomas (the American journalist commissioned by the government to get the wary public interested in sending their sons to the slaughter, he started out in the Western front stalemate, then had the bright idea to check out the Middle East campaign – and the first of several allied agents dressed in Arab costume that he saw ... well, he could just see how it could be marketed).

Somewhat 'Difficult' start – father runs off with maid, takes her name, which really means Lawrence is 'Chapman' – finding out he was actually a bastard seems to have effected him; didn't 'Achieve' what Hollywood said he did – that was the Australian Light Horse; but he certainly does have the 'Potential' for immortality, if there's an industry making money out of the '*Myth as historical Fact*' market.

Ned's (that's what his family called him) DAP score = $5 \times 0 \times 10 = 0$ (0% of a maximum 1000)

* Horus O'Nazareth

One remembers hearing the Spanish pronunciation of "J" for the first time, then it hit me like the Droeshout engraving, a dead give away. A lot of similarities to the way the Shakespeare Myth developed, no wonder they started getting nervous when it started shattering – so they had to fall back on the old faithful "*Angra Mainyu* (the original source of the evil one) put the fossils in the layers of sediment to fool the consumer". They clearly plagiarized a mix of Sumerian, Egyptian, Zoroastrian (confirmed by the *Dead Sea Scrolls* unearthing in '1956) and Buddhism mythologies. Despite all the detailed, yet spurious writings, written well after his time (generally, many would argue that, "no Paul – Roman CIA Agent to come up with a way to stop the violent freedom fighters, no Horus the 'turn the other cheek / it's cool being poor' Buddhist motif'), there is very little objective evidence of his existence, let alone deeds. In spite of comandeering Civilization's year counting system, e.g. 2013 AD, that is supposed to be based on his birth year, no-one knows his year of birth, nor the date – December 25, being a rip-off of the sun god's birthday, the festival of much older cultures, based on the northern hemisphere winter solstice. Yet the hierarchy and associated billion dollar industry hold out the 25th December to be the original factual historical birthday – "It's written down there somewhere, by someone who was there, heck we have all the other details, of course they jotted down the date too" – next time you chat to someone high up that gets chauffered around, ask them for a page reference.

So now the majority of the world's population is lumped with a calendar system based on a (tax exempt) religion - thereby not constitutionally keeping a 'Separation of (someone else's) church and State'. And there is strong archaeological evidence (only discovered within the last 160 years) that much of the *spiel* has been plagiarized from these much older cultures, especially Sumer (Iraq) and Egypt. Like *'The Gilgamesh Epic'* – the oldest story written on clay tablets – including the original flood story. And of course the Egyptian Horus myth. Actually since Alexandria, Egypt is the true home of the *Civilization's* Calendar (including the modern version developed by Sosigenes), and the recent epochal rebirth of Egypt, they should be put back in charge of the Calendar.

The *new* Egypt Democratice government should make it their first submission to the United Nations: for the first time, a true international calendar. A non sectarian one – simply *Civilization Time* - starting at the true beginning of Civilization at the end of the last ice age that allowed the first villages cum Cities, no longer relegating the great Egypt, Sumer (originally black-headed people probably from East Africa who hopped across the Arabian Gulf), Indus and China cultures to ancient sounding *BC* status, - to be used on all international records – 2013 *Anno Domini* (latin for *Year Domination*) years since 'what' (there's no historical record of anything happening in 1AD, whoever their *Guillem Shaksper* figurehead was based on had to be born

at least by 4BC) of the current *religio* Western dominated plagiarized calendar to, add the forgotten 10,000 years = 12013CT

Aren't we supposed to be teaching our children not to *Plagiarize* someone else's stuff?

In any event, moving onto the DAP analysis: The "D" score. It seems that he had perfect parents (something few of us have) and a 'close' connection to 'god' – a pretty useful connection. And it may even be argued, that his success / achievement was pre-destined – all setup, a forgone conclusion.

So even before getting to the "A" and "P" scores, the "D" score and therefore the overall DAP is looking pretty close to zero. Thus, a rough 'prima facie' guess would throw up:

Horus o '*N* DAP score = 0 x 10 x 10 = 0 (0% of a maximum 1000)

* Bill Gates

Has the strong potential to be the richest man that will ever live.

His "D" score: born into an advanced nation, affluent family line, and again, given the achievement bug by his grandmother.

A closer look at the development of Microsoft shows that it if not for, Paul Allen, Bill Gates would be still trying to graduate from Harvard. It was Allen that first identified the seed of the future Microsoft. And much of the later software, that fueled the exponential development was essentially plagiarized. So again we have a "D" score approaching 0.

Thus, a rough 'prima facie' guess would throw up:

Bill Gate's DAP score = $0 \times 10 \times 10 = 0$ (0% of a maximum 1000)

* Former President Bill Clinton

His "D" score: He was born into an advanced nation, didn't know his biological father, mother wasn't around much. But he was essentially raised by his grandmother, who had the time and inclination to give him lots of attention and instill a learning / achievement bug in his brain. His step father, whose name he would later take, was very influential in Arkansas. And many would say Hillary Rodham Clinton was, and is, a key driving force in his success.

So, in spite of his rise to the presidency, a major achievement, from seemingly humble beginnings, giving a high, even approaching a maximum "A" score, his "D" on close analysis is appears to be paradoxically low. And his "P" score, given the scandals, etc. is probably also very low.

Thus, a rough 'prima facie' guess would throw up:

Bill Clinton's DAP Score = $2 \times 10 \times 1 = 20$ (just 2% of a maximum 1000)

* Former President George II

Well, I think you can calculate that one.

* Albert Einstein

The "D" score: born into an advanced nation, reasonably affluent family, considerable useful influence came from his uncle, excellent academic environment / facilities, and a first wife that may well have played a greater

role than we will ever know. The "A" and "P" scores are pretty obvious.

Thus, a rough 'prima facie' guess would throw up:

Albert Einstein's DAP score = $7 \times 10 \times 10 = 700$ (70% of a maximum 1000)

* James Watson

James Watson along with Francis Crick and Maurice Wilkins shot to fame, including the '1962 Nobel Prize for their structure of DNA – the double helix, but they lifted the work of *Rosalind Franklin* (b. 25 July '1920).



She was the ultimate loser, dying of cancer at age 38 in '1958 (*talk about bad luck!*) never knowing just how much her colleagues ripped her off, because to them she was just a stupid female. The plagiarists basked in their sham glory past their 80s. Refer p563-8 *Science* – A *History*, John Gribbin, and the *"Rosalind Franklin – The Dark Lady of DNA"*, Brenda Maddox)

James Watson's DAP score = $0 \ge 0 \ge 10 = 0$ (0% of a maximum 1000)

* * *

To finish on a positive note:

* Charles 'Hank' Bukowski

Bukowski had a shitty start, but stumbled on to John Martin, who himself commands a high DAP score. In a sense the two men are inextricably coupled for eternity.

Bukowski's DAP score = $10 \times 10 \times 10 = 1000 (100\% \text{ of a maximum } 1000)$

* "Billjim"

This one is still being played out.

Billjim DAP score = 10 x 10 x ? = [remains to be seen - are plebs becoming empowered enough with the Internet?]

* * *

Feedback: From: Laurel Smith ladydoconthebayou@earthlink.net To: peter_hogan@hotmail.com [old email address] Subject: DAP Date: Fri, 05 May 2000 23:17:41 -0500 MIME-Version: 1.0 Received: from [207.217.121.50] by hotmail.com (3.2) with ESMTP id MHotMailBADCE7830026D82197D0CFD979329D400; Fri May 05 21:16:04 2000 Received: from earthlink.net (1Cust227.tnt5.houma.la.da.uu.net [63.14.152.227]) by avocet.prod.itd.earthlink.net (8.9.3/8.9.3) with ESMTP id VAA14700for; Fri, 5 May 2000 21:16:01 -0700 (PDT) From: ladydoconthebayou@earthlink.net Fri May 05 21:16:23 2000 Message-ID: <39139CE5.C229E9C@earthlink.net> X-Mailer: Mozilla 4.05 [en]C-NECCK (Win95; U)

I appreciate the concept. Very eloquently organized.

* * *

"The D.A.P. Score" was first developed by Peter Hogan in Shinsaibashi Japan '1993

Co-Editors

[This section for those who make substantial additions / improvements to the MUGSAR. Also add your name (and university) as a coeditor on the cover and title page.]

[Your details here]

MUGSAR Course Modules

Key focus areas:

- 1. How Sumerian Scribes were thinking by doing MUGSAR 4-Ways
- 2. Conjure missing concepts in cuneiform, i.e. create new compounds esp for intellectual 'big words' and new technology terms.

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MUGSAR 4-Way | Sumerians – Kings of the Earthlings | Sumerians called themselves "black-headed people" | There in the tablets, "black people" are the "city-dwellers" and" rulers of Sumer" | First Professors are Black! | Oldest written love stories | Inana and the Seven Cosmic Powers of her Loincloth | Inana loves Dumuzi | Gudea Cylinders | Very Common Signs

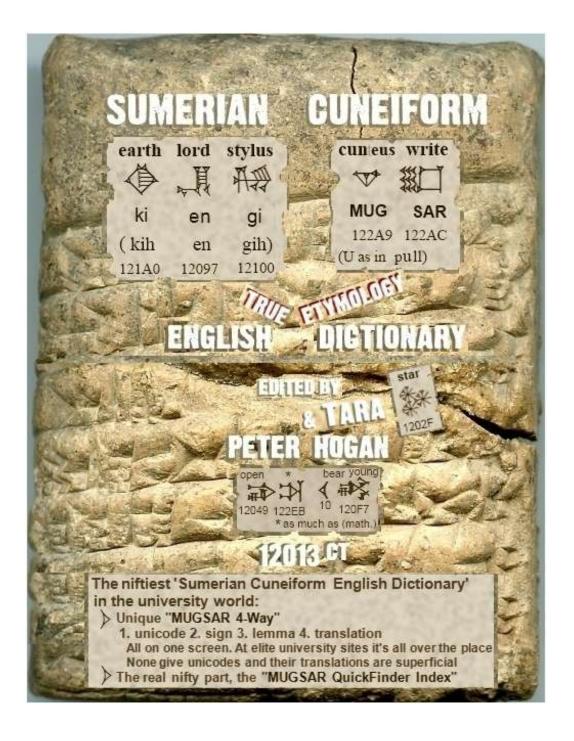
REFERENCE & LINKS | Civilization Time | Unicode Sign closeup | PSD | Sumer Periods | ETCSL | List of determinatives | CDP – closeups of actual signs on tablets | Basics / Grammar | Proto Cuneiform Signs (cdli) | LAK (proto list)

TRUE ETYMOLOGY | Proto Language Monosyllables PLM

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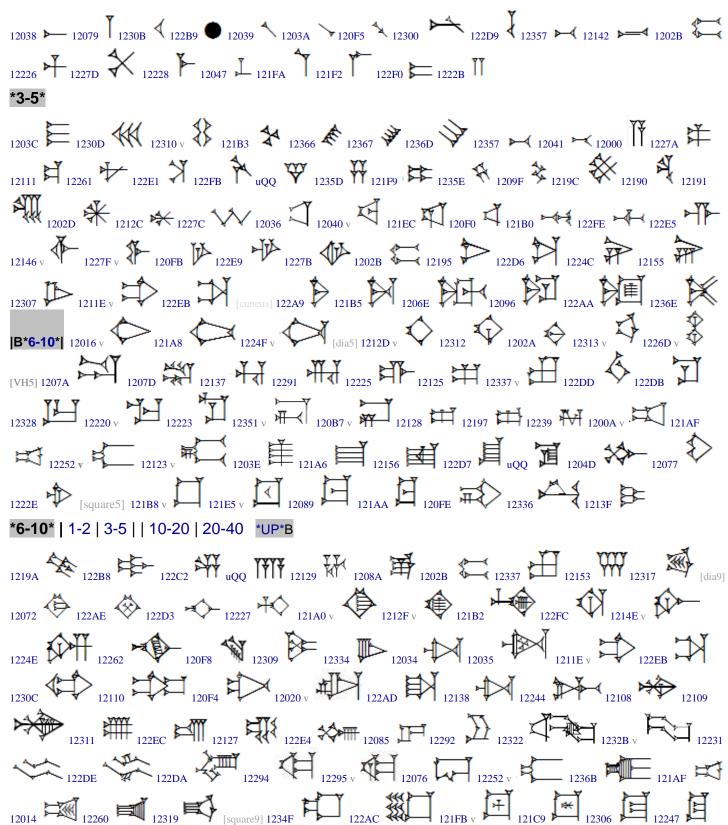
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Cover Full Size...

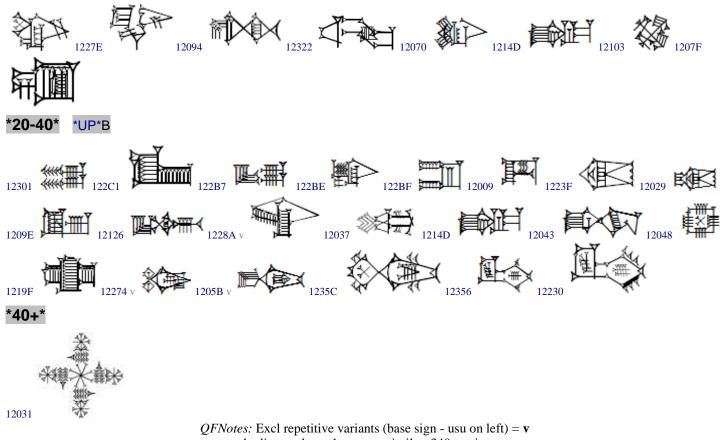


MUGSAR QuickFinder

1-2 | 3-5 B | 6-10 B | 10-20 B | 20+ | QF Notes | toc | vvv



|B*1-2*| 12073 ■ 12122 ■ 12096 ■ 1206E ■ 1206E ■ 1206E ■ 1206E ■ 12073 ■ 12073 ■ 12073 ■ 12073 ■ 12073 ■ 12073 ₩ 1203F ₩ 122FA ₩ 12263 v ₩ 1221B ₩ 12293 ₩ 12203 ₩ 12203 ₩ 12216 ₩ 12054 ₩ 12054 1207D 12049 12049 120FC 120B5 120FD - 12224 - 121FD v - 12217 v - 120A1 v + 1248 v - 12248 v - 1226D v - 1226D v - 12056 v - 1208D v Im 1218D Im 121A6 I 122D7 ↓ 12229 H 12369 K 120F7 ↓ 121A1 ↓ 121A4 ↓ 121A4 ↓ 121A5 ***10-20*** | 1-2 | 3-5 | 6-10 | | 20-40 *UP*B 12042 M 122BA V 122E7 A 120EE & 12083 M 12363 M 121AD M 121AB 121F8 A 12154 A 121F7 12240 12240 12202 12084 **B*1-2*** 1221C **C** 1210A **C** 12308 **C** 12035 **D** 120F6 **C** 120C6 **v C** 1206F 12071 122E0 III 12360 III 122F3 IV 120F5 IV 1235 IV 12046 IV 1202C III 120EE & 12083 HE 12260 HE 12168 HE 12168 HE 12198 HE 12032 HE 12032 HE 12107 HE 12107 HE 122AA



duplicate where shapes are similar; 340 entries

[Hint: the QF is deliberately packed in to fit more signs into one glance on your tablet, so to PgUp/Dn touch near signs to avoid an unintended unicode link (hence the halfway Bs)]

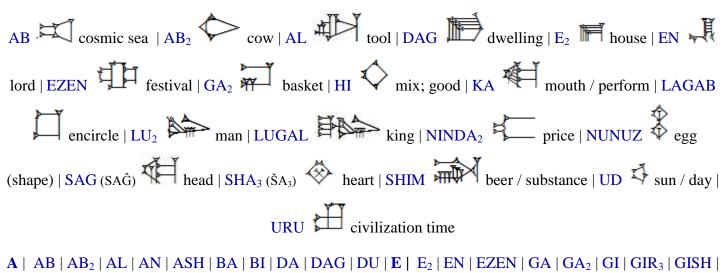
square5 | square9 | diamond5 | dia9 | VH5 | gate | spindle

1-2 | 3-5 B | 6-10 B | 10-20 B | 20-40



4-Way | Very Common Signs | Major Lemma | TOC2

MAJOR LEMMA mmm



 $GU_2 \mid HA \mid HI \mid HUB_2 \mid I \mid IG \mid IM \mid KA \mid KAD \mid KI \mid KU \mid LA \mid LAGAB \mid LAL \mid LU_2 \mid LUGAL \mid MA \mid MUSH \mid NA \mid NINDA_2 \mid NUN \mid NUNUZ \mid PA \mid PI \mid PIRIG \mid RA \mid SA \mid SAG \mid SHA_3 \mid SHE \mid SHIM \mid TA \mid TAG \mid U \mid UD \mid UM \mid UR_2 \mid URU \mid USH \mid ZA \mid ZUM$

1-2 | 3-5 | 6-10 | 10-20 | 20+